## Oxford Climate Policy Monitor 2024 Survey

**Jurisdiction** Indonesia

**Law firm** Nusantara Legal Partnership

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## Policy Tool Name: Law No. 16 of 2016 on the Ratification of the Paris Agreement to the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change

3. Source material link(s): https://web.archive.org/web/20240625091736/https://peraturan.bpk.go.id/Download/26666/UU%20 Nomor%2016%20Tahun%202016.pdf
4. Which of the following governance domains does this policy tool relate to? Select all that apply.
□ Climate-related disclosure
☑ Transition planning
□ Public procurement
6. Select the category which best describes the author/issuer of the policy tool.
☑ Head of state and/or government
□ Independent regulatory or supervisory body
□ Legislature
☐ Ministry/Department/Agency
□ Other (Please describe)
7. Status of the policy tool
Approved, in force
o Approved, not yet in force
o Other (Please describe)
9. Year of (planned) entry into force or year of publication

<u>2016</u>

10. Does the policy tool have an end date?
No
∘ Yes
12. Briefly describe the policy tool's goal and/or purpose:
For example: The policy tool requires publicly listed companies to comply with the recommendations of the Task Force for Climate Related Financial Disclosure or to explain the absence of such disclosures.
This regulation demonstrates the Indonesian Government's commitment to contribute to limiting greenhouse gas ("GHG") emissions as part of an international incentive forming cross-nation commitments to combat global warming. For the initial stage, Indonesia's target of Nationally Determined Contribution (NDC) to reduce GHG emissions by 29% under a business-as-usual scenario by 2030 which may be increased to 41% with international cooperation. This target will be
achieved through the performances of various sectors such as forestry, energy, transportation, waste sector, Industrial Processes and Product Uses (IPPU), and agriculture.
sector, maustriar i rocesses and i roddet oses (ii i o), and agriculture.
13. Name the authority(ies) responsible for overseeing implementation and/or enforcement. If not applicable, leave blank.
∘ 2.
○ 3.
o <b>4</b> .
o 5.
15. To provide contextual information, rate the capacity of The Government of the Republic of Indonesia to undertake the policy tool's implementation and/or enforcement.

o 0- No Capacity (Please explain)

- o 1- Low Capacity (Please explain)
- o 2- Medium Capacity (Please explain)
- 3- High Capacity (Please explain) <u>Law 16/2016 was enacted as a ratification of the Paris</u>

  Agreement which provides legal basis to the various specific regulations on the implementation of <u>Indonesia' commitment to combat climate change.</u>

<u>Upon the ratification of the Paris Agreement, various government agencies has issued implementing regulations to achieve the NDC's target in limiting GHG.</u>

Prefer not to answer	
Not Applicable	

25. Which entities are targeted through this policy tool? Select all that apply.

Note: With regard to sectoral actors, in cases where mandatory and voluntary obligations are mixed (e.g., mandatory for one sector, voluntary for another), select "mandatory" as there will be further opportunity to clarify.

	Mandatory	Voluntary	Not targeted
1. Publicly-traded	V		
entities			
2. Private companies	<b>7</b>		
3. Financial institutions			<b>2</b>
4. Small and medium-	☑		
sized enterprises			
5. State-owned	<b>3</b>		
companies			
6. Not-for-profit	☑		
organizations			
7. Government	☑		
agencies and/or			
departments			
(supranational)			
8. Government	☑		
agencies and/or			
departments (national)			
9. Government	☑		
agencies and/or			
departments (regional			
- e.g., state, province,			
region, metropolitan			
region)			
10. Government	$\square$		
agencies and/or			

departments (local - e.g., county, district, municipality, city)		
11. Government agencies and/or departments (unspecified)	oxdot	
12. Sectoral actors (e.g., healthcare, defense, utilities, education)		
13. Other		

\_\_\_\_\_

26. In cases where entities are targeted by sector, identify the sector to which the policy tool applies.

	Mandatory	Voluntary	Not applicable
All sectors	<b>V</b>		
Agriculture, forestry, and fishing	V		
Mining and quarrying	☑		
Manufacturing	V		
Electricity, gas, steam, and air conditioning supply	Z.		
Water supply; sewerage; waste management and remediation activities	☑		
Construction			<b>V</b>
Wholesale and retail trade: repair of motor vehicles and motorcycles			☑
Transportation and storage	☑ □		
Accommodation and food service activities			✓
Information and communication			V
Financial and insurance activities			V
Real estate activities			<b>V</b>
Professional, scientific and technical activities			Ø
Administrative and support service activities			abla
Public administration and defense; compulsory social security			
Education			<b>V</b>
Human health and social work activities			V
Arts, entertainment and recreation			Ø
Other service activities			<b>☑</b>
Activities of households as employers; undifferentiated goods-and services-			☑
producing activities of			

households for own			
use Activities of			<b>✓</b>
extraterritorial			
organizations and			
bodies			
27. Describe the threshold	d criteria to identify entitie	es for whom or instances i	n which compliance is
mandatory.			
	•	er of full-time employees -	FTEs)
Minimum revenue (Enter	'		_
Minimum assets (Enter n	nınımum assets) (Enter minimum contract	value)	
Entity is headquartered in	•	value	
Entities are subjected to	disclosure or reporting re	quirements	
28. Can entities for whom comply or explain)?	compliance with the poli	cy tool is mandatory opt c	out of the obligation (e.g.
No			
∘ Yes			
30. Does the policy tool exentities' operations beyon		s' domestic operations, or	does it also apply to
<ul><li>Operations within juriso</li></ul>	diction only		
o Operations beyond the	jurisdiction		
<ul> <li>Not applicable</li> </ul>			
32. What are the sanction	ns for non-compliance? So	elect all that apply and de	scribe in the text field.
☐ Monetary fine	,	117	
☐ Restriction on business	activities		
L Nestriction on business	uctivities		
□ Voiding or setting aside of contract			

☐ Exclusion from government contracts
☐ Award of damages or compensation
☐ Penalty for senior managers
☐ Criminal penalties
☑ Not specified
□ Not applicable (e.g. in cases of voluntary tools)
□ Other
33. Relative to other compliance activities required of entities in this jurisdiction, is the cost of compliance:
o Below average
∘ Average
o Above average
Not applicable
o Unknown or prefer not to answer
35. To provide contextual information, give a general assessment of the extent to which regulated entities have made compliance a priority.
o Below average
Average
Above average
o Not applicable
o Unknown or prefer not to answer

36. Provide supplemental explanation of your priority assessment. If referencing new sources (i.e. not referenced in Question 3), provide a web-archived link to the source material.

27 Have the alignests are siffernous disinguishing in this instrument are such as a second 2
37. Have the climate-specific provisions in this instrument ever been enforced?
o No (If relevant, explain)
● Yes
38. Briefly note one to two exemplary cases of enforcement. If referencing new sources (i.e. not referenced in Question 3), provide a web-archived link to the source material.
39. Are there monitoring systems in place to oversee the implementation and/or enforcement of the policy tool?
○ No
Yes
40. Describe the monitoring systems in place. Please reference the relevant
section/subsection/paragraph of the policy tool where monitoring systems are set.
There are several monitoring system implemented as part of the ratification of Paris Agreement by the Indonesian government. These are further implemented in the specific sectoral implementing regulations.
41. Does the policy tool recommend or require periodic impact assessments?
No
o Recommended
∘ Required

43. Does the policy tool recommend or require periodic reviews?
No     No
o Recommended
o Required
45. Does the policy tool include mechanisms for enhancing policy or regulatory coordination with subnational governments (e.g. vertical coordination mechanisms such as appointing coordinating agencies, forming working groups, etc.)?
No     No
o Yes
47. Are there any government initiatives to enhance the capacity of targeted entities to implement or comply with the policy tool (e.g. industry working groups, outreach campaigns, education and training, etc.)?
No
o Yes

Domain-Specific Questions: Transition Planning Questions
Disclosure of Plans and Targets
132. Are targeted entities recommended or required to publicly disclose climate-related targets or transition plans?
No     No
∘ Recommended
∘ Required
Targets
135. Does the policy tool recommend or require targeted entities to have or develop climate-related targets?
No     No
∘ Recommended
o Required
Transition Plans
164. Does the policy tool recommend or require targeted entities to have or develop a transition plan?
No
o Recommended
○ Required

Monitoring	g, Oversight, and Imp	lementation		

176. Does the policy tool recommend or require entities undertake any of the following with regard to
monitoring, oversight, and implementation? Select all that apply.

	1		
	Recommended	Required	No
Monitor progress in			☑
implementing their			
transition plan			
Develop financial			☑
plans for the			
implementation of			
their transition plan			
Integrate climate-			☑
related matters into			
their financial			
accounting			
Incorporate climate			☑
change considerations			
into their investment			
decision making			
and/or asset planning			
Incorporate climate			
change considerations			
into their capital			
allocation and/or			
expenditure plans	_		
Any other mechanisms			$\square$
for enhancing the			
achievement of			
targets and/or the			
implementation of			
transition plans			
· · ·	recommend or require tar	geted entities align any of ir targets and/or transition	
	Recommended	Required	No
Value chain			V
engagement			
Investor engagement			V
Consumer			<b>☑</b>
engagement			
Policy engagement			☑
and lobbying practices			

Corporate governance structure for transition and verification			
Climate-related financial incentives for employees and board members			☑
	·	geted entities to disclose ets and/or implement their	
No			
o Recommended			
o Required			
Standards, Frameworks	, and Guidelines		
194. Does the policy tool frameworks, or guideline	-	e reference to any of the fo	ollowing standards,
	-	e reference to any of the fo	ollowing standards,  Neither required nor referenced
	s? Select all that apply.		Neither required nor
frameworks, or guideline	s? Select all that apply.	Referenced	Neither required nor referenced
IFRS S1 IFRS S2 Task Force on Climate-related Financial Disclosures	Required	Referenced	Neither required nor referenced ☑
IFRS S1 IFRS S2 Task Force on Climate-related	Required	Referenced	Neither required nor referenced ☑
IFRS S1 IFRS S2 Task Force on Climate-related Financial Disclosures (TCFD) CDP (formerly known as Climate Disclosure Project) Technical Note: Reporting on Climate Transition	Required  □ □ □	Referenced	Neither required nor referenced

Sustainability	⊔	⊔	☑
Accounting Standards			
Board (SASB)			
Science Based Targets			<b>☑</b>
initiative (SBTi)			
Science Based Targets			<b>7</b>
initiative (SBTi) Net			
Zero Standard			
European			<b>☑</b>
Sustainability			
Reporting Standards			
(ESRS)			
Other			<b>2</b>
Additional Important Info	ormation		
	- · · · · <del>- · ·</del>		

197. Note any additional important information about the contribution of the policy tool to net zero alignment not captured in the above questions. If referencing new sources (i.e. not referenced in Question 3), provide a web-archived link to the source material.

Since Law 16/2016 only stipulates the ratification of the Paris Agreement, no other information apart from the restatement of the content of Paris Agreement is provided in this law.

Policy Tool Name: Presidential Regulation No. 98 of 2021 on the Implementation of Carbon Economic Value for Target Achievement on Nationally Determined Contribution ("NDC") and The Control of GHG Emission in National Development

Zimosion in rediction bevelopment
3. Source material link(s): https://web.archive.org/web/20240814113056/https://peraturan.bpk.go.id/Download/180699/Perpre %20Nomor%2098%20Tahun%202021.pdf
4. Which of the following governance domains does this policy tool relate to? Select all that apply.
☑ Climate-related disclosure
☑ Transition planning
☐ Public procurement
5. If relevant, briefly explain how the policy tool applies or is linked to multiple domains.
Presidential Regulation No. 98 of 2021 ("PR 98/2021") provides the nationally applicable framework to determine NDC based on the Paris Agreement. PR 98/2021 provides the legal basis in the implementation of reduction of GHG emissions, including a planned national framework to mitigate and adapt climate change. The scope of PR 98/2021 includes the required efforts to achieve NDC, the framework of implementation, as well as the monitoring, evaluation, management and funding of the required efforts.
Therefore, this policy tool covers the governance domain of transition planning as well as acting as guidance to climate-related disclosure.
6. Select the category which best describes the author/issuer of the policy tool.
☑ Head of state and/or government
□ Independent regulatory or supervisory body
□ Legislature
□ Judiciary
☐ Ministry/Department/Agency
□ Other (Please describe)

7. Status of the policy tool
Approved, in force
o Approved, not yet in force
o Other (Please describe)
9. Year of (planned) entry into force or year of publication
2021
10. Does the policy tool have an end date?
No     No
o Yes
12. Briefly describe the policy tool's goal and/or purpose:
For example: The policy tool requires publicly listed companies to comply with the recommendations of the Task Force for Climate Related Financial Disclosure or to explain the absence of such disclosures.
As the implementing regulation of Law 16/2016 or Paris Agreement, PR 98/2021 aims to control climate change and reduce GHG through carbon pricing and the implementation of carbon economic value. PR 98/2021 establishes procedures and requirements for carbon pricing and helps the government in making carbon claims towards achieving the NDC.
13. Name the authority(ies) responsible for overseeing implementation and/or enforcement. If not applicable, leave blank.

• 2. <u>Central government</u>

⊕ 3. <u>All government agencies</u>
• 4. All local government offices at provincial, cities, and regency levels
o 5.
15. To provide contextual information, rate the capacity of All Ministerial level offices of the Republic of Indonesia to undertake the policy tool's implementation and/or enforcement.
o 0- No Capacity (Please explain)
o 1- Low Capacity (Please explain)
o 2- Medium Capacity (Please explain)
• 3- High Capacity (Please explain) <u>According to Article 70, 75, and 76 of the Law, the Ministry is authorized to invoke administrative sanctions, such as written warnings, duress, and freezing or revocation for certificates used by business actors for the trade and sales of carbon.</u>
o Prefer not to answer
o Not Applicable
16. To provide contextual information, rate the capacity of Central government to undertake the policy tool's implementation and/or enforcement.
o O- No Capacity (Please explain)
• 1- Low Capacity (Please explain) <u>According to Article 84 of this Law, for the purposes of giving guidance and action on the monitoring of NEK instruments to achieve NDC targets</u>
o 2- Medium Capacity (Please explain)
o 3- High Capacity (Please explain)
o Prefer not to answer
o Not Applicable
17. To provide contextual information, rate the capacity of All government agencies to undertake the policy tool's implementation and/or enforcement.

o 0- No Capacity (Please explain)

● 1- Low Capacity (Please explain) <u>Based on Article 78 (3) of PR 98/2021, all government agencies</u> are required to conduct monitoring and evaluation on the achievement to reduce GHC for NDC.
o 2- Medium Capacity (Please explain)
o 3- High Capacity (Please explain)
o Prefer not to answer
o Not Applicable
18. To provide contextual information, rate the capacity of All local government offices at provincial, cities, and regency levels to undertake the policy tool's implementation and/or enforcement.
o O- No Capacity (Please explain)
● 1- Low Capacity (Please explain) <u>Based on Article 78 (3) of PR 98/2021, all regional government offices are required to conduct monitoring and evaluation on the achievement to reduce GHC for NDC, within its local authority.</u>
o 2- Medium Capacity (Please explain)
o 3- High Capacity (Please explain)
o Prefer not to answer
o Not Applicable

25. Which entities are targeted through this policy tool? Select all that apply.

Note: With regard to sectoral actors, in cases where mandatory and voluntary obligations are mixed (e.g., mandatory for one sector, voluntary for another), select "mandatory" as there will be further opportunity to clarify.

	Mandatory	Voluntary	Not targeted
1. Publicly-traded	V		
entities			
2. Private companies	<b>V</b>		
3. Financial institutions			☑
4. Small and medium-		<b></b> ✓	
sized enterprises			
5. State-owned	<b>V</b>		
companies			
6. Not-for-profit			☑
organizations			
7. Government			☑
agencies and/or			
departments			
(supranational)			
8. Government	☑		
agencies and/or			
departments (national)			
9. Government	☑		
agencies and/or			
departments (regional			
- e.g., state, province,			
region, metropolitan			
region)			
10. Government			
agencies and/or			
departments (local -			
e.g., county, district,			
municipality, city)			
11. Government			
agencies and/or			
departments			
(unspecified)			
12. Sectoral actors			
(e.g., healthcare,			
defense, utilities,			
education)			
13. Other			

27. Describe the threshold criteria to identify entities for whom or instances in which compliance is mandatory. Minimum number of employees (Enter min number of full-time employees - FTEs) Minimum revenue (Enter minimum revenue) Minimum assets (Enter minimum assets) Minimum contract value (Enter minimum contract value) Entity is headquartered in the jurisdiction Entities are subjected to disclosure or reporting requirements 28. Can entities for whom compliance with the policy tool is mandatory opt out of the obligation (e.g. comply or explain)? No o Yes 30. Does the policy tool exclusively apply to entities' domestic operations, or does it also apply to entities' operations beyond the jurisdiction? Operations within jurisdiction only o Operations beyond the jurisdiction Not applicable 32. What are the sanctions for non-compliance? Select all that apply and describe in the text field. ☐ Monetary fine ☐ Restriction on business activities ☐ Voiding or setting aside of contract ☐ Exclusion from government contracts ☐ Award of damages or compensation ☐ Penalty for senior managers ☐ Criminal penalties

☐ Not specified

□ Not applicable (e.g. in cases of voluntary tools)
☑ Other_ <u>Administrative Sanctions</u>
33. Relative to other compliance activities required of entities in this jurisdiction, is the cost of compliance:
o Below average
Average
Above average
o Not applicable
o Unknown or prefer not to answer
35. To provide contextual information, give a general assessment of the extent to which regulated entities have made compliance a priority.
o Below average
Average
o Above average
o Not applicable
o Unknown or prefer not to answer
36. Provide supplemental explanation of your priority assessment. If referencing new sources (i.e. not referenced in Question 3), provide a web-archived link to the source material.
37. Have the climate-specific provisions in this instrument ever been enforced?
o No (If relevant, explain)
Yes

38. Briefly note one to two exemplary cases of enforcement. If referencing new sources (i.e. not referenced in Question 3), provide a web-archived link to the source material.
39. Are there monitoring systems in place to oversee the implementation and/or enforcement of the policy tool?
∘ No
Yes
40. Describe the monitoring systems in place. Please reference the relevant section/subsection/paragraph of the policy tool where monitoring systems are set.
Monitoring system, coordination with subnational governments, government initiatives to educate
targeted entities
41. Does the policy tool recommend or require periodic impact assessments?
41. Does the policy tool recommend or require periodic impact assessments?    No
No     No
<ul><li>No</li><li>Recommended</li></ul>
<ul><li>No</li><li>Recommended</li></ul>
<ul><li>No</li><li>Recommended</li></ul>
<ul><li>No</li><li>Recommended</li><li>Required</li></ul>
<ul> <li>No</li> <li>Recommended</li> <li>Required</li> <li>43. Does the policy tool recommend or require periodic reviews?</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>No</li> <li>Recommended</li> <li>Required</li> <li>43. Does the policy tool recommend or require periodic reviews?</li> <li>No</li> </ul>

• •	(e.g. vertical coordination	hancing policy or regulato n mechanisms such as app	•
∘ No			
Yes			
Reference the relevant se	= =	tory coordination with sub ph of the policy tool where t.	=
		ne authority to coordinate on ("MRV") in the impleme	
47. Are there any government initiatives to enhance the capacity of targeted entities to implement or comply with the policy tool (e.g. industry working groups, outreach campaigns, education and training, etc.)?			
No			
∘ Yes			
Domain-Specific Question	ns: Disclosure Questions		
What is being disclosed?	?		
52. Are targeted entities r information? Select all the	•	to disclose any of the follo	owing climate-related
		Di4	No:ther recommended
	Recommended	Required	Neither recommended nor required
1. Greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions	☑		

2. GHG emissions offsets or removals	lacksquare		
3. GHG emissions	<b>✓</b>		
reduction targets			
4. Other climate- related targets			<b>V</b>
5. Physical climate risk			<b>✓</b>
6. Transition risk	<b>I</b>		
7. Transition plan	<b>I</b>		
Disclosure of Greenhous	e Gas (GHG) Emissions		
54. Which GHG emissions	s must be disclosed? Sele	ct all that apply.	
☑ Carbon dioxide (CO2)			
☑ Methane (CH4)			
☑ Nitrous oxide (N₂O)			
☐ Hydrofluorocarbons (H	FCs)		
☐ Perfluorocarbons (PFC	s)		
☐ Sulphur hexafluoride (S	SF6)		
☐ Nitrogen trifluoride (NF	(3)		
☑ Carbon dioxide equival	ent (CO2e)		
55. Are entities recommen	naea or requirea to aiscio	se gross emissions?	
∘ No			
<ul><li>Recommended</li></ul>			
o Required			
56. Are entities recommen	nded or required to disclo	se net emissions?	
∘ No			

○ Recommended
Required
57. What Scope of emissions must be disclosed? Select all that apply.
☐ Scope 1 emissions
☐ Scope 2 emissions
☐ Scope 3 emissions, relevant or material
□ Scope 3 emissions, a specified proportion of coverage (Please describe)
□ Scope 3 emissions, all
☑ Not specified
58. Are entities recommended or required to disclose GHG emissions accounting methodologies or standards?
GHG emissions
EQ. Describe religion to a recommend or require the CLIC inventors he third party verified?
59. Does the policy tool recommend or require the GHG inventory be third-party verified?
No  No
No     The state of th
<ul><li>No</li><li>Recommended</li></ul>
<ul><li>No</li><li>Recommended</li></ul>
<ul><li>No</li><li>Recommended</li></ul>
<ul> <li>No</li> <li>Recommended</li> <li>Required</li> <li>60. If necessary, provide additional clarification to the above responses about greenhouse gas (GHG)</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>No</li> <li>Recommended</li> <li>Required</li> <li>60. If necessary, provide additional clarification to the above responses about greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions disclosure.</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>No</li> <li>Recommended</li> <li>Required</li> <li>60. If necessary, provide additional clarification to the above responses about greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions disclosure.</li> <li>Disclosure of Greenhouse Gas (GHG) Offsets or Removals</li> </ul>

∘ No
• Recommended (Please describe and reference the relevant section/subsection/paragraph of the policy tool) The offsetting shall be conducted after the reporting obligation has been fulfilled by way of carbon trading or other mechanisms based on the prevailing laws and regulations.
o Required (Please describe and reference the relevant section/subsection/paragraph of the policy tool)
63. Does the policy tool recommend or require entities disclose whether offsets are verified?
∘ No
o Recommended (Please describe and reference the relevant section/subsection/paragraph of the policy tool)
• Required (Please describe and reference the relevant section/subsection/paragraph of the policy tool) Yes. Based on Article 60 the overall implementation of the offset shall be monitored transparently and verifiable through MRV, SRN PPI and the issuance of a GHG reduction certificate.
64. Does the policy tool recommend or require any certification standards for the use of GHG offsetting or removals?
∘ No
o Recommended (Please list the certification standards, describe their use, and reference the relevant section/subsection/paragraph of the policy tool)
• Required (Please describe and reference the relevant section/subsection/paragraph of the policy tool) The issuance of GHG reduction certificate is provided under Article 71 - 77 of PR 98/2021.
65. Does the policy tool include any other recommendations or requirements regarding the appropriate use of offsets?
No
o Recommended (Please describe and reference the relevant section/subsection/paragraph of the policy tool)
© Required (Please describe and reference the relevant section/subsection/paragraph of the policy

tool)

Disclosure of Greenhous	e Gas (GHG) Emissions	Reduction Targets	
67. Which of the followin disclose? Select any of th	= =	d to targets, does the policy	y tool request entities
	Recommended	Required	Neither recommended
An absolute emissions reduction target			nor required
An intensity-based emissions reduction target	Ø		
A net zero target	<b>V</b>		
Targets covering non- carbon GHG emissions	☑		
A Scope 3 emissions target			✓
A target derived using a sectoral decarbonization approach			
Interim targets			
A target timeframe (e.g. by 2040)		V	
A baseline year from which progress is measured			
A level of ambition for emissions reductions (e.g. 80% reduction)	V		
68. Does the policy tool re emissions reductions targ	·	tities to disclose their progr	ess in achieving their
∘ No			
o Recommended			
<ul><li>Required</li></ul>			

69. What is the recommended or required frequency of progress reports regarding the achievement of emissions reductions targets?
Yearly
o Every two years
o Every three years
o Every four years
o Every five years
o Every ten years or more
o Other
No prescribed frequency
71. Does the policy tool recommend or require a scope of emissions which should be covered by the intensity-based emissions reduction target? Select all that apply.
☐ Scope 1 emissions
☐ Scope 2 emissions
☐ Scope 3 emissions (relevant or material)
□ Scope 3 emissions (a specified proportion of coverage)
□ Scope 3 emissions (all)
☑ Not specified
72. Does the policy tool recommend or require a scope of emissions which should be covered by the net zero target? Select all that apply.
☐ Scope 1 emissions
☐ Scope 2 emissions
☐ Scope 3 emissions, relevant or material
□ Scope 3 emissions, a specified proportion of coverage (Please describe)

□ Scope 3 emissions, all
☑ Not specified
73. What is the recommended or required year for the net zero target (e.g. net zero by)?
<ul><li>Between 2030 and 2035</li></ul>
o Between 2036 and 2040
o Between 2041 and 2045
o Between 2046 and 2050
o Between 2051 and 2060
o Between 2061 and 2070
o Other
o Not specified
74. Which of the following non-carbon GHG emissions reductions targets are entities recommended or required to disclose? Select all that apply.
☑ Methane (CH₄)
☑ Nitrous oxide (N₂O)
☐ Hydrofluorocarbons (HFCs)
□ Perfluorocarbons (PFCs)
□ Sulphur hexafluoride (SF6)
□ Nitrogen trifluoride (NF3)
☑ Carbon dioxide equivalent (CO2e)
75. For which of the following sectors are entities recommended or required to disclose targets derived using a sectoral decarbonization approach? Select all that apply.
□ Power generation

☑ Industry
☐ Transport Services
□ Services/Commercial buildings
□ Other
□ None specified
76. Are targets derived using a sectoral decarbonization approach recommended or required to be validated by a third-party?
o No
○ Recommended
Required
79. What is the recommended or required timeframe for long-term targets (e.g. by 2050, 2060)?
Between 2030 and 2035
o Between 2036 and 2040
o Between 2041 and 2045
o Between 2046 and 2050
o Between 2051 and 2060
o Between 2061 and 2070
o Other
o None specified
82. What is the recommended or required level of ambition for GHG emissions reductions targets?
o Reduction between 1-25%
o Reduction between 51-75%
o Reduction between 75-85%
o Reduction between 85-100%

o Reduction of more than 100%
o Other
Disclosure of Transition Risk
92. What types of transition risk must be disclosed? Select all that apply
☑ Risks that societal transitions may pose to the disclosing entity
☐ Risks that the disclosing entity's transition may pose to society (double materiality)
93. What is the materiality standard for the disclosure of transition risk?
Self-assessed material risk
Externally-defined material risk
o Other (Describe)
94. Are entities recommended or required to disclose the results of climate-related risk stress tests that are related to transition risk?
No
∘ Recommended
∘ Required
95. Are transition risk assessments recommended or required to be third-party verified?
No     No
o Recommended
o Required

96. Are entities recommended or required to disclose their methodology for scenario analysis related to transition risk?
No     No
○ Recommended
o Required
Disclosure of Transition Plans
98. What is the recommended or required frequency of transition plan disclosures?
o Every two years
o Every three years
o Every four years
o Every five years
o Every ten years or more
o Other
o Not specified
99. Does the policy tool recommend or require audited accuracy and/or third-party verification of the transition plan?
No     No
o Recommended
o Required

100. Does the policy tool recommend or require entities to disclose progress in implementing transition plans?
○ No
○ Recommended
Required
101. What is the recommended or required frequency of disclosures related to transition plan implementation progress?
o Every two years
o Every three years
o Every four years
Every five years
Every ten years or more
o Other
No prescribed frequency
102. Does the policy tool recommend or require targeted entities to disclose their financial plans for implementing transition plans?
No     No
○ Recommended
○ Required
103. Does the policy tool recommend or require targeted entities to disclose their methodology for scenario analysis related to transition planning?
No
○ Recommended
o Required

								 	-																					
Ot	:he	er o	dis	clo	su	ıre	s																							

105. Are targeted entities recommended or required to disclose any other climate-related information? Select all that apply.

	Required	Recommended	Neither recommended nor required
1. Climate-related opportunities			☑
2. Remuneration based on achieving climate-related goals			V
3. Taxonomies			<b>V</b>
4. Capital allocation and/or expenditure plans (in the context of climate change)			
5. Due diligence			<b>V</b>
6. Assumptions and Dependencies			V
7. Data limitations of scenario analyses			V
8. Financial implications of climate-related matters (e.g., integration of climate-related disclosures into financial accounting standards)			
9. Stewardship (e.g., whether stewardship codes are in place, how entities vote in shareholder meetings, etc.)			☑
10. ESG methodologies and criteria (in the case of service providers)			☑
11. Asset planning or ownership in the context of climate change			
12. Sectoral investment policies			Ø
13. Climate-related lobbying and/or policy engagement			V
14. Locked-in emissions or information on			V

emissive assets with										
long lifespans										
15. Dirty asset			V							
divestiture										
16. Nature-related			☑							
impacts										
17. Just transition			☑							
indicators										
	113. Describe and reference the section/subsection/paragraph of the policy tool relevant to disclosures regarding the financial implications of climate-related matters.									
Article 58 of PR 98/2021 :	stipulates the applicability	of carbon tax, which will	be further stipulated by							
ministry of finance.										

	Required	Referenced	Neither required nor referenced
1. IFRS S1			V
2. IFRS S2			V
3. Task Force on Climate-related Financial Disclosures (TCFD)			
4. GHG Protocol Corporate Accounting and Reporting Standard			V
5. GHG Protocol Corporate Value Chain (Scope 3) Accounting and Reporting Standard			
6. CDP (formerly known as Climate Disclosure Project) reporting framework			✓
7. International Integrated Reporting Framework			
8. Global Reporting Initiative (GRI)			V
9. Sustainability Accounting Standards Board (SASB)			
10. European Sustainability Reporting Standards (ESRS)			
11. Taskforce on Nature-related Financial Disclosures (TNFD)			Ø
12. Partnership for Carbon Accounting			V

Standards, Frameworks, and Guidelines

13. Glasgow Financial Alliance for Net Zero			☑.
(GFANZ)			
14. Other	<b>V</b>		
•		elines integrated into or re	
		on shall be implemented be	
Domain-Specific Questio	ns: Transition Planning Q	uestions	
Disclosure of Plans and	Targets		
132. Are targeted entities transition plans?	s recommended or require	ed to publicly disclose climo	ate-related targets or
$\circ$ No			
<ul><li>Recommended</li></ul>			
o Required			
Targets			
135. Does the policy tool targets?	recommend or require ta	rgeted entities to have or c	levelop climate-related
○ No			
o Recommended			

<ul><li>Required</li></ul>									
136. Does the policy tool	recommend or require en	tities to monitor progress i	n achieving their targets?						
o No									
o Recommended									
Required									
137. Describe and reference the section/subsection/paragraph of the policy tool relevant to monitoring progress in achieving targets.									
138. Does the policy tool achieving their targets?	138. Does the policy tool recommend or require targeted entities to publicly report on progress in achieving their targets?								
No									
o Recommended									
o Required									
140. Which of the following require entities have or de		d to targets, does the polic ply.	y tool recommend or						
	Recommended	Required	No						
An absolute emissions reduction target			<b>☑</b>						
An intensity-based emissions reduction target			V						
A net zero target			V						
Interim targets (e.g. 2030, 2050)	☑								
Targets covering non- carbon GHG emissions			V						

A Scope 3 emissions target			V					
A target derived using			V					
a sectoral decarbonization								
approach								
A level of ambition for	<b>V</b>							
emissions reductions								
(e.g. 80% reduction)  A baseline year from			✓					
which progress is			V					
measured								
A target timeframe (e.g. by 2040)	☑							
Targets for renewable			✓					
energy procurement								
Targets for fossil fuel phase down/phase up								
Separate targets for			✓					
GHG offsets and/or								
removals Targets or goals			✓					
related to climate			<u>V</u>					
adaptation								
Targets or goals			☑					
related to nature and biodiversity								
Other targets related			<b>☑</b>					
to sustainability								
145. What is the recomm	ended or required year fo	r interim targets?						
<b>2025-2030</b>								
o 2031-2040								
o 2041-2050								
o Other								
o Not specified								
146. What is the recommended or required level of ambition for interim targets?								

• Reduction between 1-25%

○ Reduction between 51-75%
○ Reduction of over 76%
○ Other
○ Not specified
150. What is the recommended or required level of ambition for GHG emissions reductions targets?
○ Reduction between 1-25%
○ Reduction between 51-75%
○ Reduction between 75-85%
○ Reduction between 85-100%
o Reduction of more than 100%
○ Other
153. What is the recommended or required timeframe for targets (e.g. by 2050, 2060)?
o Between 2030 and 2035
o Between 2036 and 2040
o Between 2041 and 2045
● Between 2046 and 2050
o Between 2051 and 2060
o Between 2061 and 2070
○ Other
○ Not specified

**Transition Plans** 

164. Does the policy tool recommend or require targeted entities to have or develop a transition plan?
No     No
○ Recommended
○ Required

Monitoring, Oversight, and Implementation									
176. Does the policy tool recommend or require entities undertake any of the following with regard to									
monitoring, oversight, and	d implementation? Se	elect all that apply.							
	Recommended	Required	No						
Monitor progress in implementing their transition plan		Ø							
Develop financial plans for the implementation of their transition plan									
Integrate climate- related matters into their financial accounting									
Incorporate climate change considerations into their investment decision making and/or asset planning									
Incorporate climate change considerations into their capital allocation and/or expenditure plans									
Any other mechanisms for enhancing the achievement of targets and/or the implementation of transition plans									
	uurisiuuri piuris								
<del>-</del>	· -		nsition plans, referencing the						
relevant section/subsection/paragraph of the policy tool.  All entities are subject to MRV requirement.									
ni chidica di c adaject to ivirty requirement.									

Engagement, Lobbying, and Governance									
184. Does the policy tool recommend or require targeted entities align any of the following engagement and/or governance practices with their targets and/or transition plans?									
	Recommended	Required	No						
Value chain			<b>V</b>						
engagement									
Investor engagement			☑						
Consumer			☑						
engagement									
Policy engagement and lobbying practices			✓						
Corporate governance structure for transition and verification		☑							
Climate-related financial incentives for employees and board members									
185. Does the policy tool recommend or require targeted entities to disclose how they have used due diligence and/or stewardship to achieve their targets and/or implement their transition plans?  No Recommended									
• Required									
190. Describe the obligation to the align targets and/or transition plans with corporate governance structures for transition and verification, referencing the relevant section/subsection/paragraph of the policy tool.									
All information submitted by the stakeholders will be verified by the relevant ministries.									

Standards, Frameworks, and Guidelines			
194. Does the policy tool require the use of or make reference to any of the following standards, frameworks, or guidelines? Select all that apply.			
	Required	Referenced	Neither required nor referenced
IFRS S1			☑
IFRS S2			<b>☑</b>
Task Force on Climate-related Financial Disclosures (TCFD)			☑
CDP (formerly known as Climate Disclosure Project) Technical Note: Reporting on Climate Transition Plans			☑
International Integrated Reporting Framework			☑
Global Reporting Initiative (GRI)			V
Sustainability Accounting Standards Board (SASB)			
Science Based Targets initiative (SBTi)			Ø
Science Based Targets initiative (SBTi) Net Zero Standard			V
European Sustainability Reporting Standards (ESRS)			☑
Other			<b></b>
Additional Important Inf	ormation		<u> </u>

197. Note any additional important information about the contribution of the policy tool to net zero alignment not captured in the above questions. If referencing new sources (i.e. not referenced in Question 3), provide a web-archived link to the source material.

## Policy Tool Name: Law No. 32 of 2009 on Environmental Protection and Management

3. Source material link(s): https://peraturan.bpk.go.id/Details/38771/uu-no-32-tahun-2009
4. Which of the following governance domains does this policy tool relate to? Select all that apply.
☑ Climate-related disclosure
☑ Transition planning
□ Public procurement
5. If relevant, briefly explain how the policy tool applies or is linked to multiple domains.
This law acts as a basis for the issuance of future regulations, as this law designates some provisions to be regulated in other regulations.
Through this regulation, the Government is authorized to monitor and possibly imposes administrative sanctions to ensure entrepreneurs in charge of businesses and/or their business activities that pose a high risk to the environment. Such businesses may be subject to environmental audits by the Government and other Government bodies such as the Ministry of Environment and Forestry, Governors, and/or mayors. These audits are carried out as an evaluation to assess the compliance of businesses or activities with environmental policies that require them to implement the succeeding government regulations.
6. Select the category which best describes the author/issuer of the policy tool.
☑ Head of state and/or government
□ Independent regulatory or supervisory body
☑ Legislature
□ Judiciary
□ Ministry/Department/Agency
□ Other (Please describe)

7. Status of the policy tool
o Approved, in force
o Approved, not yet in force
• Other (Please describe) <u>Has been amended by Job Creation Law but still in force</u>
9. Year of (planned) entry into force or year of publication
2009
10. Does the policy tool have an end date?
No     No
∘ Yes
12. Briefly describe the policy tool's goal and/or purpose:
For example: The policy tool requires publicly listed companies to comply with the
recommendations of the Task Force for Climate Related Financial Disclosure or to explain the absence of such disclosures.
The policy tool requires all of the targeted entities to comply with these regulations related to
environmental protection and management. As this regulation demonstrates the Indonesian
Government's commitment to providing a good and healthy environment for all Indonesian citizens in accordance with the mandate of the Indonesian Constitution.
accordance with the manage of the macrosidir constitution.
13. Name the authority(ies) responsible for overseeing implementation and/or enforcement. If not applicable, leave blank.
● 1. <u>Indonesia National Police</u>
© 3. Government of Indonesia and Local Government (i.e. Regencies and Cities)
4. Ministry of Environment and Forestry

© 5. The Public
15. To provide contextual information, rate the capacity of Indonesia National Police to undertake the policy tool's implementation and/or enforcement.
o O- No Capacity (Please explain)
o 1- Low Capacity (Please explain)
o 2- Medium Capacity (Please explain)
• 3- High Capacity (Please explain) The Indonesian Police is authorized to oversee all criminal sanctions and fines in Indonesia, and has the power to receive police reports from the public of perpetrator/suspects, as per those listed under Article 97-120 of this Law where certain violations are entitled to criminal sanctions, such acts include damage to the environment, causing injury or death to the public due to failure to adhere to this law, hazardous waste dumping, etc.
Based on Law Number 2 of 2002 concerning the Indonesian National Police, in Article 14 letter g. that: "The Indonesian National Police is tasked with conducting investigations and inquiries into all criminal acts in accordance with criminal procedure law and other statutory regulations.
o Prefer not to answer
o Not Applicable
16. To provide contextual information, rate the capacity of Civil Servant Investigators to undertake the policy tool's implementation and/or enforcement.
o O- No Capacity (Please explain)
o 1- Low Capacity (Please explain)
• 2- Medium Capacity (Please explain) <u>Under Article 94, Civil Servant Investigators as elected by the Ministry of Environment and Forestry are authorized to make investigations and receive reports on violations of environmental protection.</u>
o 3- High Capacity (Please explain)
o Prefer not to answer
o Not Applicable

- 17. To provide contextual information, rate the capacity of Government of Indonesia and Local Government (i.e. Regencies and Cities) to undertake the policy tool's implementation and/or enforcement.
- 0- No Capacity (Please explain)
- 1- Low Capacity (Please explain) <u>Based on Article 90-93</u>, each of this parties are permitted to file a <u>civil lawsuit against companies/business actors for damages due to their negligence of environmental protection.</u>
- o 2- Medium Capacity (Please explain)
- o 3- High Capacity (Please explain)
- o Prefer not to answer
- Not Applicable

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- 18. To provide contextual information, rate the capacity of Ministry of Environment and Forestry to undertake the policy tool's implementation and/or enforcement.
- o 0- No Capacity (Please explain)
- o 1- Low Capacity (Please explain)
- o 2- Medium Capacity (Please explain)
- 3- High Capacity (Please explain) <u>Based on Articles 76-83, the MoEF are able to write warnings, or freeze/revoke environmental permits by offending companies that do not comply with this law, as well as to audit companies that have a high risk of failing or have failed to comply with this regulation based on Article 50</u>
- $\circ \ \text{Prefer not to answer}$
- Not Applicable

\_\_\_\_\_\_

- 19. To provide contextual information, rate the capacity of The Public to undertake the policy tool's implementation and/or enforcement.
- o 0- No Capacity (Please explain)
- 1- Low Capacity (Please explain) <u>Based on Article 90-93</u>, any party has the right to file a lawsuit against companies/business actors due to damages caused by failure in performing environmental <u>protection efforts</u>.
- o 2- Medium Capacity (Please explain)

o 3- High Capacity (Please explain)
o Prefer not to answer
o Not Applicable

25. Which entities are targeted through this policy tool? Select all that apply.

Note: With regard to sectoral actors, in cases where mandatory and voluntary obligations are mixed (e.g., mandatory for one sector, voluntary for another), select "mandatory" as there will be further opportunity to clarify.

	Mandatory	Voluntary	Not targeted
1. Publicly-traded			
entities			
2. Private companies			
3. Financial institutions			
4. Small and medium-			
sized enterprises			
5. State-owned			
companies			
6. Not-for-profit			
organizations			
7. Government			
agencies and/or			
departments			
(supranational)			
8. Government			
agencies and/or			
departments (national)		<u> </u>	<u> </u>
9. Government			
agencies and/or			
departments (regional			
- e.g., state, province,			
region, metropolitan			
region) 10. Government		+-	
agencies and/or			
departments (local - e.g., county, district,			
municipality, city)			
11. Government			
agencies and/or			-
departments			
(unspecified)			
12. Sectoral actors			
(e.g., healthcare,			
defense, utilities,			
education)			
13. Other	<b>7</b>	П	П
	_	es that have a high risk to t	
in charge of husinesses and/or activities individuals, and all Indonesian entities			

defense, dunities,			
education)			
13. Other	V		
13. Other Text: Certain businesses and/or activities that have a high risk to the environment, persons			
in charge of businesses and/or activities, individuals, and all Indonesian entities .			
· ·			

27. Describe the threshold criteria to identify entities for whom or instances in which compliance is mandatory. Minimum number of employees (Enter min number of full-time employees - FTEs) Minimum revenue (Enter minimum revenue) Minimum assets (Enter minimum assets) Minimum contract value (Enter minimum contract value) Entity is headquartered in the jurisdiction Entities are subjected to disclosure or reporting requirements 28. Can entities for whom compliance with the policy tool is mandatory opt out of the obligation (e.g. comply or explain)? No o Yes 30. Does the policy tool exclusively apply to entities' domestic operations, or does it also apply to entities' operations beyond the jurisdiction? Operations within jurisdiction only o Operations beyond the jurisdiction Not applicable 32. What are the sanctions for non-compliance? Select all that apply and describe in the text field. ☑ Monetary fine <u>1 - 3 billion Rupiahs</u> ☑ Restriction on business activities ☐ Voiding or setting aside of contract ☐ Exclusion from government contracts ☑ Award of damages or compensation unspecified amount ☐ Penalty for senior managers ☐ Criminal penalties

☐ Not specified

□ Not applicable (e.g. in cases of voluntary tools)
☑ Other <u>administrative sanctions and imprisonment</u>
33. Relative to other compliance activities required of entities in this jurisdiction, is the cost of compliance:
o Below average
o Average
o Above average
Not applicable
o Unknown or prefer not to answer
35. To provide contextual information, give a general assessment of the extent to which regulated entities have made compliance a priority.
Below average
o Average
Above average
o Not applicable
o Unknown or prefer not to answer
36. Provide supplemental explanation of your priority assessment. If referencing new sources (i.e. not referenced in Question 3), provide a web-archived link to the source material.
37. Have the climate-specific provisions in this instrument ever been enforced?
o No (If relevant, explain)
Yes

38. Briefly note one to two exemplary cases of enforcement. If referencing new sources (i.e. not referenced in Question 3), provide a web-archived link to the source material.
39. Are there monitoring systems in place to oversee the implementation and/or enforcement of the policy tool?
○ No
Yes
40. Describe the monitoring systems in place. Please reference the relevant section/subsection/paragraph of the policy tool where monitoring systems are set.  Article 63 of Law 32/2009
41. Does the policy tool recommend or require periodic impact assessments?
No
○ Recommended
o Required
43. Does the policy tool recommend or require periodic reviews?
No
○ Recommended
o Required

45. Does the policy tool include mechanisms for enhancing policy or regulatory coordination with subnational governments (e.g. vertical coordination mechanisms such as appointing coordinating agencies, forming working groups, etc.)?
o No
• Yes
46. Describe the mechanisms for enhancing regulatory coordination with subnational governments. Reference the relevant section/subsection/paragraph of the policy tool where mechanisms for coordination with subnational governments are set.
Yes. The relevant provisions are stipulated in several articles, such as Articles 15 and 32.
47. Are there any government initiatives to enhance the capacity of targeted entities to implement or comply with the policy tool (e.g. industry working groups, outreach campaigns, education and training, etc.)?
∘ No
48. Describe initiatives for enhancing the capacity of targeted entities to implement or comply with the policy tool. Reference the relevant section/subsection/paragraph of the policy tool where capacity-building initiatives are established. If referencing new sources (i.e. not referenced in Question 3), provide a web-archived link to the source material.
<u>Articles 63 of Law 32/2009</u>
Domain-Specific Questions: Disclosure Questions
What is being disclosed?

52. Are targeted entities recommended or required to disclose any of the followin	g climate-related
information? Select all that apply.	

	Recommended	Required	Neither recommended
			nor required
1. Greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions			V
2. GHG emissions offsets or removals			☑
3. GHG emissions reduction targets			V
4. Other climate-			V
related targets 5. Physical climate risk			
6. Transition risk			
7. Transition plan			
71 Transition plan			<u>,                                    </u>
Disclosure of Transition	Plans		
98. What is the recomme	nded or required frequer	ncy of transition plan disclo	sures?
o Yearly			
o Every two years			
<ul><li>Every three years</li></ul>			
o Every four years			
<ul><li>Every five years</li></ul>			
o Every ten years or more			
o Other			
Not specified			
99. Does the policy tool retransition plan?	ecommend or require aud	dited accuracy and/or third	-party verification of the
o No			
Recommended			

Required
100. Does the policy tool recommend or require entities to disclose progress in implementing transition plans?
∘ No
o Recommended
101. What is the recommended or required frequency of disclosures related to transition plan implementation progress?
o Yearly
o Every two years
o Every three years
o Every four years
o Every five years
o Every ten years or more
o Other
No prescribed frequency
102. Does the policy tool recommend or require targeted entities to disclose their financial plans for implementing transition plans?
No     No
o Recommended
o Required

103. Does the policy tool recommend or require targeted entities to disclose their methodology for scenario analysis related to transition planning?

No	
o Recommended	
o Required	

105. Are targeted entities information? Select all the	•	ed to disclose any other cli	mate-related
	Required	Recommended	Neither recommended nor required
1. Climate-related			<u></u>
opportunities  2. Remuneration			
			✓
based on achieving			
climate-related goals  3. Taxonomies			
			<b>Ø</b>
4. Capital allocation			✓
and/or expenditure			
plans (in the context of			
climate change)	_	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
5. Due diligence			<b>V</b>
6. Assumptions and			<b>☑</b>
Dependencies			
7. Data limitations of			☑
scenario analyses			
8. Financial			V
implications of			
climate-related			
matters (e.g.,			
integration of climate-			
related disclosures			
into financial			
accounting standards)			
9. Stewardship (e.g.,			✓
whether stewardship			
codes are in place,			
how entities vote in			
shareholder meetings,			
etc.)			_
10. ESG			✓
methodologies and			
criteria (in the case of			
service providers)			
11. Asset planning or			
ownership in the			
context of climate			
change			
12. Sectoral			✓
investment policies			

Other disclosures

13. Climate-related lobbying and/or policy engagement			V
14. Locked-in emissions or information on emissive assets with			V
long lifespans			
15. Dirty asset divestiture			
16. Nature-related impacts	<b>☑</b>		
17. Just transition indicators			
122. Describe and referen	nce the section/subsection	/paragraph of the policy t	ool relevant to disclosure
of nature-related impacts		, pa. ag. ap o. a pa y	
Article 13 of Law 32/2009	9 provides the qualificatio	ns of environmental damo	ages, furthermore this
·	on of several instruments to by the relevant stakehold	·	<u>al damages and</u>

	Required	Referenced	Neither required nor referenced
1. IFRS S1			<b>V</b>
2. IFRS S2			<b>☑</b>
3. Task Force on Climate-related Financial Disclosures (TCFD)			
4. GHG Protocol Corporate Accounting and Reporting Standard			Ø
5. GHG Protocol Corporate Value Chain (Scope 3) Accounting and Reporting Standard			V
6. CDP (formerly known as Climate Disclosure Project) reporting framework			Ø
7. International Integrated Reporting Framework			Ø
8. Global Reporting Initiative (GRI)			<b>☑</b>
9. Sustainability Accounting Standards Board (SASB)			Ø
10. European Sustainability Reporting Standards (ESRS)			
11. Taskforce on Nature-related Financial Disclosures (TNFD)			✓
12. Partnership for Carbon Accounting Financials (PCAF)			

Standards, Frameworks, and Guidelines

13. Glasgow Financial Alliance for Net Zero (GFANZ)			V
14. Other	<b>7</b>		
-	=	elines integrated into or re each standard/framework/	
Law 32/2009 does not pradhere to several instrum	rovide any reference to in- nents to avoid environmer	ternational standards but ntal damages such as KLH liance to environmental a	requires business to IS, UKL-UPL, and
Domain-Specific Question	ns: Transition Planning Q	uestions	
Disclosure of Plans and	Targets		
132. Are targeted entities transition plans?	s recommended or require	ed to publicly disclose clim	ate-related targets or
No			
o Recommended			
o Required			
Targets			
135. Does the policy tool targets?	recommend or require ta	rgeted entities to have or a	develop climate-related
No			
o Recommended			

o Required				
Transition Plans				
164. Does the policy tool	recommend or require	e targeted entities to h	ave or develop a trans	sition plan?
No				
o Recommended				
Required				
Monitoring, Oversight, a	nd Implementation			
Worldoning, Oversight, a	na implementation			
176. Does the policy tool monitoring, oversight, an	· ·		y of the following witl	n regard to
monitoring, oversight, un				
Manitanananania	Recommended	Required	No	
Monitor progress in implementing their transition plan				
Develop financial			V	
plans for the				
implementation of				
their transition plan Integrate climate-				
related matters into				
their financial				
accounting				
Incorporate climate			<b>V</b>	
change considerations				
into their investment				
decision making				
and/or asset planning				
Incorporate climate		V		
change considerations				
into their capital				
allocation and/or				
expenditure plans				

for enhancing the achievement of targets and/or the implementation of transition plans			
•	•	change considerations int section/subsection/paragr	•
No specific capital allocat	ion, but require all busine	sses to take into consider	ation the environmental
impact of any developme	nts. For instance, in Article	e 15 of Law 32/2009, all re	<u>egional governments</u>
shall conduct KHLS asses	sment to ensure that its r	<u>egional development plan</u>	has adopted the
<u>sustainable development</u>	<u>principle.</u>		

Engagement, Lobbying, a	and Governance		
184. Does the policy tool engagement and/or gove	·	geted entities align any of ir targets and/or transitior	<u> </u>
	D	D	NI -
Value chain	Recommended	Required	No
engagement			☑
Investor engagement			<u> </u>
Consumer			<u> </u>
engagement			
Policy engagement and lobbying practices			V
Corporate governance structure for transition and verification			☑
Climate-related financial incentives for employees and board members			☑
185. Does the policy tool diligence and/or stewards  No Recommended	•	geted entities to disclose l ts and/or implement their	•
· Recommended			
<ul><li>Required</li></ul>			
192. Describe and referer due diligence and/or stew		/paragraph of the policy t s and/or implement transi	
This is implemented by w	av of requiring the releva	nt stakeholders to conduc	t environmental
assessments as specified	, ,		<u> </u>

94. Does the policy tool ameworks, or guidelines		or make reference to any of	the following standards,
unieworks, or guidelines	Required	Referenced	Neither required nor referenced
IFRS S1			✓
IFRS S2			<b>V</b>
Task Force on Climate-related Financial Disclosures (TCFD)			V
CDP (formerly known as Climate Disclosure Project) Technical Note: Reporting on Climate Transition Plans			V
International Integrated Reporting Framework			V
Global Reporting Initiative (GRI)			V
Sustainability Accounting Standards Board (SASB)			V
Science Based Targets initiative (SBTi)			V
Science Based Targets initiative (SBTi) Net Zero Standard			Ø
European Sustainability Reporting Standards (ESRS)			
Other			V

197. Note any additional important information about the contribution of the policy tool to net zero alignment not captured in the above questions. If referencing new sources (i.e. not referenced in Question 3), provide a web-archived link to the source material.

<u>None</u>

## Policy Tool Name: Presidential Regulation No. 22 of 2017 on National General Energy Plan

3. Source material link(s): https://web.archive.org/web/20240815100907/https://peraturan.bpk.go.id/Download/254584/Perpres%20Nomor%2022%20Tahun%202017.pdf
4. Which of the following governance domains does this policy tool relate to? Select all that apply.
□ Climate-related disclosure
☑ Transition planning
□ Public procurement
6. Select the category which best describes the author/issuer of the policy tool.
☑ Head of state and/or government
☑ Independent regulatory or supervisory body
□ Legislature
□ Judiciary
□ Ministry/Department/Agency
□ Other (Please describe)
7. Status of the policy tool
Approved, in force
Approved, not yet in force     Other (Places describe)
o Other (Please describe)
9. Year of (planned) entry into force or year of publication
<u>2017</u>

10. Does the policy tool have an end date?
No
∘ Yes
12. Briefly describe the policy tool's goal and/or purpose:
For example: The policy tool requires publicly listed companies to comply with the recommendations of the Task Force for Climate Related Financial Disclosure or to explain the absence of such disclosures.
PR22/17 stipulates the General Plan on National Energy attached as Appendix I to this Law, which is a Central Government Policy on Energy Management at the national level to constitute the elaboration and implementation of the National Energy Policy. The National Energy Policy in itself is a government-mandated policy originally implemented through Government Regulation No. 79 of 2014 (referred to as well under Appendix I of this Law) based on the principles of fairness, sustainability, and environmental insight in order to establish Indonesia's self-sufficiency in energy and national energy security.
13. Name the authority(ies) responsible for overseeing implementation and/or enforcement. If not applicable, leave blank.
● 1. Government of Indonesia
2. <u>The National Energy Board and Ministries</u>
∘ 3.
o <b>4</b> .
o 5.
15. To provide contextual information, rate the capacity of Government of Indonesia to undertake the policy tool's implementation and/or enforcement.
o O- No Capacity (Please explain)
o 1- Low Capacity (Please explain)

conduct the General Plan energy policy goals.	on National Energy which	n is the basis for Indonesia	<u>a to achieve national</u>
o 3- High Capacity (Pleas	se explain)		
o Prefer not to answer			
o Not Applicable			
16. To provide contextual to undertake the policy to	information, rate the caperol's implementation and/c	•	gy Board and Ministries
o 0- No Capacity (Please	explain)		
o 1- Low Capacity (Pleas	e explain)		
o 2- Medium Capacity (PI	ease explain)		
3- High Capacity (Please to supervise and implement independent government	ent the General Plan on No		
Based on Article 4, these related parties regarding	•		and give guidance to the
o Prefer not to answer			
<ul> <li>Not Applicable</li> </ul>			
25. Which entities are tar	geted through this policy	tool? Select all that apply.	
•	sectoral actors, in cases v	•	, ,
mixed (e.g., mandatory fo	•	another), select "mandat	ory" as there will be
further opportunity to clar	ту. -		
1.5.111.1	Mandatory	Voluntary	Not targeted
1. Publicly-traded entities			✓
2. Private companies			
3. Financial institutions			<b>☑</b>
4. Small and medium-			V
sized enterprises			
5. State-owned			<b>V</b>

companies

● 2- Medium Capacity (Please explain) <u>Based on Article 2, the government has the authority to</u>

6. Not-for-profit			abla
organizations		<u> </u>	
7. Government		<b>V</b>	
agencies and/or			
departments (supranational)			
8. Government		<u> </u>	
agencies and/or		V	
departments (national)			
9. Government		<b>✓</b>	
agencies and/or	<del>-</del>	_	
departments (regional			
- e.g., state, province,			
region, metropolitan			
region)			
10. Government		✓	
agencies and/or			
departments (local -			
e.g., county, district,			
municipality, city)			
11. Government			
agencies and/or			
departments			
(unspecified)	_	_	
12. Sectoral actors			✓
(e.g., healthcare,			
defense, utilities,			
education)			
13. Other			<b>✓</b>
20.0	P 24 41 P		. 6.1 11: /
28. Can entities for whom	compliance with the poli	cy tool is mandatory opt c	out of the obligation (e.g.
comply or explain)?			
No			
∘ Yes			
30. Does the policy tool exentities' operations beyon		' domestic operations, or	does it also apply to
<ul><li>Operations within juriso</li></ul>	diction only		
o Operations beyond the	jurisdiction		
o Not applicable			

32. What are the sanctions for non-compliance? Select all that apply and describe in the text field.
☐ Monetary fine
☐ Restriction on business activities
□ Voiding or setting aside of contract
☐ Exclusion from government contracts
☐ Award of damages or compensation
☐ Penalty for senior managers
☐ Criminal penalties
□ Not specified
☑ Not applicable (e.g. in cases of voluntary tools)
□ Other
33. Relative to other compliance activities required of entities in this jurisdiction, is the cost of compliance:
o Below average
Average
Above average
o Not applicable
o Unknown or prefer not to answer
34. Provide supplemental explanation of your assessment of the associated costs of compliance. If referencing new sources (i.e. not referenced in Question 3), provide a web-archived link to the source material.

35. To provide contextual information, give a general assessment of the extent to which regulated entities have made compliance a priority.
○ Below average
Average
o Above average
o Not applicable
o Unknown or prefer not to answer
36. Provide supplemental explanation of your priority assessment. If referencing new sources (i.e. not referenced in Question 3), provide a web-archived link to the source material.
37. Have the climate-specific provisions in this instrument ever been enforced?
No (If relevant, explain)
∘ Yes
- 1e5
39. Are there monitoring systems in place to oversee the implementation and/or enforcement of the policy tool?
○ No
Yes
40. Describe the monitoring systems in place. Please reference the relevant section/subsection/paragraph of the policy tool where monitoring systems are set.
This regulation only provides a guidance for energy transition planning.
41. Does the policy tool recommend or require periodic impact assessments?

No     No
o Recommended
o Required
43. Does the policy tool recommend or require periodic reviews?
No
∘ Recommended
o Required
45. Does the policy tool include mechanisms for enhancing policy or regulatory coordination with subnational governments (e.g. vertical coordination mechanisms such as appointing coordinating agencies, forming working groups, etc.)?
∘ No
46. Describe the mechanisms for enhancing regulatory coordination with subnational governments. Reference the relevant section/subsection/paragraph of the policy tool where mechanisms for coordination with subnational governments are set.
Article 3
47. Are there any government initiatives to enhance the capacity of targeted entities to implement or comply with the policy tool (e.g. industry working groups, outreach campaigns, education and training, etc.)?
No     No
o Yes

Domain-Specific Questions: Transition Planning Questions

80

Disclosure of Plans and Targets
132. Are targeted entities recommended or required to publicly disclose climate-related targets or transition plans?
No     No
o Recommended
o Required
Targets
135. Does the policy tool recommend or require targeted entities to have or develop climate-related targets?
No
o Recommended
o Required
Transition Plans
164. Does the policy tool recommend or require targeted entities to have or develop a transition plan?
No
Recommended
• Required

Мо	oni	itc	ri	nç	g,	O۱	vе	rs	ig	ht	t, (	ar	nd	lı	որ	ole	en	ıe	n	ta	ıti	oı	n															

176. Does the policy tool recommend or require entities undertake any of the following with regard to monitoring, oversight, and implementation? Select all that apply.

	Recommended	Required	No
Monitor progress in			✓
implementing their			
transition plan			
Develop financial			
plans for the			
implementation of			
their transition plan			
Integrate climate-			
related matters into			
their financial			
accounting			
Incorporate climate			<b></b>
change considerations			
into their investment			
decision making			
and/or asset planning			
Incorporate climate			<b></b>
change considerations			
into their capital			
allocation and/or			
expenditure plans			
Any other mechanisms	☑		
for enhancing the			
achievement of			
targets and/or the			
implementation of			
transition plans			

182. Describe the obligations related to other governance mechanisms for enhancing the achievement of targets and/or implementation of transition plans, referencing the relevant section/subsection/paragraph of the policy tool.

PR22/2017 stipulates the plan to achieve sustainable energy planning in Indonesia in order to achieve the vision of maintaining independence in the provision of energy resources. This regulation serves as a guidance for other government agencies in formulating specific regulations related to energy especially procurement of electricity. This is to make sure that all the policies issued by the relevant government agencies are aligned with the central government roadmap in minimizing GHG and prioritizing renewable energy sources.

\_\_\_\_\_

Engagement, Lobbying,	and Governance		
• •	•	rgeted entities align any o	•
	Recommended	Paguirod	No
Value chain		Required	
engagement			
Investor engagement			
Consumer			
engagement			
Policy engagement and lobbying practices	V		
Corporate governance structure for transition			
and verification			
Climate-related			
financial incentives for			
employees and board			
members			
	·	rgeted entities to disclose ets and/or implement their	•
No			
o Recommended			
o Required			
lobbying practices, refere	ncing the relevant section	nd/or transition plans with n/subsection/paragraph of e National Energy Guidan	the policy tool.
Energi Nasional or "RUEN	<u>\").</u> 		

		the following standards,
quired	Referenced	Neither required nor referenced
		V
		V
		☑
		Ø
		V
		☑
		V
		Ø
		V
		V

197. Note any additional important information about the contribution of the policy tool to net zero alignment not captured in the above questions. If referencing new sources (i.e. not referenced in Question 3), provide a web-archived link to the source material.

<u>None</u>

Policy Tool Name: Ministry of Finance ("MoF") Regulation No. 103 of 2023 on the Provision of Fiscal Support through a Funding and Financing Scheme in the Framework of Accelerating Energy Transition in the Electricity Sector

	·
htt	Source material link(s): ps://web.archive.org/web/20240815101433/https://peraturan.bpk.go.id/Download/328933/2023p seuangan103.pdf
4.	Which of the following governance domains does this policy tool relate to? Select all that apply.
	Climate-related disclosure
<b>V</b>	Transition planning
<b>√</b>	Public procurement
	If relevant, briefly explain how the policy tool applies or is linked to multiple domains.
fro un ha	e issuance of MoFR 103/2023 demonstrates Indonesia's commitment to accelerating the transition of MoFR 103/2023 demonstrates Indonesia's commitment to accelerating the transition of MoFR 112/2022. In order to accelerate such transition, the MoF has set out fiscal support in stening the termination of CFPP. MoFR 103/2023 also serves as a basis for the issuance of the ther regulations on this matter.
6.	Select the category which best describes the author/issuer of the policy tool.
	Head of state and/or government
	Independent regulatory or supervisory body
<b>√</b>	Legislature
	Judiciary
<b>√</b>	Ministry/Department/Agency
	Other (Please describe)
	Status of the policy tool
/.	Status of the policy tool

13. Name the authority(ies) responsible for overseeing implementation and/or enforcement. If not

applicable, leave blank.1. Ministry of Finance

© 2. Steering committee of Energy Transition Platform
© 3. <u>Platform Manager, that are assigned to manage Energy Transition Platforms</u>
● 4. <u>Authorized Budget User (Kuasa Pengguna Anggaran or "KPA")</u>
o 5.
15. To provide contextual information, rate the capacity of Ministry of Finance to undertake the policy tool's implementation and/or enforcement.
o 0- No Capacity (Please explain)
o 1- Low Capacity (Please explain)
<ul> <li>2- Medium Capacity (Please explain) <u>Based on MoFR 103/2023, the MoF shall:</u></li> <li>establish a Steering Committee and assign PT SMI (Persero) as the Platform Manager (Article 10 of MoFR 103/2023);</li> </ul>
•make decisions on the Steering Committee's recommendations for projects that will receive facilities (Article 26(3) of MoFR 103/2023)
•provide support to the Platform Manager by funding the operational and secretarial activities of the
Platform Manager and the Steering Committee (Article 27(2) of MoFR 103/2023)
•determine definitive high-ranking officials and civil servants within the Fiscal Policy Agency who carry out the duties and functions of climate change and multilateral financing policies (Article 27(4) of MOFR 103/2023)
•evaluate the policy and management of the Energy Transition Platform (Article 30 of MOFR 103/2023)
o 3- High Capacity (Please explain)
o Prefer not to answer
o Not Applicable
16. To provide contextual information, rate the capacity of Steering committee of Energy Transition Platform to undertake the policy tool's implementation and/or enforcement.

- o 0- No Capacity (Please explain)
- 1- Low Capacity (Please explain) <u>Based on Article 12 of MoFR 103/2023</u>, <u>Steering Committee as elected by the Ministry of Finance has the obligation to determine projects, propose recommendations, evaluate policy and management of Energy transition Platform, and other technicalities.</u>
- o 2- Medium Capacity (Please explain)

o 3- High Capacity (Please explain)
o Prefer not to answer
o Not Applicable
17. To provide contextual information, rate the capacity of Platform Manager, task force assigned to manage Energy Transition Platform to undertake the policy tool's implementation and/or enforcement.
o O- No Capacity (Please explain)
• 1- Low Capacity (Please explain) <u>Based on Article 17 of MoFR 103/2023</u> , <u>Manager Platform as elected by the Ministry of Finance has the duties of coordinating with stakeholders in the context of managing the Energy Transition Platform, conducting an assessment of the application for the provision of Energy Transition Platform facilities, providing recommendations to the Steering Committee, etc.</u>
o 2- Medium Capacity (Please explain)
o 3- High Capacity (Please explain)
o Prefer not to answer
o Not Applicable
18. To provide contextual information, rate the capacity of Authorized Budget User (Kuasa Pengguna Anggaran or "KPA") to undertake the policy tool's implementation and/or enforcement.
o O- No Capacity (Please explain)
• 1- Low Capacity (Please explain) <u>Based on Article 1 paragraph 11, KPA is given the authority and responsibility for the use of the budget in the relevant state ministry / institution</u>
o 2- Medium Capacity (Please explain)
o 3- High Capacity (Please explain)
o Prefer not to answer
o Not Applicable

25. Which entities are targeted through this policy tool? Select all that apply.

Note: With regard to sectoral actors, in cases where mandatory and voluntary obligations are mixed (e.g., mandatory for one sector, voluntary for another), select "mandatory" as there will be further opportunity to clarify.

	Mandatory	Voluntary	Not targeted
1. Publicly-traded			
entities			
2. Private companies	<b>V</b>		
3. Financial institutions			☑
4. Small and medium-			<b>☑</b>
sized enterprises			
5. State-owned	V		
companies			
6. Not-for-profit			✓
organizations			
7. Government	✓		
agencies and/or			
departments			
(supranational)			
8. Government	☑		
agencies and/or			
departments (national)			
9. Government			☑
agencies and/or			
departments (regional			
- e.g., state, province,			
region, metropolitan			
region)			
10. Government			
agencies and/or			
departments (local -			
e.g., county, district,			
municipality, city)			
11. Government			
agencies and/or			
departments			
(unspecified)			
12. Sectoral actors	☑		
(e.g., healthcare,			
defense, utilities,			
education)			
13. Other			<b>V</b>

-----

26. In cases where entities are targeted by sector, identify the sector to which the policy tool applies.

	Mandatory	Voluntary	Not applicable
All sectors			<b>V</b>
Agriculture, forestry, and fishing			V
Mining and quarrying			<b>7</b>
Manufacturing			<b>V</b>
Electricity, gas, steam, and air conditioning supply	Ø		
Water supply; sewerage; waste management and remediation activities			
Construction			<b>2</b>
Wholesale and retail trade: repair of motor vehicles and motorcycles			
Transportation and storage			☑
Accommodation and food service activities			
Information and communication			V
Financial and insurance activities			
Real estate activities			V
Professional, scientific and technical activities			V
Administrative and support service activities			$\square$
Public administration and defense; compulsory social security			abla
Education			<b>V</b>
Human health and social work activities			✓
Arts, entertainment and recreation			V
Other service activities			<b>V</b>
Activities of households as employers; undifferentiated goods-and services- producing activities of			☑

households for own use				
Activities of extraterritorial organizations and bodies			☑	
27. Describe the threshold criteria to identify entities for whom or instances in which compliance is mandatory.  Minimum number of employees (Enter min number of full-time employees - FTEs)  Minimum revenue (Enter minimum revenue)  Minimum assets (Enter minimum assets)  Minimum contract value (Enter minimum contract value)  Entity is headquartered in the jurisdiction  Entities are subjected to disclosure or reporting requirements				
28. Can entities for whom compliance with the policy tool is mandatory opt out of the obligation (e.g. comply or explain)?    No				
o Yes				
30. Does the policy tool exclusively apply to entities' domestic operations, or does it also apply to entities' operations beyond the jurisdiction?				
Operations within jurisdiction only				
o Operations beyond the jurisdiction				
o Not applicable				
32. What are the sanctions for non-compliance? Select all that apply and describe in the text field.				
□ Monetary fine				
□ Restriction on business activities				
☐ Voiding or setting aside	□ Voiding or setting aside of contract			

☐ Exclusion from government contracts
☐ Award of damages or compensation
☐ Penalty for senior managers
☐ Criminal penalties
□ Not specified
☑ Not applicable (e.g. in cases of voluntary tools)
□ Other
33. Relative to other compliance activities required of entities in this jurisdiction, is the cost of compliance:
o Below average
Average
Above average
o Not applicable
o Unknown or prefer not to answer
34. Provide supplemental explanation of your assessment of the associated costs of compliance. If referencing new sources (i.e. not referenced in Question 3), provide a web-archived link to the source material.
35. To provide contextual information, give a general assessment of the extent to which regulated entities have made compliance a priority.
o Below average
Average
o Above average
o Not applicable

o Unknown or prefer not to answer
36. Provide supplemental explanation of your priority assessment. If referencing new sources (i.e. not referenced in Question 3), provide a web-archived link to the source material.
37. Have the climate-specific provisions in this instrument ever been enforced?  • No (If relevant, explain)  • Yes
38. Briefly note one to two exemplary cases of enforcement. If referencing new sources (i.e. not referenced in Question 3), provide a web-archived link to the source material.
39. Are there monitoring systems in place to oversee the implementation and/or enforcement of the policy tool?  • No  • Yes
40. Describe the monitoring systems in place. Please reference the relevant section/subsection/paragraph of the policy tool where monitoring systems are set.  Article 17
41. Does the policy tool recommend or require periodic impact assessments?    No

○ Recommended
o Required
43. Does the policy tool recommend or require periodic reviews?
No
o Recommended
o Required
45. Does the policy tool include mechanisms for enhancing policy or regulatory coordination with subnational governments (e.g. vertical coordination mechanisms such as appointing coordinating agencies, forming working groups, etc.)?
No     No
o Yes
47. Are there any government initiatives to enhance the capacity of targeted entities to implement or comply with the policy tool (e.g. industry working groups, outreach campaigns, education and training, etc.)?
No
∘ Yes
Domain-Specific Questions: Transition Planning Questions
Disclosure of Plans and Targets

o Required
o Recommended
No
138. Does the policy tool recommend or require targeted entities to publicly report on progress in achieving their targets?
∘ Required
∘ Recommended
No
136. Does the policy tool recommend or require entities to monitor progress in achieving their targets?
Required
o Recommended
○ No
135. Does the policy tool recommend or require targeted entities to have or develop climate-related targets?
Targets
o Required
o Recommended
No
transition plans?

132. Are targeted entities recommended or required to publicly disclose climate-related targets or

140. Which of the following targets, or data related to targets, does the policy tool recommend or require entities have or develop? Select all that apply.

	Recommended	Required	No
An absolute emissions			☑
reduction target			
An intensity-based			☑
emissions reduction			
target			
A net zero target			✓
Interim targets (e.g. 2030, 2050)			☑
Targets covering non- carbon GHG emissions			☑
A Scope 3 emissions target			☑
A target derived using a sectoral decarbonization approach			
A level of ambition for emissions reductions (e.g. 80% reduction)			
A baseline year from which progress is measured			
A target timeframe (e.g. by 2040)			<b>☑</b>
Targets for renewable energy procurement			V
Targets for fossil fuel phase down/phase up			☑
Separate targets for GHG offsets and/or removals			
Targets or goals related to climate adaptation		☑	
Targets or goals related to nature and biodiversity			
Other targets related to sustainability			☑

159. Describe and reference the section/subsection/paragraph of the policy tool related to climate adaptation targets.

Article 2

162. Describe and refere other targets.	ence the section/subsec	ction/paragraph of th	e policy tool related to sett	ing					
MoFR 103/2023 is aiming to provide fiscal support in the funding of energy transition efforts in the electricity sector. This is to ensure faster transition of electricity power plant transition.									
Transition Plans									
164. Does the policy tool	recommend or require	e targeted entities to	have or develop a transitio	on plan?					
No									
<ul><li>Recommended</li></ul>									
o Required									
Monitoring, Oversight, o	and Implementation								
176. Does the policy tool monitoring, oversight, ar	•		any of the following with re	gard to					
	Recommended	Required	No						
Monitor progress in implementing their transition plan									
Develop financial plans for the implementation of their transition plan									
Integrate climate- related matters into their financial accounting									
Incorporate climate change considerations into their investment			Ø						

decision making								
and/or asset planning								
Incorporate climate			☑					
change considerations								
into their capital								
allocation and/or								
expenditure plans								
Any other mechanisms								
for enhancing the								
achievement of								
targets and/or the								
implementation of								
transition plans								
178. Describe the obligati	on to develop financial pla	ans for the implementatio	n of transition plans.					
referencing the section/su		·	ir or dianomorphisms,					
referencing the section/su	bsection/paragraph or the	e policy tool.						
Provide funding to energy	transition from the State	Budget (APBN) and/or ot	her source of fundings.					
This will be the governme								
This viii be the governme	THE STISCOL SUPPORE III TUCIN	tating the Energy Transiti	on riddonni.					
The use of the above, is s	ubject to the following cla	ssifications:						
a. included in the business	s plan of electricity provisi	on by PT PLN (Persero);						
b. having the technology i	n the development of ren	<u>ewable energy powerplar</u>	<u>nt;</u>					
c. projects that are classif	ied as green project or ye	llow project based on Indo	onesia Green Taxonomy;					
d. committed with ESG pr		•	•					
e. other relevant policies s	•	of Energy and Mineral Per	cources					
e. other relevant policies s	supulated by the Millistry	or Litergy and Millerar Nes	Sources.					
		00/000						
These can be found in Art	ticle 4 (2) and 6 of MoFR 1	.03/2023.						
	1.0							
Engagement, Lobbying, o	and Governance							
184. Does the policy tool	·	= :	<del>-</del>					
engagement and/or gover	rnance practices with thei	r targets and/or transitior	plans?					
	Recommended	Required	No					
Value chain			✓					
engagement	· <del>-</del>	· <del>-</del>	_					
Investor engagement			<b>✓</b>					

Consumer							
engagement							
Policy engagement							
and lobbying practices							
Corporate governance			✓				
structure for transition							
and verification							
Climate-related							
financial incentives for							
employees and board							
members							
185. Does the policy tool recommend or require targeted entities to disclose how they have used due diligence and/or stewardship to achieve their targets and/or implement their transition plans?							
No							
o Recommended							
o Required							

Standards, Frameworks	, and Guidelines		
194. Does the policy tool frameworks, or guideline	•	or make reference to any o	f the following standards,
	Required	Referenced	Neither required nor referenced
IFRS S1			V
IFRS S2			V
Task Force on Climate-related Financial Disclosures (TCFD)			
CDP (formerly known as Climate Disclosure Project) Technical Note: Reporting on Climate Transition Plans			✓
International Integrated Reporting Framework			☑
Global Reporting Initiative (GRI)			V
Sustainability Accounting Standards Board (SASB)			V
Science Based Targets initiative (SBTi)			V
Science Based Targets initiative (SBTi) Net Zero Standard			V
European Sustainability Reporting Standards (ESRS)			☑
Other			V
Additional Important Inf	ormation		

197. Note any additional important information about the contribution of the policy tool to net zero alignment not captured in the above questions. If referencing new sources (i.e. not referenced in
Question 3), provide a web-archived link to the source material.
<u>None</u>

Domain-Specific Questions: Public Procurement Questions
200. Does the policy tool allow, recommend, or require the alignment of public procurement spending with national and/or subnational climate targets?
∘ No
Allowed and/or recommended
∘ Required
201. Describe the obligation to align public procurement spending with national and/or subnational climate targets, referencing the relevant section/subsection/paragraph of the policy tool.
Article 5

202. Does the police	y tool set targets in relation t	o climate-alianed	procurement? Selec	t all that apply.

	Allowed/recommended	Required	Not applicable
A minimum percentage of tenders/contracts which must include climate-related criteria			☑
A minimum number of climate-related criteria to be included in purchases/tenders			☑
A minimum value of procurement spend which must include climate-related criteria			☑
A maximum amount of greenhouse gas emissions associated with tenders/contracts (i.e. a carbon ceiling/envelope)			<b>I</b>
Targets for the reduction of fossil fuel energy consumption associated with tenders/contracts		V	
Targets for the procurement of products which have a third-party sustainability certification/ ecolabel/ voluntary sustainability standard			<b>☑</b>
Other (Please describe and reference the section/subsection/paragraph of the policy tool relevant to other climate-aligned procurement targets)			☑

Other	Text	<u>:</u>	 <u> </u>	,											

Procurement Cycle									
		s or allowances or set requ							
climate change mitigation	n at the procurement pl	anning stage? Select all the	at apply.						
	Allowed/ recommended	Required	Not applicable						
Procuring entities consider climate change mitigation and/or GHG emissions reductions goals when defining their procurement needs									
Procuring entities have a strategy, plan, or policy regarding the alignment of procurement practices with climate objectives									
Procuring entities set aside a portion of their procurement budgets for climate-aligned procurement		☑							
Procuring entities include emissions from procurement in their carbon budget		V							
Procuring entities follow guidance on calculating procurement-related emissions									
Procuring entities inform and/or consult with market actors in advance of publishing the formal call for tenders, in relation to climate considerations (i.e. pre-procurement consultation, engagement, or dialogue)									

Other allowances,

recommendations or requirements related

**√** 

to climate change mitigation or GHG emissions at the procurement planning stage			
205. To which of the followapply with regard to the c	=	nitigation and/or GHG emi needs? Select all that app	<del>-</del>
□ Goods			
☑ Services			
□ Works			
206. Describe the obligati emissions reductions goal section/subsection/paragr	ls when defining their pro	•	•
Only power plant projects	aiming for energy transit	ion is eligible based on Ar	ticle 6.
207. Must the strategy, plobjectives be published?	an, or policy regarding th	e alignment of procureme	nt practices with climate
No			
∘ Yes			
209. Describe the obligati alignment of procurement section/subsection/paragr	practices with climate of	o have a strategy, plan, or pjectives, referencing the r	
As provided in Article 6			

210. What is the applicable percentage of budgets procuring entities are allowed, recommended, or required to set aside for climate-aligned procurement?

Please note if percentages vary according to sector and/or activity.
o 1-10%
o 11-20%
○ 21-30%
○ 31-40%
o 41-50%
o 50% or more
o Other
Not specified
211. For entities that include emissions from procurement in their carbon budget, does the policy tool specify which GHG emissions should be included? Select all that apply.
☑ Not specified
□ Carbon dioxide (CO2)
□ Methane (CH₄)
□ Nitrous oxide (N₂O)
☐ Hydrofluorocarbons (HFCs)
□ Perfluorocarbons (PFCs)
☐ Sulphur hexafluoride (SF6)
□ Nitrogen trifluoride (NF3)
□ Carbon dioxide equivalent (CO₂e)
212. What scope of emissions does the policy tool include? Select all that apply.
□ Scope 1 emissions
☐ Scope 2 emissions
☐ Scope 3 emissions, relevant or material

□ Scope 3 emissions, a specified proportion of coverage (Please describe)				
☐ Scope 3 emissions, all				
☑ Not specified				
Life-cycle or Whole-life	Costing			
217. Does the policy tool	recommend or require the mpacts (e.g. energy or fuel -of-life costs, etc.)?	·	<del>-</del>	
No				
o Allow and/or recommen	nd			
o Require				
Tendering or Solicitation Stage				
222. Does the policy tool solicitation stage? Select	make allowances, recomnall that apply.	nendations or set requirer	nents at the tendering or	
	Allowed/recommended	Required	Not applicable	
Exclusion or debarment grounds based on compliance with climate obligations				
Qualification or selection criteria related to climate change				
Including climate or environmental considerations when calculating value for money, including				

cycle or whole-life costing		
Technical specifications (e.g. setting minimum levels of energy efficiency or maximum product carbon emissions)		
Contract award criteria or value for money evaluation frameworks (e.g. minimum scores/performance levels under climate- related criteria, preferences for climate or sustainable products)		
Other procurement stage allowances, recommendations or requirements		

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Contract Performance
249. Does the policy tool make allowances, recommendations or set requirements at the contract performance stage (e.g. contract clauses, key performance indicators or conditions which must be included to monitor and report on emissions or other metrics)?
No
o Allowed and/or recommended
○ Required
Monitoring and Reporting
252. Does the policy tool include allowances, recommendations or requirements to monitor and/or report upon climate-aligned procurement?
No     No
o Allowed and/or recommended
○ Required

rameworks, or guidelines? Sele	,		
	Required	Referenced	Neither required nor referenced
1. Paris Agreement			<b>V</b>
2. The jurisdiction's Nationally Determined Contribution (NDC)		V	
3. IFRS S1			V
4. IFRS S2			<b>V</b>
5. Task Force on Climate- related Financial Disclosures (TCFD)			☑
6. GHG Protocol Corporate Accounting and Reporting Standard			
7. GHG Protocol Corporate Value Chain (Scope 3) Accounting and Reporting Standard			☑
8. CDP (formerly known as Climate Disclosure Project) reporting framework			
9. Science Based Targets initiative (SBTi)			Ø
10. Science Based Targets initiative (SBTi) Net Zero Standard			
11. United Nations Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs)			
12. ISO 20400 Sustainable Procurement			$\square$
13. EU Green Public Procurement criteria and guidance			<b>☑</b>
14. UNEP Sustainable Public Procurement Implementation Guidelines			☑
15. OECD MAPS - Supplementary Module on Sustainable Public Procurement			☑

Standards, Frameworks, and Guidelines

16. Asian Development			<b>V</b>
Bank Guidelines for			
Sustainable Procurement			
17. African Development			
Bank Sustainable Public			
Procurement Guidance Note			
18. Inter-American			abla
Development Bank Green			
Procurement Guidelines			
19. EDBR Project			<b>✓</b>
Requirements/Environmental			
and Social Action Plan			
20. World Bank			V
Environmental and Social			
Framework			
21. Other			<b>V</b>
Additional Important Information			

265. Note any additional important information about the contribution of the policy tool to net zero alignment not captured in the above questions. If referencing new sources (i.e. not referenced in Question 3), provide a web-archived link to the source material.

## Policy Tool Name: Financial Service Authority Regulation No. 14 of 2023 on Carbon Trading Trough Carbon Exchange

3. Source material link(s): https://web.archive.org/web/20240729120032/https://www.ojk.go.id/id/regulasi/Documents/Pages/P erdagangan-Karbon-Melalui-Bursa-Karbon/POJK%2014%20Tahun%202023%20-%20PERDAGANGAN%20KARBON%20MELALUI%20 BURSA%20KARBON.pdf 4. Which of the following governance domains does this policy tool relate to? Select all that apply. ☐ Climate-related disclosure ☑ Transition planning ☐ Public procurement 6. Select the category which best describes the author/issuer of the policy tool.  $\square$  Head of state and/or government ☑ Independent regulatory or supervisory body ☐ Legislature ☐ Judiciary ☐ Ministry/Department/Agency ☐ Other (Please describe) 7. Status of the policy tool Approved, in force o Approved, not yet in force Other (Please describe)

9. Year of (planned) entry into force or year of publication

2023

10. Does the policy tool have an end date?
No
∘ Yes
12. Briefly describe the policy tool's goal and/or purpose:
For example: The policy tool requires publicly listed companies to comply with the recommendations of the Task Force for Climate Related Financial Disclosure or to explain the absence of such disclosures.
This regulation was issued to regulate carbon trading through carbon exchange, as the purpose of controlling the carbon trade is to monitor and therefore potentially reduce carbon emissions produced by an industry or company. This regulation governs business activities concerning carbon trading, the implementation of carbon trading through carbon exchange, and the capital requirements and licensing required by Business Actors that intend to engage in these activities. Business Actors are now required to submit an annual work plan and budget to OJK by the end of November of each year and submit it for the first time when applying for a business license.
13. Name the authority(ies) responsible for overseeing implementation and/or enforcement. If not applicable, leave blank.
● 1. Financial Service Authority or Otoritas Jasa Keuangan
o 2.
○ 3.
o <b>4</b> .
o 5.
15. To provide contextual information, rate the capacity of Financial Service Authority or Otoritas

o 0- No Capacity (Please explain)

116

- o 1- Low Capacity (Please explain)
- o 2- Medium Capacity (Please explain)
- 3- High Capacity (Please explain) <u>•Based on Article 2, OJK has the authority to regulate, license, supervise, and develop Carbon Trading through the Carbon Exchange Organizer.</u>
- •Furthermore, the provision on the authority of OJK are stipulated in Articles 4 and 6 (licensing), Article 26 (supervision), and Chapter X (provisions of sanction).

Prefer not to answer
Not Applicable

25. Which entities are targeted through this policy tool? Select all that apply.

Note: With regard to sectoral actors, in cases where mandatory and voluntary obligations are mixed (e.g., mandatory for one sector, voluntary for another), select "mandatory" as there will be further opportunity to clarify.

	Mandatory	Voluntary	Not targeted
1. Publicly-traded			☑
entities			
2. Private companies			
3. Financial institutions			
4. Small and medium-			
sized enterprises			
5. State-owned			
companies			
6. Not-for-profit			
organizations			
7. Government			
agencies and/or			
departments			
(supranational)			
8. Government			
agencies and/or			
departments (national)			
9. Government			
agencies and/or			
departments (regional			
- e.g., state, province,			
region, metropolitan			
region)			
10. Government			
agencies and/or			
departments (local -			

e.g., county, district,				
municipality, city)				
11. Government				
agencies and/or				
departments				
(unspecified)				
12. Sectoral actors				
(e.g., healthcare,				
defense, utilities,				
education)				
13. Other	✓			
13. Other Text: The organizer of the carbon exchange include all organs of the company,				
shareholders of the carbo	on exchange, OJK, Ministry	of Environment and Fore	stry, and other parties	
related to carbon exchange trading (individuals, industries, companies, etc.				
		<u> </u>		

mandatory. Minimum number of employees (Enter min number of full-time employees - FTEs) Minimum revenue (Enter minimum revenue) Minimum assets (Enter minimum assets) Minimum contract value (Enter minimum contract value) Entity is headquartered in the jurisdiction Entities are subjected to disclosure or reporting requirements 28. Can entities for whom compliance with the policy tool is mandatory opt out of the obligation (e.g. comply or explain)? No o Yes 30. Does the policy tool exclusively apply to entities' domestic operations, or does it also apply to entities' operations beyond the jurisdiction? Operations within jurisdiction only o Operations beyond the jurisdiction Not applicable 32. What are the sanctions for non-compliance? Select all that apply and describe in the text field. ☑ Monetary fine ☑ Restriction on business activities ☐ Voiding or setting aside of contract ☐ Exclusion from government contracts ☐ Award of damages or compensation ☐ Penalty for senior managers ☐ Criminal penalties

☐ Not specified

27. Describe the threshold criteria to identify entities for whom or instances in which compliance is

□ Not applicable (e.g. in cases of voluntary tools)
☑ Other administrative sanctions, namely: a) written warning; b) fine; c) restriction of business
activities; d) suspension of business activities; e) revocation of business license; f) cancellation of approval; and/or g) cancellation of registration.
33. Relative to other compliance activities required of entities in this jurisdiction, is the cost of compliance:
o Below average
Average
o Above average
o Not applicable
o Unknown or prefer not to answer
34. Provide supplemental explanation of your assessment of the associated costs of compliance. If referencing new sources (i.e. not referenced in Question 3), provide a web-archived link to the source material.
35. To provide contextual information, give a general assessment of the extent to which regulated entities have made compliance a priority.
o Below average
Average
o Above average
o Not applicable
o Unknown or prefer not to answer

36. Provide supplemental explanation of your priority assessment. If referencing new sources (i.e. not referenced in Question 3), provide a web-archived link to the source material.

37. Have the climate-specific provisions in this instrument ever been enforced?
o No (If relevant, explain)
Yes
38. Briefly note one to two exemplary cases of enforcement. If referencing new sources (i.e. not referenced in Question 3), provide a web-archived link to the source material.
39. Are there monitoring systems in place to oversee the implementation and/or enforcement of the policy tool?
∘ No
40. Describe the manitoring systems in place. Plages reference the relevant
40. Describe the monitoring systems in place. Please reference the relevant section/subsection/paragraph of the policy tool where monitoring systems are set.
Article 2.
41. Does the policy tool recommend or require periodic impact assessments?
No
○ Recommended
○ Required
43. Does the policy tool recommend or require periodic reviews?

● No
o Recommended
o Required
45. Does the policy tool include mechanisms for enhancing policy or regulatory coordination with subnational governments (e.g. vertical coordination mechanisms such as appointing coordinating agencies, forming working groups, etc.)?
No
o Yes
47. Are there any government initiatives to enhance the capacity of targeted entities to implement or comply with the policy tool (e.g. industry working groups, outreach campaigns, education and training, etc.)?
∘ No
48. Describe initiatives for enhancing the capacity of targeted entities to implement or comply with the policy tool. Reference the relevant section/subsection/paragraph of the policy tool where capacity-building initiatives are established. If referencing new sources (i.e. not referenced in Question 3), provide a web-archived link to the source material.
Article 24.
Domain-Specific Questions: Transition Planning Questions
Disclosure of Plans and Targets

Monitoring, Oversight, and Implementation
o Required
Recommended
No
164. Does the policy tool recommend or require targeted entities to have or develop a transition plan?
Transition Plans
o Required
o Recommended
No
135. Does the policy tool recommend or require targeted entities to have or develop climate-related targets?
Targets
∘ Required
∘ Recommended
<ul><li>No</li></ul>
132. Are targeted entities recommended or required to publicly disclose climate-related targets or transition plans?

176. Does the policy tool recommend or require entities undertake any of the following with regard to monitoring, oversight, and implementation? Select all that apply.

	Recommended	Required	No
Monitor progress in implementing their transition plan			
Develop financial plans for the implementation of their transition plan			
Integrate climate- related matters into their financial accounting			
Incorporate climate change considerations into their investment decision making and/or asset planning			
Incorporate climate change considerations into their capital allocation and/or expenditure plans			
Any other mechanisms for enhancing the achievement of targets and/or the implementation of transition plans			

\_\_\_\_\_

and Governance		
·	•	
Recommended	Required	No
·	•	-
	recommend or require rnance practices with Recommended	recommend or require targeted entities aligernance practices with their targets and/or to recommended Required

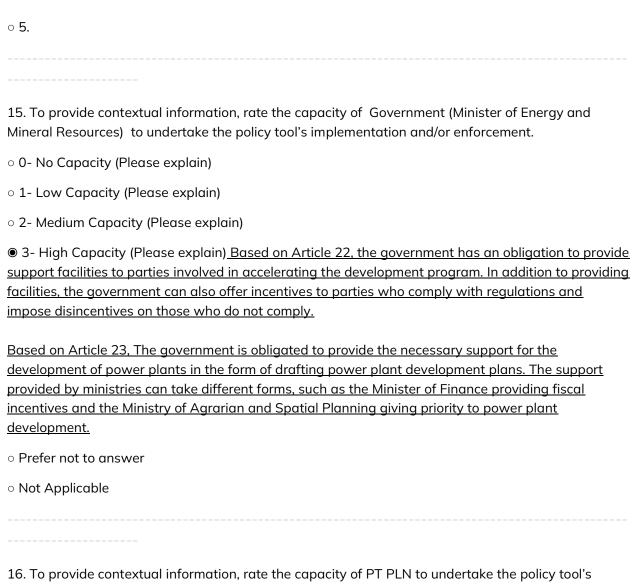
Standards, Frameworks	, and Guidelines		
194 Does the policy tool	require the use of	or make reference to any o	f the following standards
frameworks, or guideline	-		i the following standards,
Trainerrents, or gardenine	- Coloct an traca	· · · ·	
	Required	Referenced	Neither required nor referenced
IFRS S1			<b>I</b>
IFRS S2			<b>I</b>
Task Force on Climate-related Financial Disclosures (TCFD)			
CDP (formerly known as Climate Disclosure Project) Technical Note: Reporting on Climate Transition Plans			☑
International Integrated Reporting Framework			☑
Global Reporting Initiative (GRI)			V
Sustainability Accounting Standards Board (SASB)			V
Science Based Targets initiative (SBTi)			V
Science Based Targets initiative (SBTi) Net Zero Standard			
European Sustainability Reporting Standards (ESRS)			
Other			V
Additional Important Inf	ormation		

197. Note any additional important information about the contribution of the policy tool to net zero alignment not captured in the above questions. If referencing new sources (i.e. not referenced in Question 3), provide a web-archived link to the source material.

## Policy Tool Name: Presidential Regulation No. 112 of 2022 on Acceleration of Renewable Energy Development for Electricity Power Supply

htt	Source material link(s): :ps://web.archive.org/web/20240815103451/https://peraturan.bpk.go.id/Download/219946/Perpres 20Nomor%20112%20Tahun%202022.pdf
4.	Which of the following governance domains does this policy tool relate to? Select all that apply.
	Climate-related disclosure
<b>V</b>	Transition planning
<b>√</b>	Public procurement
5.	If relevant, briefly explain how the policy tool applies or is linked to multiple domains.
rer pro	is policy tool is a basis for the issuance of further regulations, aimed to accelerate the formation of newable energy power plants by granting fiscal incentives from the Government to power plant oviders that use renewable energy, therein with the intent to attract more investors to develop newable energy power plants in Indonesia to accelerate the utilization of renewable sources of ergy for electricity.
6.	Select the category which best describes the author/issuer of the policy tool.
	Head of state and/or government
	Independent regulatory or supervisory body
	Legislature
	Judiciary
	Ministry/Department/Agency
	Other (Please describe)
7.	Status of the policy tool
•	Approved, in force

Approved, not yet in force
o Other (Please describe)
9. Year of (planned) entry into force or year of publication
<u>2022</u>
10. Does the policy tool have an end date?
No     No
o Yes
12. Briefly describe the policy tool's goal and/or purpose:
For example: The policy tool requires publicly listed companies to comply with the
recommendations of the Task Force for Climate Related Financial Disclosure or to explain the absence of such disclosures.
PR 112/2022 stipulates the requirements for low-emission power plant construction as well as further progression on the elimination of Coal Power Plants usage to reduce reliance on them as
primary sources of electrical power. The new regulation is also aimed to accelerate the formation of
renewable energy power plants by granting fiscal incentives from the Government to power plant providers that use renewable energy, therefore to attract more investors to develop renewable
energy power plants in Indonesia to accelerate utilization of renewable sources of energy for
electricity power supply.
13. Name the authority(ies) responsible for overseeing implementation and/or enforcement. If not applicable, leave blank.
o <b>4</b> .



- 16. To provide contextual information, rate the capacity of PT PLN to undertake the policy tool's implementation and/or enforcement.
- o 0- No Capacity (Please explain)
- o 1- Low Capacity (Please explain)
- © 2- Medium Capacity (Please explain) <u>Based on Article 2, PT PLN has an obligation to conduct and implement the Electricity Supply Business Plan which was established by the Minister. In its implementation, PT PLN is required to consider several things, such as prioritizing the purchase of electricity from plants that utilize renewable energy sources.</u>

<u>Based on Article 3 paragraph (5), PT PLN has the authority to accelerate or terminate the operation time of power plants and/or power purchase agreements</u>

- o 3- High Capacity (Please explain)
- o Prefer not to answer

o Not Applicable			
17 To provide contextual	information rate the can	acity of Indonesia Ministr	ies to undertake the
policy tool's implementati	•	derty of indonesia iviinst	ies to undertake the
o 0- No Capacity (Please	explain)		
o 1- Low Capacity (Pleas	e explain)		
o 2- Medium Capacity (Pl	ease explain)		
● 3- High Capacity (Please explain) <u>Based on Article 2, The minister has the authority to establish</u> the Electricity Supply Business Plan and coordinate with the Ministry of State-Owned Enterprises and the Ministry of Finance.			
Based on Article 29, Ministries have the authority to conduct guidance and supervision over parties related to this regulation. The Minister has the right to receive reports related to the operations of PT PLN and other parties involved in the Acceleration of Renewable Energy Development for Electricity Power Supply.			
o Prefer not to answer			
○ Not Applicable			
25. Which entities are targeted through this policy tool? Select all that apply.			
Note: With regard to sectoral actors, in cases where mandatory and voluntary obligations are mixed (e.g., mandatory for one sector, voluntary for another), select "mandatory" as there will be further opportunity to clarify.			
	Mandatory	Voluntary	Not targeted
1. Publicly-traded entities			
2. Private companies			<b>V</b>
3. Financial institutions			<b>V</b>
4. Small and medium- sized enterprises			☑
5. State-owned companies			
6. Not-for-profit organizations			V

7. Government

agencies and/or

**√** 

	departments			
ļ	(supranational)			
	8. Government	✓		
	agencies and/or			
ļ	departments (national)			
	9. Government			✓
	agencies and/or			
	departments (regional			
	- e.g., state, province,			
	region, metropolitan			
ļ	region)			
	10. Government			☑
	agencies and/or			
	departments (local -			
	e.g., county, district,			
ļ	municipality, city)			
	11. Government			☑
	agencies and/or			
	departments			
ļ	(unspecified)			
	12. Sectoral actors			
	(e.g., healthcare,			
	defense, utilities,			
	education)			
I	13. Other	☑		
	<u>13. Other Text: PT PLN (P</u>	<u>'ersero), Power station de</u>	<u>veloper, Ministry of Energy</u>	<u>y and Mineral Resources,</u>
	<u>and all types of power ge</u>	neration operated by pow	<u>ver producers (steam, air, </u>	<u>coal, coal steam,</u>
	<u>biomass, sea, biogas, biof</u>	<u>fuels, and geothermal sou</u>	<u>rces)</u>	

mandatory. Minimum number of employees (Enter min number of full-time employees - FTEs) Minimum revenue (Enter minimum revenue) Minimum assets (Enter minimum assets) Minimum contract value (Enter minimum contract value) Entity is headquartered in the jurisdiction Entities are subjected to disclosure or reporting requirements 28. Can entities for whom compliance with the policy tool is mandatory opt out of the obligation (e.g. comply or explain)? No o Yes 30. Does the policy tool exclusively apply to entities' domestic operations, or does it also apply to entities' operations beyond the jurisdiction? Operations within jurisdiction only o Operations beyond the jurisdiction Not applicable 32. What are the sanctions for non-compliance? Select all that apply and describe in the text field. ☐ Monetary fine ☐ Restriction on business activities ☐ Voiding or setting aside of contract ☐ Exclusion from government contracts ☐ Award of damages or compensation ☐ Penalty for senior managers ☐ Criminal penalties

✓ Not specified

27. Describe the threshold criteria to identify entities for whom or instances in which compliance is

□ Not applicable (e.g. in cases of voluntary tools)
□ Other
33. Relative to other compliance activities required of entities in this jurisdiction, is the cost of compliance:
o Below average
Average
Above average
o Not applicable
o Unknown or prefer not to answer
34. Provide supplemental explanation of your assessment of the associated costs of compliance. If referencing new sources (i.e. not referenced in Question 3), provide a web-archived link to the source material.
35. To provide contextual information, give a general assessment of the extent to which regulated entities have made compliance a priority.
o Below average
<ul><li>Average</li></ul>
Above average
o Not applicable
Unknown or prefer not to answer

36. Provide supplemental explanation of your priority assessment. If referencing new sources (i.e. not referenced in Question 3), provide a web-archived link to the source material.

37. Have the climate-specific provisions in this instrument ever been enforced?
o No (If relevant, explain)
Yes
38. Briefly note one to two exemplary cases of enforcement. If referencing new sources (i.e. not referenced in Question 3), provide a web-archived link to the source material.
39. Are there monitoring systems in place to oversee the implementation and/or enforcement of the policy tool?
∘ No
● Yes
40. Describe the monitoring systems in place. Please reference the relevant section/subsection/paragraph of the policy tool where monitoring systems are set.
Chapter VI
41. Does the policy tool recommend or require periodic impact assessments?
No     No
<ul> <li>Recommended</li> </ul>
o Required
43. Does the policy tool recommend or require periodic reviews?
No     No

o Recommended
o Required
45. Does the policy tool include mechanisms for enhancing policy or regulatory coordination with subnational governments (e.g. vertical coordination mechanisms such as appointing coordinating agencies, forming working groups, etc.)?
∘ No
46. Describe the mechanisms for enhancing regulatory coordination with subnational governments. Reference the relevant section/subsection/paragraph of the policy tool where mechanisms for coordination with subnational governments are set.
The provisions regarding this are stipulated in several articles, such as articles 22, 23, etc.
47. Are there any government initiatives to enhance the capacity of targeted entities to implement or comply with the policy tool (e.g. industry working groups, outreach campaigns, education and training, etc.)?
∘ No
Yes
48. Describe initiatives for enhancing the capacity of targeted entities to implement or comply with the policy tool. Reference the relevant section/subsection/paragraph of the policy tool where capacity-building initiatives are established. If referencing new sources (i.e. not referenced in Question 3), provide a web-archived link to the source material.
<u>Chapter VI</u>

Domain-Specific Questions: Transition Planning Questions
Disclosure of Plans and Targets
132. Are targeted entities recommended or required to publicly disclose climate-related targets or transition plans?
No     No
○ Recommended
○ Required
Targets
135. Does the policy tool recommend or require targeted entities to have or develop climate-related targets?
○ No
○ Recommended
Required
136. Does the policy tool recommend or require entities to monitor progress in achieving their targets?
∘ No
○ Recommended
Required

137. Describe and reference the section/subsection/paragraph of the policy tool relevant to monitoring progress in achieving targets.

Provided in the NDC				
138. Does the policy tool achieving their targets?	recommend or require	e targeted entities to p	oublicly report on progress in	1
No				
o Recommended				
o Required				
140. Which of the following require entities have or d			the policy tool recommend o	ır
	Recommended	Required	No	
An absolute emissions			V	
reduction target				
An intensity-based				
emissions reduction				
target				
A net zero target			☑	
Interim targets (e.g. 2030, 2050)		<b>☑</b>		
Targets covering non-			☑	
carbon GHG emissions				
A Scope 3 emissions target			<b>☑</b>	
A target derived using		V		
a sectoral				
decarbonization				
approach				
A level of ambition for		V		
emissions reductions				
(e.g. 80% reduction)				
A baseline year from			$\square$	
which progress is				
measured				
A target timeframe				
(e.g. by 2040)				
Targets for renewable		V		
energy procurement				
Targets for fossil fuel			☑	
phase down/phase up				

Separate targets for GHG offsets and/or removals			☑	
Targets or goals related to climate adaptation			Ø	
Targets or goals related to nature and biodiversity			V	
Other targets related to sustainability			☑	
	ended or required year fo	r interim targets?		
o 2025-2030				
<ul><li>2031-2040</li><li>2041-2050</li></ul>				
<ul><li>Other</li></ul>				
<ul><li>Not specified</li></ul>				
146. What is the recommended or required level of ambition for interim targets?				
○ Reduction between 1-25%				
○ Reduction between 51-75%				
○ Reduction of over 76%				
o Other				
o Not specified				
148. For which of the following sectors are entities recommended or required to develop targets derived using a sectoral decarbonization approach? Select all that apply.				
☑ Power generation				
□ Industry				

☐ Transport Services
☐ Services/Commercial buildings
□ Other
□ None specified
149. Does the policy tool recommend or require targets derived using a sectoral decarbonization approach be validated by a third-party?
○ No
o Recommended
Required
150. What is the recommended or required level of ambition for GHG emissions reductions targets?
o Reduction between 1-25%
o Reduction between 51-75%
o Reduction between 75-85%
o Reduction between 85-100%
o Reduction of more than 100%
o Other
153. What is the recommended or required timeframe for targets (e.g. by 2050, 2060)?
o Between 2030 and 2035
o Between 2036 and 2040
o Between 2041 and 2045
o Between 2046 and 2050
o Between 2051 and 2060

o Between 2061 αnd 2070
○ Other
<ul><li>Not specified</li></ul>
154. Describe and reference the section/subsection/paragraph of the policy tool relevant to targets for renewable energy procurement.
Article 3
Transition Plans
164. Does the policy tool recommend or require targeted entities to have or develop a transition plan?
No
○ Recommended
○ Required

Monitoring, Oversight, and Implementation				
470 0 11 11 1				
monitoring, oversight, an	·		y of the following with regard t	
	Recommended	Required	No	
Monitor progress in		Trequired		
implementing their				
transition plan				
Develop financial			<b>☑</b>	
plans for the				
implementation of				
their transition plan				
Integrate climate-			☑	
related matters into				
their financial				
accounting				
Incorporate climate			✓	
change considerations into their investment				
decision making				
and/or asset planning				
Incorporate climate	П			
change considerations				
into their capital				
allocation and/or				
expenditure plans				
Any other mechanisms			<b>☑</b>	
for enhancing the				
achievement of				
targets and/or the				
implementation of				
transition plans				

Engagement, Lobbying, and Governance				
	·	geted entities align any of	<del>-</del>	
engagement and/or gove	rnance practices with the	ir targets and/or transitior	ı plans?	
	Recommended	Required	No	
Value chain engagement			V	
Investor engagement			<b>V</b>	
Consumer			V	
engagement				
Policy engagement and lobbying practices			<b>V</b>	
Corporate governance structure for transition and verification			☑	
Climate-related financial incentives for employees and board members			V	
185. Does the policy tool recommend or require targeted entities to disclose how they have used due				
diligence and/or stewards	ship to achieve their targe	ets and/or implement their	transition plans?	
No     No				
○ Recommended				
o Required				
Standards, Frameworks, and Guidelines				

194. Does the policy tool require the use of or make reference to any of the following standards, frameworks, or guidelines? Select all that apply.

	Required	Referenced	Neither required nor referenced
IFRS S1			✓
IFRS S2			☑
Task Force on Climate-related Financial Disclosures (TCFD)			
CDP (formerly known as Climate Disclosure Project) Technical Note: Reporting on Climate Transition Plans			
International Integrated Reporting Framework			
Global Reporting Initiative (GRI)			<b>☑</b>
Sustainability Accounting Standards Board (SASB)			
Science Based Targets initiative (SBTi)			☑.
Science Based Targets initiative (SBTi) Net Zero Standard			$\square$
European Sustainability Reporting Standards (ESRS)			
Other			☑
Additional Important Information			

197. Note any additional important information about the contribution of the policy tool to net zero alignment not captured in the above questions. If referencing new sources (i.e. not referenced in Question 3), provide a web-archived link to the source material.

<u>None</u>

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Domain-Specific Questions: Public Procurement Questions
200. Does the policy tool allow, recommend, or require the alignment of public procurement spending with national and/or subnational climate targets?
o No
o Allowed and/or recommended
Required
201. Describe the obligation to align public procurement spending with national and/or subnational
climate targets, referencing the relevant section/subsection/paragraph of the policy tool.
PR 112/2022 stipulates the requirements for low-emission power plant construction as well as
<u>further progression on the elimination of Coal Power Plants usage to reduce reliance on them as</u> <u>primary sources of electrical power</u>

202. Does the policy tool	cot targets in relation	to climate alianed	procurement? Co	loct all that apply
ZUZ. Does the bolicy tool	set taraets in relation	to climate-alianea	procurement: Se	lect all that apply.

	Allowed/recommended	Required	Not applicable
A minimum percentage of tenders/contracts which must			
include climate-related criteria			
A minimum number of climate-related criteria to be included in purchases/tenders			
A minimum value of procurement spend which must include climate-related criteria			
A maximum amount of greenhouse gas emissions associated with tenders/contracts (i.e. a carbon ceiling/envelope)			
Targets for the reduction of fossil fuel energy consumption associated with tenders/contracts			
Targets for the procurement of products which have a third-party sustainability certification/ ecolabel/ voluntary sustainability standard			
Other (Please describe and reference the section/subsection/paragraph of the policy tool relevant to other climate-aligned procurement targets)			☑
Other Text:			
Procurement Cycle			

204. Does the policy tool make recommendations or allowances or set requirements related to climate change mitigation at the procurement planning stage? Select all that apply.

	Allowed/	Required	Not applicable
	recommended		
Procuring entities		☑	
consider climate			
change mitigation			
and/or GHG emissions			
reductions goals when			
defining their			
procurement needs			
Procuring entities have		☑	
a strategy, plan, or			
policy regarding the			
alignment of			
procurement practices			
with climate objectives			
Procuring entities set			
aside a portion of their			
procurement budgets			
for climate-aligned			
procurement			
Procuring entities			<b>V</b>
include emissions from			
procurement in their			
carbon budget			
Procuring entities			<b>I</b>
follow guidance on			<u> </u>
calculating			
procurement-related			
emissions			
Procuring entities			✓
inform and/or consult			
with market actors in			
advance of publishing			
the formal call for			
tenders, in relation to			
climate considerations			
(i.e. pre-procurement			
consultation,			
engagement, or			
dialogue)			
Other allowances,			abla
recommendations or			
requirements related			
to climate change			
mitigation or GHG			
emissions at the			
procurement planning			
stage			

205. To which of the following do climate change mitigation and/or GHG emission reduction goals apply with regard to the definition of procurement needs? Select all that apply.
□ Goods
☑ Services
□ Works
206. Describe the obligation for procuring entities to consider climate change mitigation and/or GHG emissions reductions goals when defining their procurement needs, referencing the relevant section/subsection/paragraph of the policy tool.
PT PLN should consider the economic value of renewable energy power plant in setting out its Electricity Procurement Business Plan.
207. Must the strategy, plan, or policy regarding the alignment of procurement practices with climate objectives be published?
No     No
o Yes
209. Describe the obligation for procuring entities to have a strategy, plan, or policy regarding the alignment of procurement practices with climate objectives, referencing the relevant section/subsection/paragraph of the policy tool.
Article 2 of PR 112/2022.
Life-cycle or Whole-life Costing

environmental costs, end-of-life costs, etc.)?
No
o Allow and/or recommend
o Require
Tendering or Solicitation Stage

217. Does the policy tool recommend or require the use of life-cycle costing or whole-life costing to capture climate-related impacts (e.g. energy or fuel consumption, monetized emissions or other

222. Does the policy tool make allowances, recommendations or set requirements at the tendering or solicitation stage? Select all that apply.

	Allowed/recommended	Required	Not applicable
Exclusion or debarment grounds based on compliance with climate obligations	V		
Qualification or selection criteria related to climate change			☑
Including climate or environmental considerations when calculating value for money, including through the use of lifecycle or whole-life costing			
Technical specifications (e.g. setting minimum levels of energy efficiency or maximum product carbon emissions)			
Contract award criteria or value for money evaluation frameworks (e.g. minimum scores/performance levels under climate- related criteria, preferences for climate or sustainable products)			
Other procurement stage allowances, recommendations or requirements			☑
Exclusion or Debarment	Grounds		

224. Are there any conditions for the application of exclusion or debarment grounds?
No     No
$\circ$ Yes (Describe the conditions, referencing the relevant section/subsection/paragraph of the policy tool)
225. To which of the following do the exclusion/debarment grounds relate? Select all that apply.
$\hfill\square$ Absence of convictions/prosecutions for climate and/or environmental offences
□ Requirements linked to climate-responsible business conduct, e.g. adequate supply chain transparency (including Scope 3 GHG emissions inventory), GHG emissions reductions targets, climate-related transition plans, etc.
$\hfill\square$ Poor performance and/or failure to evidence progress on corporate climate and environmental policies
$\hfill\square$ Requirements related to past performance, e.g. absence of contracts which have been terminated on climate or environmental grounds
□ Other (Describe any additional climate-related exclusion grounds, referencing the relevant section/subsection/paragraph of the policy tool)
Contract Performance
Contract i enormance
249. Does the policy tool make allowances, recommendations or set requirements at the contract performance stage (e.g. contract clauses, key performance indicators or conditions which must be included to monitor and report on emissions or other metrics)?
No     No
o Allowed and/or recommended
o Required

**Monitoring and Reporting** 

252. Does the policy tool include allowances, recommendations or requirements to monitor and/or report upon climate-aligned procurement?
No     No
Allowed and/or recommended
○ Required
Standards, Frameworks, and Guidelines

262. Does the policy tool require the use of or make reference to any of the following standards, frameworks, or guidelines? Select all that apply.

	Required	Referenced	Neither required nor referenced
1. Paris Agreement			✓
2. The jurisdiction's		<b>V</b>	
Nationally Determined			
Contribution (NDC)			
3. IFRS S1			V
4. IFRS S2			V
5. Task Force on Climate-			<b>V</b>
related Financial Disclosures			
(TCFD)			
6. GHG Protocol Corporate			☑
Accounting and Reporting			
Standard			
7. GHG Protocol Corporate Value Chain (Scope 3)			<b>V</b>
Accounting and Reporting			
Standard			
8. CDP (formerly known as			<b>V</b>
Climate Disclosure Project)			
reporting framework			
9. Science Based Targets			V
initiative (SBTi)			
10. Science Based Targets			✓
initiative (SBTi) Net Zero			
Standard			
11. United Nations			✓
Sustainable Development			
Goals (SDGs)  12. ISO 20400 Sustainable			✓
Procurement			
13. EU Green Public			<b>V</b>
Procurement criteria and			
guidance			
14. UNEP Sustainable Public			<b>☑</b>
Procurement			
Implementation Guidelines			
15. OECD MAPS -			<b>V</b>
Supplementary Module on			
Sustainable Public			
Procurement	_	_	_
16. Asian Development			
Bank Guidelines for			
Sustainable Procurement			
17. African Development Bank Sustainable Public			
Procurement Guidance Note			
1 Tocarcificht Guidance Note			<u> </u>

18. Inter-American		<b>☑</b>
Development Bank Green		
Procurement Guidelines		
19. EDBR Project		
Requirements/Environmental		
and Social Action Plan		
20. World Bank		<b>3</b>
Environmental and Social		
Framework		
21. Other		<b>\( </b>
<b>Additional Important Informat</b>	ion	

265. Note any additional important information about the contribution of the policy tool to net zero alignment not captured in the above questions. If referencing new sources (i.e. not referenced in Question 3), provide a web-archived link to the source material.

Policy Tool Name: Ministry of Environment and Forestry ("MoEF") Regulation No. P.73/MENLHK/SETJEN/KUM.1/12/2017 on Guidelines For the Implementation and Reporting of the National GHG Inventory

1 9
3. Source material link(s): https://web.archive.org/web/20220810133027/https://jdih.maritim.go.id/cfind/source/files/permenlhk/permenlhk-nomor-p.73-tahun-2017.pdf
4. Which of the following governance domains does this policy tool relate to? Select all that apply.
☑ Climate-related disclosure
☑ Transition planning
□ Public procurement
5. If relevant, briefly explain how the policy tool applies or is linked to multiple domains.
This regulation acts as a basis for the issuance of upcoming regulations, wherein all related business entities are now obliged to report their Greenhouse Gas ("GHG") production based on the guidelines
for reporting as set out in this regulation in order to maintain a National GHG Inventory as supervised by the Ministry of Environment and Forestry.
6. Select the category which best describes the author/issuer of the policy tool.
□ Head of state and/or government
□ Independent regulatory or supervisory body
□ Legislature
☑ Ministry/Department/Agency
□ Other (Please describe)
7. Status of the policy tool
Approved, in force
o Approved, not yet in force

o Other (Please describe)
9. Year of (planned) entry into force or year of publication
<u>2017</u>
10. Does the policy tool have an end date?
No
∘ Yes
12. Briefly describe the policy tool's goal and/or purpose:
For example: The policy tool requires publicly listed companies to comply with the recommendations of the Task Force for Climate Related Financial Disclosure or to explain the absence of such disclosures.
This regulation governs the guidelines for the implementation and reporting of the national GHG inventory in Indonesia. The issuance of this regulation aligns with the contents of the UNFCCC, which aims to control and reduce carbon emissions, as well as to protect the earth from harmful climate change. All related business entities are now provided with guidelines for reporting the national GHG inventory. The activity of GHG inventory reporting is conducted to collect data and information regarding the levels, status, and trends of GHG emissions periodically from various emission sources and their absorption. With the regulation of this report, entities associated with GHG emissions are obligated to provide information about emissions associated with their activities and/or climate risk exposure.
13. Name the authority(ies) responsible for overseeing implementation and/or enforcement. If not applicable, leave blank.
∘ 3.
o <b>4</b> .

o 5.
15. To provide contextual information, rate the capacity of GHG Inventory Organizer to undertake the policy tool's implementation and/or enforcement.
o 0- No Capacity (Please explain)
o 1- Low Capacity (Please explain)
o 2- Medium Capacity (Please explain)
© 3- High Capacity (Please explain) <u>Based on Article 7, GHG Inventory Organizer as elected and convened by the MoF is responsible to conduct GHG inventory reporting to the MoF.</u>
o Prefer not to answer
o Not Applicable
16. To provide contextual information, rate the capacity of Ministry of Environment and Forestry to undertake the policy tool's implementation and/or enforcement.
o 0- No Capacity (Please explain)
o 1- Low Capacity (Please explain)
o 2- Medium Capacity (Please explain)
© 3- High Capacity (Please explain) <u>Based on Article 11, MoEF has the duty to prepare the National Communication Report on Climate Change and the Biennial Update Report ("BUR"); evaluate the achievement of NDC implementation; and formulate policies.</u>
o Prefer not to answer
o Not Applicable

25. Which entities are targeted through this policy tool? Select all that apply.

Note: With regard to sectoral actors, in cases where mandatory and voluntary obligations are mixed (e.g., mandatory for one sector, voluntary for another), select "mandatory" as there will be further opportunity to clarify.

	Mandatory	Voluntary	Not targeted
1. Publicly-traded			
entities			
2. Private companies			
3. Financial institutions			
4. Small and medium-			
sized enterprises			
5. State-owned			
companies			
6. Not-for-profit			
organizations			
7. Government			
agencies and/or			
departments			
(supranational)			
8. Government			
agencies and/or			
departments (national)	_		
9. Government			
agencies and/or			
departments (regional			
- e.g., state, province,			
region, metropolitan			
region)			
10. Government			
agencies and/or			
departments (local -			
e.g., county, district, municipality, city)			
11. Government			
agencies and/or			
departments			
(unspecified)			
12. Sectoral actors			
(e.g., healthcare,			
defense, utilities,			
education)			
13. Other		П	П
		_	_
13. Other Text: The Organizer of the GHG Inventory, the MoEF, and the Indonesian Government			

13. Other	V			
13. Other Text: The	Organizer of the	GHG Inventory, the MoEF, and	d the Indonesian Gov	<u>vernment</u>
		•		

mandatory. Minimum number of employees (Enter min number of full-time employees - FTEs) Minimum revenue (Enter minimum revenue) Minimum assets (Enter minimum assets) Minimum contract value (Enter minimum contract value) Entity is headquartered in the jurisdiction Entities are subjected to disclosure or reporting requirements 28. Can entities for whom compliance with the policy tool is mandatory opt out of the obligation (e.g. comply or explain)? No o Yes 30. Does the policy tool exclusively apply to entities' domestic operations, or does it also apply to entities' operations beyond the jurisdiction? Operations within jurisdiction only o Operations beyond the jurisdiction Not applicable 32. What are the sanctions for non-compliance? Select all that apply and describe in the text field. ☐ Monetary fine ☐ Restriction on business activities ☐ Voiding or setting aside of contract ☐ Exclusion from government contracts ☐ Award of damages or compensation ☐ Penalty for senior managers ☐ Criminal penalties

✓ Not specified

27. Describe the threshold criteria to identify entities for whom or instances in which compliance is

□ Not applicable (e.g. in cases of voluntary tools)
□ Other
33. Relative to other compliance activities required of entities in this jurisdiction, is the cost of compliance:
o Below average
o Above average
o Not applicable
o Unknown or prefer not to answer
34. Provide supplemental explanation of your assessment of the associated costs of compliance. If referencing new sources (i.e. not referenced in Question 3), provide a web-archived link to the source material.
35. To provide contextual information, give a general assessment of the extent to which regulated entities have made compliance a priority.
o Below average
Average
o Above average
o Not applicable
o Unknown or prefer not to answer

36. Provide supplemental explanation of your priority assessment. If referencing new sources (i.e. not referenced in Question 3), provide a web-archived link to the source material.

37. Have the climate-specific provisions in this instrument ever been enforced?
o No (If relevant, explain)
Yes
38. Briefly note one to two exemplary cases of enforcement. If referencing new sources (i.e. not referenced in Question 3), provide a web-archived link to the source material.
39. Are there monitoring systems in place to oversee the implementation and/or enforcement of the policy tool?
No
o Yes
41. Does the policy tool recommend or require periodic impact assessments?
No
o Recommended
o Required
43. Does the policy tool recommend or require periodic reviews?
No
<ul> <li>Recommended</li> </ul>
o Required

45. Does the policy tool include mechanisms for enhancing policy or regulatory coordination with subnational governments (e.g. vertical coordination mechanisms such as appointing coordinating agencies, forming working groups, etc.)?				
∘ No				
Yes				
	ection/subsection/paragr	atory coordination with sul aph of the policy tool wher et.	=	
Article 7				
, ,		nce the capacity of targeted groups, outreach campaig	•	
No				
∘ Yes				
Domain-Specific Questic	ns: Disclosure Questions			
Domain Speeme Question	nis. Disclosure Questions			
	_			
What is being disclosed	?			
52. Are targeted entities information? Select all th	·	d to disclose any of the foll	owing climate-related	
	Recommended	Required	Neither recommended nor required	
1. Greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions		V		
2. GHG emissions		V		
offsets or removals  3. GHG emissions		<u> </u>		
reduction targets				
4. Other climate- related targets			✓	

5. Physical climate risk			✓	
6. Transition risk			<b>✓</b>	
7. Transition plan			<b>V</b>	
<b></b>				
Disclosure of Greenhous	e Gas (GHG) Emissions			
54. Which GHG emissions	s must be disclosed? Sele	ct all that apply.		
☑ Carbon dioxide (CO <sub>2</sub> )				
☑ Methane (CH4)				
□ Nitrous oxide (N₂O)				
☐ Hydrofluorocarbons (H	FCs)			
☐ Perfluorocarbons (PFC	s)			
☐ Sulphur hexafluoride (S	SF6)			
□ Nitrogen trifluoride (NF	:3)			
□ Carbon dioxide equival	lent (CO2e)			
55. Are entities recommended or required to disclose gross emissions?				
No				
o Recommended				
o Required				
56. Are entities recommended or required to disclose net emissions?				
o No				
o Recommended				
Required				

57. What Scope of emissions must be disclosed? Select all that apply.
☑ Scope 1 emissions
☐ Scope 2 emissions
☐ Scope 3 emissions, relevant or material
□ Scope 3 emissions, a specified proportion of coverage (Please describe)
□ Scope 3 emissions, all
□ Not specified
58. Are entities recommended or required to disclose GHG emissions accounting methodologies or standards?
GHG emissions
59. Does the policy tool recommend or require the GHG inventory be third-party verified?
No
• Recommended
o Required
'
60. If necessary, provide additional clarification to the above responses aboutgreenhouse gas (GHG) emissions disclosure.
This regulation provide general and technical guidance to report the GHG emissions reports.
Disclosure of Greenhouse Gas (GHG) Offsets or Removals

62. Does the policy tool recommend or require offsetting purchases be disclosed?
No     No
o Recommended (Please describe and reference the relevant section/subsection/paragraph of the policy tool)
<ul> <li>Required (Please describe and reference the relevant section/subsection/paragraph of the policy tool)</li> </ul>
63. Does the policy tool recommend or require entities disclose whether offsets are verified?
<ul><li>No</li></ul>
o Recommended (Please describe and reference the relevant section/subsection/paragraph of the policy tool)
<ul> <li>Required (Please describe and reference the relevant section/subsection/paragraph of the policy tool)</li> </ul>
64. Does the policy tool recommend or require any certification standards for the use of GHG offsetting or removals?
No     No
o Recommended (Please list the certification standards, describe their use, and reference the relevant section/subsection/paragraph of the policy tool)
o Required (Please describe and reference the relevant section/subsection/paragraph of the policy tool)
65. Does the policy tool include any other recommendations or requirements regarding the appropriate use of offsets?
No     No
o Recommended (Please describe and reference the relevant section/subsection/paragraph of the policy tool)
o Required (Please describe and reference the relevant section/subsection/paragraph of the policy tool)

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Disclosure of Greenhouse Gas (GHG) Emissions Reduction Targets  67. Which of the following targets, or data related to targets, does the policy tool request entities disclose? Select any of the following which apply:				
		Ø.		
		☑.		
		☑		
		V		
		V		
		☑		
		<b>Z</b>		
		$\square$		
		V		
	entities to disclose the	ir progress in achieving their		
	g targets, or data relate following which app	g targets, or data related to targets, does the following which apply:    Recommended   Required		

Other disclosures

105. Are targeted entities recommended or required to disclose any other climate-related information? Select all that apply.

	Required	Recommended	Neither recommended nor required
1. Climate-related opportunities			✓
2. Remuneration based on achieving climate-related goals			V
3. Taxonomies			<b>7</b>
4. Capital allocation and/or expenditure plans (in the context of climate change)			V
5. Due diligence			V
6. Assumptions and Dependencies			Ø
7. Data limitations of scenario analyses			<b>V</b>
8. Financial implications of climate-related matters (e.g., integration of climate-related disclosures into financial accounting standards)			
9. Stewardship (e.g., whether stewardship codes are in place, how entities vote in shareholder meetings, etc.)			☑
10. ESG methodologies and criteria (in the case of service providers)			oxdot
11. Asset planning or ownership in the context of climate change			
12. Sectoral investment policies			V
13. Climate-related lobbying and/or policy engagement			V
14. Locked-in emissions or information on			☑

emissive assets with long lifespans			
15. Dirty asset divestiture			<b>☑</b>
16. Nature-related impacts			
17. Just transition			☑
indicators			
Standards, Frameworks	, and Guidelines	1	
425 D			
• •	=	e reference to any of the f	ollowing standards,
frameworks, or guidelines	s? Select all that apply.		
	Required	Referenced	Neither required nor
	'		referenced
1. IFRS S1			<b>V</b>
2. IFRS S2			<b>☑</b>
3. Task Force on			<b>V</b>
Climate-related	_		
Financial Disclosures			
(TCFD)			
4. GHG Protocol			<b></b> ✓
Corporate Accounting			
and Reporting			
Standard			
5. GHG Protocol			☑
Corporate Value Chain			
(Scope 3) Accounting			
and Reporting			
Standard			
6. CDP (formerly			☑
known as Climate			
Disclosure Project)			
reporting framework			
7. International			
Integrated Reporting			
Framework			
8. Global Reporting			
Initiative (GRI)			
9. Sustainability			$\square$
Accounting Standards			
Board (SASB)			
10. European Sustainability			
Reporting Standards			
(ESRS)			
(20110)	<u> </u>		l

11. Taskforce on Nature-related Financial Disclosures (TNFD)						
12. Partnership for Carbon Accounting Financials (PCAF)			☑			
13. Glasgow Financial Alliance for Net Zero (GFANZ)			☑			
14. Other	V					
126. List any other standards, frameworks or guidelines integrated into or referred to within the policy tool. Please provide a web-archived link to each standard/framework/guideline listed. <u>United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change</u> <u>Kyoto Protocol to the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change</u> <u>Paris Agreement to the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change</u>						
Additional Important Information  128. Note any additional important information about the contribution of the policy tool to net zero alignment not captured in the above questions. If referencing new sources (i.e. not referenced in Question 3), provide a web-archived link to the source material.						
Domain-Specific Question	ns: Transition Planning Qu	uestions				
Disclosure of Plans and Targets						

Monitoring, Oversight, and Implementation
o Required
o Recommended
No     Decommended
164. Does the policy tool recommend or require targeted entities to have or develop a transition plan
164 Door the policy tool recommend or require torqueted entities to have an develop a transition plans
Transition Plans
o Required
<ul><li>No</li><li>Recommended</li></ul>
targets?
135. Does the policy tool recommend or require targeted entities to have or develop climate-related
Targets
Required
○ Recommended
○ No
132. Are targeted entities recommended or required to publicly disclose climate-related targets or transition plans?

176. Does the policy tool recommend or require entities undertake any of the following with regard to

monitoring, oversight, and implementation? Select all that apply.

	Recommended	Required	No
Monitor progress in implementing their transition plan			
Develop financial plans for the implementation of their transition plan			
Integrate climate- related matters into their financial accounting			
Incorporate climate change considerations into their investment decision making and/or asset planning			
Incorporate climate change considerations into their capital allocation and/or expenditure plans			
Any other mechanisms for enhancing the achievement of targets and/or the implementation of transition plans			

\_\_\_\_\_

Engagement, Lobbying, and Governance					
184. Does the policy tool engagement and/or gove	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	=	_		
	Recommended	Required	No		
Value chain engagement			V		
Investor engagement			☑		
Consumer engagement			V		
Policy engagement and lobbying practices			V		
Corporate governance structure for transition and verification			V		
Climate-related financial incentives for employees and board members			☑		
185. Does the policy tool diligence and/or steward	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	=	isclose how they have used due nt their transition plans?		
No					
o Recommended					
o Required					

Standards, Frameworks, and Guidelines						
194. Does the policy tool require the use of or make reference to any of the following standards, frameworks, or guidelines? Select all that apply.						
	Required	Referenced	Neither required nor referenced			
IFRS S1			<b>☑</b>			
IFRS S2			<b>☑</b>			
Task Force on Climate-related Financial Disclosures (TCFD)						
CDP (formerly known as Climate Disclosure Project) Technical Note: Reporting on Climate Transition Plans						
International Integrated Reporting Framework						
Global Reporting Initiative (GRI)			V			
Sustainability Accounting Standards Board (SASB)			☑ ☑			
Science Based Targets initiative (SBTi)			V			
Science Based Targets initiative (SBTi) Net Zero Standard			☑ ☑			
European Sustainability Reporting Standards (ESRS)						
Other			V			
Additional Important Information						

197. Note any additional important information about the contribution of the policy tool to net zero alignment not captured in the above questions. If referencing new sources (i.e. not referenced in Question 3), provide a web-archived link to the source material.

Policy Tool Name: Minister of Environment and Forestry ("MoEF") Regulation No. P.20/MENLHK/SETJEN/KUM.1/3/2017 on Quality Standard of Exhaust Gas Emission for Motor Vehicles of New Types in M, N, And O Categories

3. Source material link(s):

https://web.archive.org/web/20240815103934/https://ppkl.menlhk.go.id/website/filebox/653/190930092022Peraturan%20Menteri%20LHK%20Nomor%20P%2020%20Tentang%20Baku%20Mutu%20Emisi%20Gas%20Buang%20Kendaraan%20Bermotor%20Tipe%20Baru%20Kategori%20M%20Katagori%20N%20dan%20Katagori%20O.PDF

4.	Which of the following governance domains does this policy tool relate to? Select all that apply.
	Climate-related disclosure
✓.	Transition planning
	Public procurement
6.	Select the category which best describes the author/issuer of the policy tool.
	Head of state and/or government
	Independent regulatory or supervisory body
	Legislature
	Judiciary
<b>√</b>	Ministry/Department/Agency
	Other (Please describe)
7.	Status of the policy tool
•	Approved, in force
o <i>F</i>	Approved, not yet in force
0 (	Other (Please describe)

9. Year of (planned) entry into force or year of publication
<u>2017</u>
10. Does the policy tool have an end date?
No
o Yes
12. Briefly describe the policy tool's goal and/or purpose:
For example: The policy tool requires publicly listed companies to comply with the recommendations of the Task Force for Climate Related Financial Disclosure or to explain the absence of such disclosures.
This regulation is issued by the Ministry of Environment and Forestry for the implementation of mandatory tests for Motor Vehicles produced in Indonesia to comply with set standards for gas exhaust emissions, therein limiting the amount of pollutants that vehicles can emit from their exhausts. The manufacturer of the motor vehicle must announce the result of this test to the public through printed and/or electronic media, as well as in all promotions of the vehicle's brand.
13. Name the authority(ies) responsible for overseeing implementation and/or enforcement. If not applicable, leave blank.
● 1. Ministry of Environment and Forestry
o 2.
∘ 3.
o 4.
○ 5.
15. To provide contextual information, rate the capacity of Ministry of Environment and Forestry to undertake the policy tool's implementation and/or enforcement.
o 0- No Capacity (Please explain)

- o 1- Low Capacity (Please explain)
- o 2- Medium Capacity (Please explain)
- 3- High Capacity (Please explain) <u>The Ministry of Environment and Forestry is authorized to implement supervision and supervisory tools/methods in inspection of quality standards of exhaust gas emission for motor vehicles as the ministry responsible for enacting this law.</u>

<ul> <li>Prefer not to answer</li> </ul>	٢		
o Not Applicable			

25. Which entities are targeted through this policy tool? Select all that apply.

Note: With regard to sectoral actors, in cases where mandatory and voluntary obligations are mixed (e.g., mandatory for one sector, voluntary for another), select "mandatory" as there will be further opportunity to clarify.

	Mandatory	Voluntary	Not targeted
1. Publicly-traded	☑		
entities			
2. Private companies	<b>7</b>		
3. Financial institutions			
4. Small and medium-	<b>☑</b>		
sized enterprises			
5. State-owned			
companies			
6. Not-for-profit			<b></b>
organizations			
7. Government			<b>Z</b>
agencies and/or			
departments			
(supranational)			
8. Government			☑
agencies and/or			
departments (national)			
9. Government			$\square$
agencies and/or			
departments (regional			
- e.g., state, province,			
region, metropolitan			
region)			
10. Government			abla
agencies and/or			
departments (local -			
e.g., county, district, municipality, city)			
11. Government			<b>✓</b>
agencies and/or			
departments			
(unspecified)			
12. Sectoral actors			<b>✓</b>
(e.g., healthcare,			
defense, utilities,			
education)			
13. Other			<b>✓</b>
10. 00101			<u> </u>

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mandatory. Minimum number of employees (Enter min number of full-time employees - FTEs) Minimum revenue (Enter minimum revenue) Minimum assets (Enter minimum assets) Minimum contract value (Enter minimum contract value) Entity is headquartered in the jurisdiction Entities are subjected to disclosure or reporting requirements 28. Can entities for whom compliance with the policy tool is mandatory opt out of the obligation (e.g. comply or explain)? No o Yes 30. Does the policy tool exclusively apply to entities' domestic operations, or does it also apply to entities' operations beyond the jurisdiction? Operations within jurisdiction only o Operations beyond the jurisdiction Not applicable 32. What are the sanctions for non-compliance? Select all that apply and describe in the text field. ☐ Monetary fine ☐ Restriction on business activities ☐ Voiding or setting aside of contract ☐ Exclusion from government contracts ☐ Award of damages or compensation ☐ Penalty for senior managers ☐ Criminal penalties

✓ Not specified

27. Describe the threshold criteria to identify entities for whom or instances in which compliance is

□ Not applicable (e.g. in cases of voluntary tools)
□ Other
33. Relative to other compliance activities required of entities in this jurisdiction, is the cost of compliance:
o Below average
∘ Average
o Above average
Not applicable
o Unknown or prefer not to answer
35. To provide contextual information, give a general assessment of the extent to which regulated entities have made compliance a priority.
o Below average
∘ Average
Above average
Not applicable
o Unknown or prefer not to answer
37. Have the climate-specific provisions in this instrument ever been enforced?
<ul><li>No (If relevant, explain)</li></ul>
∘ Yes
39. Are there monitoring systems in place to oversee the implementation and/or enforcement of the policy tool?
No     No

o Yes
41. Does the policy tool recommend or require periodic impact assessments?
No
∘ Recommended
○ Required
43. Does the policy tool recommend or require periodic reviews?
No
○ Recommended
o Required
45. Does the policy tool include mechanisms for enhancing policy or regulatory coordination with subnational governments (e.g. vertical coordination mechanisms such as appointing coordinating agencies, forming working groups, etc.)?
No     No
o Yes
47. Are there any government initiatives to enhance the capacity of targeted entities to implement or comply with the policy tool (e.g. industry working groups, outreach campaigns, education and training, etc.)?
No     No
∘ Yes

Domain-Specific Questions: Transition Planning Questions

Disclosure of Plans and Targets
132. Are targeted entities recommended or required to publicly disclose climate-related targets or transition plans?
No     No
o Recommended
o Required
Targets
135. Does the policy tool recommend or require targeted entities to have or develop climate-related targets?
No
o Recommended
o Required
Transition Plans
164. Does the policy tool recommend or require targeted entities to have or develop a transition plan?
No
Recommended
• Required

Monitoring, Oversight, and Implementation				
176. Does the policy tool monitoring, oversight, an	·		y of the following with	n regard to
	Recommended	Required	No	
Monitor progress in implementing their transition plan			Ø	
Develop financial plans for the implementation of their transition plan			☑	
Integrate climate- related matters into their financial accounting			☑	
Incorporate climate change considerations into their investment decision making and/or asset planning				
Incorporate climate change considerations into their capital allocation and/or expenditure plans			V	
Any other mechanisms for enhancing the achievement of targets and/or the implementation of transition plans	Z			

182. Describe the obligations related to other governance mechanisms for enhancing the achievement of targets and/or implementation of transition plans, referencing the relevant section/subsection/paragraph of the policy tool.

Motor Vehicles produced in Indonesia must comply with set standards for gas exhaust emissions that limit the number of pollutants that vehicles can emit from their exhausts, as set out in the preamble and articles of this regulation.

Engagement, Lobbying, and Governance			
104 D	, .		611 611 :
184. Does the policy tool engagement and/or gove	•	= =	_
	Recommended	Required	No
Value chain engagement			V
Investor engagement			V
Consumer engagement	V		
Policy engagement and lobbying practices			☑
Corporate governance structure for transition and verification			
Climate-related financial incentives for employees and board members			
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-	lisclose how they have used due
diligence and/or steward	snip to acnieve their t	argets ana/or impieme	ent their transition plans?
No			
o Recommended			
o Required			
188. Describe the obligat			ns with consumer engagement, ool.
The manufacturer of the	motor vehicle must ar	nnounce the result of t	nis test to the public.

Standards, Frameworks	, and Guidelines		
194 Does the policy tool	require the use of	or make reference to any o	f the following standards
frameworks, or guideline	-		i the following standards,
Trainerrents, or gardenine	- Coloct an traca	· · · ·	
	Required	Referenced	Neither required nor referenced
IFRS S1			<b>I</b>
IFRS S2			<b>I</b>
Task Force on Climate-related Financial Disclosures (TCFD)			
CDP (formerly known as Climate Disclosure Project) Technical Note: Reporting on Climate Transition Plans			☑
International Integrated Reporting Framework			☑
Global Reporting Initiative (GRI)			V
Sustainability Accounting Standards Board (SASB)			V
Science Based Targets initiative (SBTi)			V
Science Based Targets initiative (SBTi) Net Zero Standard			
European Sustainability Reporting Standards (ESRS)			
Other			V
Additional Important Inf	ormation		

197. Note any additional important information about the contribution of the policy tool to net zero alignment not captured in the above questions. If referencing new sources (i.e. not referenced in Question 3), provide a web-archived link to the source material.

## Policy Tool Name: Presidential Regulation No. 55 of 2019 on the Acceleration of the Battery Electric Vehicle ("BEV") Program for Road Transportation

3. Source material link(s): https://web.archive.org/web/20240815104201/https://peraturan.bpk.go.id/Download/107874/Perpres %20Nomor%2055%20Tahun%202019.pdf
4. Which of the following governance domains does this policy tool relate to? Select all that apply.
☐ Climate-related disclosure
☑ Transition planning
☐ Public procurement
6. Select the category which best describes the author/issuer of the policy tool.
☑ Head of state and/or government
☐ Independent regulatory or supervisory body
☑ Legislature
□ Judiciary
☑ Ministry/Department/Agency
□ Other (Please describe)
7. Status of the policy tool
• Approved, in force
o Approved, not yet in force
o Other (Please describe)
9. Year of (planned) entry into force or year of publication
<u>2019</u>

10. Does the policy tool have an end date?
No
∘ Yes
42 District and the state of th
12. Briefly describe the policy tool's goal and/or purpose:
For example: The policy tool requires publicly listed companies to comply with the recommendations of the Task Force for Climate Related Financial Disclosure or to explain the absence of such disclosures.
The regulation is issued for the realization of Indonesia commitment to reduce GHG by accelerating BEV programs for transportation. As such, this regulation aims to increase the efficiency of energy, energy security, and energy conservation in road transportation by pushing for BEV vehicle usage for public and private transport.
Alongside this, this regulation also governs the following; the provision of incentives, providing an electricity charging infrastructure, provisions on electricity fees for BEV charging stations, acceleration of industrial development, technical conditions to accelerate the BEV programs, protection of the environment, and coordination of implementation.
13. Name the authority(ies) responsible for overseeing implementation and/or enforcement. If not applicable, leave blank.
● 1. Ministry of Industry
© 2. <u>Coordination Team</u>
o 3.
o 4.
o 5.

15. To provide contextual information, rate the capacity of Ministry of Industry to undertake the

policy tool's implementation and/or enforcement.

- 0- No Capacity (Please explain)
- 1- Low Capacity (Please explain)
- 2- Medium Capacity (Please explain) <u>Based on Article 11, the Ministry of industry is authorized to</u> oversee the supervision of provisions concerning incompletely knock down and completely knock down components for BEV vehicles.
- o 3- High Capacity (Please explain)
- o Prefer not to answer
- Not Applicable

- 16. To provide contextual information, rate the capacity of Coordination Team to undertake the policy tool's implementation and/or enforcement.
- 0- No Capacity (Please explain)
- 1- Low Capacity (Please explain)
- 2- Medium Capacity (Please explain)
- 3- High Capacity (Please explain) Based on Article 34, the Minister of Economy and Minister of Maritime shall oversee a Coordination Team for the implementation and coordination of hastening the use of BEV vehicles through import and usage on Indonesian roads.

Members of this coordination team shall include the following:

<u>a. minister in charge of government affairs in the field of state finance;</u>

b. minister in charge of government affairs in the fields of research, technology, and higher education:

c. minister in charge of government affairs in the industrial sector;

d. minister in charge of government affairs in the field of trade;

e. minister in charge of government affairs in the field of energy and resources mineral;

f. minister in charge of government affairs in the field of facilities and infrastructure light and road transport;

a. minister in charge of government affairs in the field of environment and forestry;

h. minister in charge of domestic government affairs; And

i. Head of the National Police of the Republic of Indonesia.

- o Prefer not to answer
- Not Applicable

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25. Which entities are targeted through this policy tool? Select all that apply.

Note: With regard to sectoral actors, in cases where mandatory and voluntary obligations are mixed (e.g., mandatory for one sector, voluntary for another), select "mandatory" as there will be further opportunity to clarify.

	Mandatory	Voluntary	Not targeted
1. Publicly-traded	<b>☑</b>		
entities			
2. Private companies	<b>V</b>		
3. Financial institutions			<b>☑</b>
4. Small and medium-	<b>7</b>		
sized enterprises			
5. State-owned	<b>V</b>		
companies			
6. Not-for-profit			
organizations			
7. Government			☑
agencies and/or			
departments			
(supranational)			
8. Government	☑		
agencies and/or			
departments (national)			
9. Government	☑		
agencies and/or			
departments (regional			
- e.g., state, province,			
region, metropolitan			
region)			
10. Government	<b>V</b>		
agencies and/or			
departments (local -			
e.g., county, district, municipality, city)			
11. Government			
agencies and/or			
departments			
(unspecified)			
12. Sectoral actors			<b>✓</b>
(e.g., healthcare,			
defense, utilities,			
education)			
13. Other			

\_\_\_\_\_

mandatory. Minimum number of employees (Enter min number of full-time employees - FTEs) Minimum revenue (Enter minimum revenue) Minimum assets (Enter minimum assets) Minimum contract value (Enter minimum contract value) Entity is headquartered in the jurisdiction Entities are subjected to disclosure or reporting requirements 28. Can entities for whom compliance with the policy tool is mandatory opt out of the obligation (e.g. comply or explain)? No o Yes 30. Does the policy tool exclusively apply to entities' domestic operations, or does it also apply to entities' operations beyond the jurisdiction? Operations within jurisdiction only o Operations beyond the jurisdiction Not applicable 32. What are the sanctions for non-compliance? Select all that apply and describe in the text field. ☐ Monetary fine ☐ Restriction on business activities ☐ Voiding or setting aside of contract ☐ Exclusion from government contracts ☐ Award of damages or compensation ☐ Penalty for senior managers ☐ Criminal penalties

✓ Not specified

27. Describe the threshold criteria to identify entities for whom or instances in which compliance is

□ Not applicable (e.g. in cases of voluntary tools)
□ Other
33. Relative to other compliance activities required of entities in this jurisdiction, is the cost of compliance:
o Below average
○ Average
Above average
o Not applicable
Unknown or prefer not to answer
35. To provide contextual information, give a general assessment of the extent to which regulated entities have made compliance a priority.
o Below average
∘ Average
o Above average
o Not applicable
● Unknown or prefer not to answer
37. Have the climate-specific provisions in this instrument ever been enforced?
No (If relevant, explain)
∘ Yes
39. Are there monitoring systems in place to oversee the implementation and/or enforcement of the policy tool?
o No

40. Describe the monitoring systems in place. Please reference the relevant section/subsection/paragraph of the policy tool where monitoring systems are set.
As per Article 11 and Article 34, this regulation is monitored in its implementation by various Ministries involved.
41. Does the policy tool recommend or require periodic impact assessments?
No
o Recommended
o Required
43. Does the policy tool recommend or require periodic reviews?
No     No
o Recommended
○ Required
45. Does the policy tool include mechanisms for enhancing policy or regulatory coordination with subnational governments (e.g. vertical coordination mechanisms such as appointing coordinating agencies, forming working groups, etc.)?
∘ No

46. Describe the mechanisms for enhancing regulatory coordination with subnational governments. Reference the relevant section/subsection/paragraph of the policy tool where mechanisms for coordination with subnational governments are set.

implementation and coordination of this regulation.
47. Are there any government initiatives to enhance the capacity of targeted entities to implement or comply with the policy tool (e.g. industry working groups, outreach campaigns, education and training, etc.)?  • No
Yes
48. Describe initiatives for enhancing the capacity of targeted entities to implement or comply with the policy tool. Reference the relevant section/subsection/paragraph of the policy tool where capacity-building initiatives are established. If referencing new sources (i.e. not referenced in Question 3), provide a web-archived link to the source material.
This regulation outlines several incentives from the government, which include electricity charging infrastructure, provisions on optimized electricity fees for BEV charging stations, and the acceleration of industrial development.
Domain-Specific Questions: Transition Planning Questions
Disclosure of Plans and Targets
132. Are targeted entities recommended or required to publicly disclose climate-related targets or transition plans?
No     No
o Recommended
○ Required

Targets
135. Does the policy tool recommend or require targeted entities to have or develop climate-related targets?
No     No
o Recommended
o Required
Transition Plans
164. Does the policy tool recommend or require targeted entities to have or develop a transition plan?
o No
Recommended
○ Required

165. Does the policy tool recommend or require any of the following elements or criteria for transition plans? Select all that apply.

	Recommended	Required	Neither recommended nor required
A timeframe for the transition plan (e.g. 10 year plan, 20 year plan, etc.)			
Key Performance Indicators (KPIs) for monitoring transition plan implementation			$\square$
Updates to the transition plan			
Third-party verification and/or audited accuracy of the transition plan			abla
Identified methodology for scenario analysis			

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

			y of the following with regard t
monitoring, oversight, and	d implementation? Se	ect all that apply.	
	Recommended	Required	No
Monitor progress in implementing their transition plan			
Develop financial plans for the implementation of their transition plan		<b>☑</b>	
Integrate climate- related matters into their financial accounting			✓
Incorporate climate change considerations into their investment decision making and/or asset planning			✓
Incorporate climate change considerations into their capital allocation and/or expenditure plans			<b>☑</b>
Any other mechanisms for enhancing the achievement of targets and/or the implementation of transition plans		✓	
L77. Describe the obligativelevant section/subsection As per Article 34, the Coomplementation of this recessionsibilities.	on/paragraph of the p ordination Team comp	olicy tool. rising of ministries is o	

referencing the section/subsection/paragraph of the policy tool.					
As per Article 34, the Coordination Team comprising of ministries is obligated to oversee the					
implementation of this re	gulation, however, there	<u>e is yet a regulation that af</u>	<u>fects their actual</u>		
responsibilities.					
	_	vernance mechanisms for e	-		
	•	transition plans, referencir	ng the relevant		
section/subsection/parag	raph of the policy tool.				
As per Article 34, the Coo	ordination Team compris	sing of ministries is obligate	ed to oversee the		
implementation of this re	gulation, however, there	<u>e is yet a regulation that af</u>	<u>fects their actual</u>		
responsibilities.					
Engagement, Lobbying,	and Governance				
• •	·	argeted entities align any c	_		
engagement and/or gove	rnance practices with th	neir targets and/or transitio	n plans?		
	Recommended	Required	No		
Value chain			<b>V</b>		
engagement					
Investor engagement			<b>☑</b>		
Consumer engagement					
Policy engagement			<b>V</b>		
and lobbying practices					
Corporate governance	<b>V</b>				
structure for transition					
and verification Climate-related			<b>□</b>		
financial incentives for					
employees and board					
members					

178. Describe the obligation to develop financial plans for the implementation of transition plans,

185. Does the policy tool recommend or require targeted entities to disclose how they have used due diligence and/or stewardship to achieve their targets and/or implement their transition plans?

<ul><li>No</li></ul>			
o Recommended			
o Required			
=		nd/or transition plans with ng the relevant section/sub	=
•		ng of ministries is obligate is yet a regulation that aff	
Standards, Frameworks	s, and Guidelines		
194. Does the policy tool frameworks, or guideline	•	ke reference to any of the f	ollowing standards,
	Required	Referenced	Neither required nor referenced
IFRS S1			Ø
IFRS S2			✓
Task Force on Climate-related Financial Disclosures (TCFD)			
CDP (formerly known as Climate Disclosure Project) Technical Note: Reporting on Climate Transition Plans			
International Integrated Reporting Framework			☑
Global Reporting Initiative (GRI)			V
Sustainability Accounting Standards Board (SASB)			☑

Science Based Targets					
initiative (SBTi)					
Science Based Targets			<b>\zef{\zeta}</b>		
initiative (SBTi) Net					
Zero Standard					
European					
Sustainability					
Reporting Standards					
(ESRS)					
Other					
Additional Important Information					
·					

197. Note any additional important information about the contribution of the policy tool to net zero alignment not captured in the above questions. If referencing new sources (i.e. not referenced in Question 3), provide a web-archived link to the source material.

## Policy Tool Name: Governmental Regulation No. 50 of 2022 on Procedures for Taxation Rights Implementation and Obligations Fulfilment

htt	Source material link(s): ps://web.archive.org/web/20240817051615/https://peraturan.bpk.go.id/Download/280141/PP%20 mor%2050%20Tahun%202022.pdf
4.	Which of the following governance domains does this policy tool relate to? Select all that apply.
<b>V</b>	Climate-related disclosure
✓.	Transition planning
	Public procurement
5.	If relevant, briefly explain how the policy tool applies or is linked to multiple domains.
ho	rties that are governed by this regulation are required to disclose their activities in carbon trade; wever the actual implementation of the carbon tax is planned but to be implemented by the nistry of Finance
6.	Select the category which best describes the author/issuer of the policy tool.
<b>V</b>	Head of state and/or government
	Independent regulatory or supervisory body
<b>√</b>	Legislature
	Judiciary
<b>V</b>	Ministry/Department/Agency
	Other (Please describe)
7.	Status of the policy tool
	Approved, in force
o /	Approved, not yet in force

o Other (Please describe)
9. Year of (planned) entry into force or year of publication  2022
10. Does the policy tool have an end date?
<ul><li>No</li><li>Yes</li></ul>
12. Briefly describe the policy tool's goal and/or purpose:
For example: The policy tool requires publicly listed companies to comply with the recommendations of the Task Force for Climate Related Financial Disclosure or to explain the absence of such disclosures.
GR 50/2022 contains the provision of the implementation of taxation obligation fulfilment. This
includes among others, the imposition of a carbon tax.
<u>Under GR 50/2022, carbon tax is imposed on carbon emissions charged against individuals or entities that purchase or conduct activities producing carbon emissions.</u>
The carbon tax becomes payable on purchase or conduct of activities that emit certain amounts of carbon emissions and periods which shall be determined (a) at the time of the purchase of goods containing carbon emissions, (b) at the end of the calendar year period of activities which produce carbon emission, or (c) other times as provided in the prevailing laws and regulations.
The applicable carbon tax rate is IDR30,000/CO2e or other equivalent unit. This carbon tax shall be reported and settled through self-payment by the taxpayer or collection by the carbon tax collector as reported in the Periodic Tax Return of the relevant taxpayer.
13. Name the authority(ies) responsible for overseeing implementation and/or enforcement. If not

applicable, leave blank.

• 1. Ministry of Finance (Directorate General of Taxation)

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○ 2.			
∘ 3.			
o <b>4</b> .			
∘ 5.			
15. To provide contextual Taxation) to undertake th			Finance (Directorate General of ment.
o 0- No Capacity (Please	explain)		
o 1- Low Capacity (Please	e explain)		
o 2- Medium Capacity (Pl	ease explain)		
<ul> <li>3- High Capacity (Please</li> <li>Directorate General of Tase</li> <li>scheme as delegated by to</li> <li>Prefer not to answer</li> </ul>	xation are to contribut	•	
<ul> <li>Not Applicable</li> </ul>			
25. Which entities are tark  Note: With regard to mixed (e.g., mandatory fo further opportunity to clar	sectoral actors, in case	es where mandatory ar	nd voluntary obligations are
	Mandatory	Voluntary	Not targeted
1. Publicly-traded entities	V		
2. Private companies	<b>V</b>		
3. Financial institutions			<b>☑</b>
4. Small and medium- sized enterprises	V		
5. State-owned			<b>V</b>

companies
6. Not-for-profit

organizations
7. Government

agencies and/or

**√** 

**√** 

departments			
(supranational)			
8. Government			<b>V</b>
agencies and/or			
departments (national)			
9. Government			☑
agencies and/or			
departments (regional			
- e.g., state, province,			
region, metropolitan			
region)			
10. Government			☑
agencies and/or			
departments (local -			
e.g., county, district,			
municipality, city)			
11. Government			✓
agencies and/or			
departments			
(unspecified)			
12. Sectoral actors	✓		
(e.g., healthcare,			
defense, utilities,			
education)			
13. Other			
26. In cases where entities are targeted by sector, identify the sector to which the policy tool applies.			
		1,7,1	
	Mandatory	Voluntary	Not applicable

	Mandatory	Voluntary	Not applicable
All sectors	✓		
Agriculture, forestry, and fishing			
Mining and quarrying			
Manufacturing			
Electricity, gas, steam, and air conditioning supply			
Water supply; sewerage; waste management and remediation activities			
Construction			
Wholesale and retail trade: repair of motor vehicles and motorcycles			
Transportation and storage			

Accommodation and food service activities			
Information and			
communication			
Financial and			
insurance activities	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	
Real estate activities			
Professional, scientific and technical activities			
Administrative and			
support service activities			
Public administration			
and defense;			
compulsory social			
security			
Education			
Human health and			
social work activities			
Arts, entertainment			
and recreation			
Other service activities			
Activities of			
households as			
employers;			
undifferentiated			
goods-and services-			
producing activities of			
households for own			
use Activities of			
extraterritorial			
organizations and			
bodies			
bodics	1	1	1
27 Danisha (I I I	al automatic or the local con-	<b>f</b>	Sandatah asar P
	a criteria to identify entitie	es for whom or instances i	n wnich compliance is
mandatory.			

Minimum number of employees (Enter min number of full-time employees - FTEs)		
Minimum revenue (Enter minimum revenue)		
Minimum assets (Enter minimum assets)		
Minimum contract value (Enter minimum contract value)		
Entity is headquartered in the jurisdiction		
Entities are subjected to disclosure or reporting requirements		

28. Can entities for whom compliance with the policy tool is mandatory opt out of the obligation (e.g. comply or explain)?
No
∘ Yes
30. Does the policy tool exclusively apply to entities' domestic operations, or does it also apply to entities' operations beyond the jurisdiction?
Operations within jurisdiction only
o Operations beyond the jurisdiction
o Not applicable
32. What are the sanctions for non-compliance? Select all that apply and describe in the text field.
☑ Monetary fine Non-compliance to the carbon tax provision would subject the taxpayer to the imposition of sanctions as regulated under taxation law and its implementing regulation. However, taxpayer who participate in carbon emission trading, carbon emission offsetting or other acceptable
mechanism under the prevailing laws may be provided with carbon tax treatment.
☐ Restriction on business activities
☐ Voiding or setting aside of contract
☐ Exclusion from government contracts
☐ Award of damages or compensation
☐ Penalty for senior managers
☐ Criminal penalties
□ Not specified
☐ Not applicable (e.g. in cases of voluntary tools)
□ Other
33. Relative to other compliance activities required of entities in this jurisdiction, is the cost of

compliance:

o Below average
∘ Average
Above average
o Not applicable
● Unknown or prefer not to answer
35. To provide contextual information, give a general assessment of the extent to which regulated entities have made compliance a priority.
o Below average
∘ Average
o Above average
o Not applicable
• Unknown or prefer not to answer
37. Have the climate-specific provisions in this instrument ever been enforced?
• No (If relevant, explain) <u>As specified in the guideline, any further mention to external sources is not mandated.</u>
∘ Yes
39. Are there monitoring systems in place to oversee the implementation and/or enforcement of the policy tool?
○ No
40. Describe the monitoring systems in place. Please reference the relevant

section/subsection/paragraph of the policy tool where monitoring systems are set.

The Directorate General of Taxation in Indonesia governs and monitors the tax matters of all entities,
and therefore any missing tax that should be paid can be imposed and sanctioned through their
audits of yearly tax reports from relevant entities.
41. Does the policy tool recommend or require periodic impact assessments?
No
o Recommended
o Poquired
o Required
43. Does the policy tool recommend or require periodic reviews?
© NI <sub>2</sub>
No
○ Recommended
. Demined
o Required
45. Does the policy tool include mechanisms for enhancing policy or regulatory coordination with
subnational governments (e.g. vertical coordination mechanisms such as appointing coordinating
agencies, forming working groups, etc.)?
○ No
● Yes
<b>⊌</b> 1€3
46. Describe the mechanisms for enhancing regulatory coordination with subnational governments.
Reference the relevant section/subsection/paragraph of the policy tool where mechanisms for
coordination with subnational governments are set.
The Directorate Conoral of Tayation, as an effect of the Ministry of Finance analysis of the
The Directorate General of Taxation, as an offshoot of the Ministry of Finance, operates in all cities
and regencies of Indonesia as Tax Offices where each region's entities must submit their yearly tax
reports to these tax offices.

47. Are there any government initiatives to enhance the capacity of targeted entities to implement or comply with the policy tool (e.g. industry working groups, outreach campaigns, education and training, etc.)?			
∘ No			
Yes			
the policy tool. Reference capacity-building initiativ Question 3), provide a we	the relevant section/sizes are established. If reb-archived link to the	ubsection/paragraph eferencing new sourd source material. tion of this carbon tax	ces (i.e. not referenced in
Domain-Specific Questio	ns: Disclosure Questioi	ns	
What is being disclosed	?		
52. Are targeted entities information? Select all the	at apply.		f the following climate-related
	Recommended	Required	Neither recommended nor required
1. Greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions			
2. GHG emissions offsets or removals		V	
3. GHG emissions reduction targets			V
4. Other climate- related targets			Ø
5. Physical climate risk			<b>☑</b>
6. Transition risk			
7. Transition plan			✓

Disclosure of Greenhouse Gas (GHG) Offsets or Removals
62. Does the policy tool recommend or require offsetting purchases be disclosed?
○ No
o Recommended (Please describe and reference the relevant section/subsection/paragraph of the policy tool)
• Required (Please describe and reference the relevant section/subsection/paragraph of the policy tool) The carbon tax becomes payable on the purchase or activities in certain amount and period which shall be determine (a) at the time of the purchase of goods containing carbon emissions, (b) at the end of the calendar year period of activities which produce carbon emission, or (c) other times as provided in the prevailing laws and regulations.
63. Does the policy tool recommend or require entities disclose whether offsets are verified?
∘ No
<ul> <li>Recommended (Please describe and reference the relevant section/subsection/paragraph of the policy tool)</li> </ul>
• Required (Please describe and reference the relevant section/subsection/paragraph of the policy tool) The carbon tax shall be reported and settled through self-payment by the taxpayer or collection by the carbon tax collector as reported in the Periodic Tax Return of the relevant taxpayer.
64. Does the policy tool recommend or require any certification standards for the use of GHG offsetting or removals?
No     No
o Recommended (Please list the certification standards, describe their use, and reference the relevant section/subsection/paragraph of the policy tool)

o Required (Please describe and reference the relevant section/subsection/paragraph of the policy

tool)

65. Does the policy tool include any other recommendations or requirements regarding the appropriate use of offsets?
No     No
o Recommended (Please describe and reference the relevant section/subsection/paragraph of the policy tool)
<ul> <li>Required (Please describe and reference the relevant section/subsection/paragraph of the policy tool)</li> </ul>
Other disclosures

105. Are targeted entities recommended or required to disclose any other climate-related information? Select all that apply.

	Required	Recommended	Neither recommended nor required
1. Climate-related opportunities			☑
2. Remuneration based on achieving climate-related goals			V
3. Taxonomies			<b>V</b>
4. Capital allocation and/or expenditure plans (in the context of climate change)			
5. Due diligence	<b>☑</b>		
6. Assumptions and Dependencies			V
7. Data limitations of scenario analyses			V
8. Financial implications of climate-related matters (e.g., integration of climate-related disclosures into financial accounting standards)			
9. Stewardship (e.g., whether stewardship codes are in place, how entities vote in shareholder meetings, etc.)			☑
10. ESG methodologies and criteria (in the case of service providers)			☑
11. Asset planning or ownership in the context of climate change			
12. Sectoral investment policies			V
13. Climate-related lobbying and/or policy engagement			V
14. Locked-in emissions or information on			Ø

emissive assets with			
long lifespans			
15. Dirty asset			$\square$
divestiture			
16. Nature-related			☑
impacts			
17. Just transition			☑
indicators			
110. Describe and reference the section/subsection/paragraph of the policy tool relevant to due diligence disclosures.  As per the provisions of Chapter 8, relevant entities must disclose and report their tax obligations.			

	Required	Referenced	Neither required nor referenced
1. IFRS S1			V
2. IFRS S2			
3. Task Force on Climate-related Financial Disclosures (TCFD)			
4. GHG Protocol Corporate Accounting and Reporting Standard			Ø
5. GHG Protocol Corporate Value Chain (Scope 3) Accounting and Reporting Standard			☑
6. CDP (formerly known as Climate Disclosure Project) reporting framework			Ø
7. International Integrated Reporting Framework			
8. Global Reporting Initiative (GRI)			V
9. Sustainability Accounting Standards Board (SASB)			Ø
10. European Sustainability Reporting Standards (ESRS)			
11. Taskforce on Nature-related Financial Disclosures (TNFD)			☑
12. Partnership for Carbon Accounting			<b>V</b>

Standards, Frameworks, and Guidelines

13. Glasgow Financial Alliance for Net Zero (GFANZ)		
14. Other		<b>V</b>

\_\_\_\_\_\_

Additional Important Information
128. Note any additional important information about the contribution of the policy tool to net zero alignment not captured in the above questions. If referencing new sources (i.e. not referenced in Question 3), provide a web-archived link to the source material.
Domain-Specific Questions: Transition Planning Questions
Disclosure of Plans and Targets
132. Are targeted entities recommended or required to publicly disclose climate-related targets or transition plans?
No
<ul><li>Recommended</li><li>Required</li></ul>
Targets
135. Does the policy tool recommend or require targeted entities to have or develop climate-related targets?
No
<ul><li>Recommended</li><li>Required</li></ul>

Transition Plans			
164. Does the policy tool	recommend or require	e targeted entities to I	nave or develop a transition plan?
No			
o Recommended			
o Required			
Monitoring, Oversight, a	nd Implementation		
176. Does the policy tool monitoring, oversight, an	•		ny of the following with regard to
	Recommended	Required	No
Monitor progress in implementing their transition plan			
Develop financial plans for the implementation of their transition plan	V		
Integrate climate- related matters into their financial accounting	☑		
Incorporate climate change considerations into their investment decision making and/or asset planning			☑
Incorporate climate change considerations into their capital allocation and/or expenditure plans	☑		
Any other mechanisms for enhancing the achievement of targets and/or the			☑

implementation of transition plans			
<del>-</del>		lans for the implementatio	n of transition plans,
referencing the section/su	ubsection/paragraph of th	e policy tool.	
Because this tax is impos	sed on carbon emissions, i	relevant entities are advise	ed practically to reduce
their activities in order to	reduce such taxation.		
179. Describe and refere	nce the section/subsection	n/paragraph of the policy t	ool relevant to
integrating climate-relate	ed matters into financial a	ccounting.	
Because this tax is impos	sed on carbon emissions, I	relevant entities are advise	ed practically to reduce
their activities in order to			
101 Describe the obligat	ion to incomparate alimento	ahanaa aanaidaratiana in	to aggital allocation
<del>-</del>	·	change considerations in section/subsection/paragr	•
	_		
•		relevant entities are advise	ed practically to reduce
their activities in order to	reduce such taxation.		
Engagement, Lobbying,	and Governance		
Lingagement, Lobbying,	and Governance		
184. Does the policy tool	recommend or require tar	geted entities align any of	the following
engagement and/or gove	rnance practices with the	ir targets and/or transitior	n plans?
	Recommended	Required	No
Value chain			✓
engagement			
Investor engagement			<b>V</b>
Consumer			V
engagement Policy engagement			
and lobbying practices			V

structure for transition and verification			N
Climate-related financial incentives for employees and board members			
185. Does the policy tool recommend or require targeted entities to disclose how they have used due diligence and/or stewardship to achieve their targets and/or implement their transition plans?			
No			
o Recommended			
o Required			

	-	or make reference to any of	f the following standards,
rameworks, or guidelines			
	Required	Referenced	Neither required nor referenced
IFRS S1			<b>✓</b>
IFRS S2			<b>4</b>
Task Force on Climate-related Financial Disclosures (TCFD)			<b>V</b>
CDP (formerly known as Climate Disclosure Project) Technical Note: Reporting on Climate Transition Plans			☑
International Integrated Reporting Framework			<b>☑</b>
Global Reporting Initiative (GRI)			Ø
Sustainability Accounting Standards Board (SASB)			V
Science Based Targets initiative (SBTi)			V
Science Based Targets initiative (SBTi) Net Zero Standard			<b>☑</b>
European Sustainability Reporting Standards (ESRS)			☑
Other			V

197. Note any additional important information about the contribution of the policy tool to net zero alignment not captured in the above questions. If referencing new sources (i.e. not referenced in Question 3), provide a web-archived link to the source material.

## Policy Tool Name: Ministry of Environment and Forestry ("MoEF") Regulation No. 21 of 2022 concerning Procedures for Carbon Pricing Implementation

3. Source material link(s): https://web.archive.org/web/20240815104932/https://peraturan.bpk.go.id/Download/288901/Permen %20LHK%20Nomor%2021%20Tahun%202022.pdf
4. Which of the following governance domains does this policy tool relate to? Select all that apply.
□ Climate-related disclosure
☑ Transition planning
□ Public procurement
6. Select the category which best describes the author/issuer of the policy tool.
☐ Head of state and/or government
□ Independent regulatory or supervisory body
□ Legislature
☑ Ministry/Department/Agency
□ Other (Please describe)
7. Status of the policy tool
Approved, in force
o Approved, not yet in force
o Other (Please describe)
9. Year of (planned) entry into force or year of publication

<u>2022</u>

10. Does the policy tool have an end date?
No     No
∘ Yes
12. Briefly describe the policy tool's goal and/or purpose:
For example: The policy tool requires publicly listed companies to comply with the recommendations of the Task Force for Climate Related Financial Disclosure or to explain the absence of such disclosures.
This regulation was issued to reaffirm the Government's commitment in achieving the Nationally Determined Contribution (NDC) and controlling GHG emissions by 29% to 41% in 2030.
To achieve the goals, economic carbon value or carbon pricing is introduced. It will be implemented through carbon trading, performance/result-Based Payment, carbon tax, and other mechanisms that follows the development of science and technology.
13. Name the authority(ies) responsible for overseeing implementation and/or enforcement. If not applicable, leave blank.
● 1. Ministry of Environment and Forestry
3. <u>Environmental Fund Management Agency (Badan Pengelola Dana Lingkungan Hidup or "BPDLH")</u>
o 4.
○ 5.
15. To provide contextual information, rate the capacity of Ministry of Environment and Forestry to undertake the policy tool's implementation and/or enforcement.
o 0- No Capacity (Please explain)

- 1- Low Capacity (Please explain)
- o 2- Medium Capacity (Please explain)
- 3- High Capacity (Please explain) <u>Based on Article 7 paragraph (3), the MoEF has an authority to determining the amount of emission reduction reserve provision (buffer).</u>

Based on Article 20, the MoEF has the authority to give an approval for business actor that want to conduct Carbon Trading cooperation with overseas business actors.

- o 0- No Capacity (Please explain)
- o 1- Low Capacity (Please explain)
- 2- Medium Capacity (Please explain)
- 3- High Capacity (Please explain) <u>Based on Article 4, relevant ministries where required have an obligation to determine and inform the plan and strategies related to NDC in Sectors and Sub-Sectors to the MoEF.</u>

Based on Article 6 paragraph (3), the related other ministries is obliged to prepare and issue a carbon trading roadmap alongside coordination with MoEF.

o Prefer not to answer	
o Not Applicable	

- 17. To provide contextual information, rate the capacity of Environmental Fund Management Agency (Badan Pengelola Dana Lingkungan Hidup or "BPDLH") to undertake the policy tool's implementation and/or enforcement.
- o 0- No Capacity (Please explain)
- o 1- Low Capacity (Please explain)
- o 2- Medium Capacity (Please explain)
- 3- High Capacity (Please explain) <u>Based on Article 34 paragraph (3)</u>, as a body established by the <u>MoEF</u>, the BPDLH has the authority to distribute funding to beneficiaries for GHG emission reduction

activities.
Based on Article 73, the BPDLH has an authority to managing funds on carbon trading.
Based on Article 75, BPDLH receives levy money from carbon trading.
o Prefer not to answer
o Not Applicable

25. Which entities are targeted through this policy tool? Select all that apply.

Note: With regard to sectoral actors, in cases where mandatory and voluntary obligations are mixed (e.g., mandatory for one sector, voluntary for another), select "mandatory" as there will be further opportunity to clarify.

	Mandatory	Voluntary	Not targeted
1. Publicly-traded	☑		
entities			
2. Private companies	<b>7</b>		
3. Financial institutions			
4. Small and medium-	<b>V</b>		
sized enterprises			
5. State-owned	☑		
companies			
6. Not-for-profit	☑		
organizations			
7. Government	☑		
agencies and/or			
departments			
(supranational)			
8. Government	$\blacksquare$		
agencies and/or			
departments (national)	_		
9. Government			
agencies and/or			
departments (regional - e.g., state, province,			
region, metropolitan			
region)			
10. Government	<b>✓</b>		
agencies and/or			
departments (local -			
e.g., county, district,			
municipality, city)			
11. Government	<b>2</b>		
agencies and/or			
departments			
(unspecified)			
12. Sectoral actors	☑		
(e.g., healthcare,			
defense, utilities,			
education)			
13. Other			

\_\_\_\_\_

26. In cases where entities are targeted by sector, identify the sector to which the policy tool applies.

	Mandatory	Voluntary	Not applicable
All sectors	☑		
Agriculture, forestry, and fishing			
Mining and quarrying	<b>☑</b>		
Manufacturing	<b>2</b>		
Electricity, gas, steam, and air conditioning supply	V		
Water supply; sewerage; waste management and remediation activities	V		
Construction			☑
Wholesale and retail trade: repair of motor vehicles and motorcycles			☑
Transportation and storage	<b>☑</b>		
Accommodation and food service activities			Ø
Information and communication			☑
Financial and insurance activities			☑
Real estate activities			☑
Professional, scientific and technical activities			☑
Administrative and support service activities			V
Public administration and defense; compulsory social security			
Education			☑
Human health and social work activities			Ø
Arts, entertainment and recreation			Ø
Other service activities			☑
Activities of households as employers; undifferentiated goods-and services- producing activities of			☑

households for own			
use Activities of			<b>✓</b>
extraterritorial			
organizations and			
bodies			
27. Describe the threshold	d criteria to identify entitie	es for whom or instances i	n which compliance is
mandatory.			
	•	er of full-time employees -	FTEs)
Minimum revenue (Enter	'		_
Minimum assets (Enter n	nınımum assets) (Enter minimum contract	value)	
Entity is headquartered in	•	value	
Entities are subjected to	disclosure or reporting re	quirements	
28. Can entities for whom comply or explain)?	compliance with the poli	cy tool is mandatory opt c	out of the obligation (e.g.
No			
∘ Yes			
30. Does the policy tool exclusively apply to entities' domestic operations, or does it also apply to entities' operations beyond the jurisdiction?			
Operations within jurisdiction only			
o Operations beyond the jurisdiction			
o Not applicable			
32. What are the sanction	ns for non-compliance? So	elect all that apply and de	scribe in the text field.
☐ Monetary fine	,	117	
☐ Restriction on business	activities		
L Nestriction on business	uctivities		
☐ Voiding or setting aside of contract			

□ Exclusion from government contracts
☐ Award of damages or compensation
☐ Penalty for senior managers
☐ Criminal penalties
□ Not specified
☑ Not applicable (e.g. in cases of voluntary tools)
□ Other
33. Relative to other compliance activities required of entities in this jurisdiction, is the cost of compliance:
o Below average
∘ Average
Above average
Not applicable
o Unknown or prefer not to answer
35. To provide contextual information, give a general assessment of the extent to which regulated entities have made compliance a priority.
o Below average
o Average
o Above average
Not applicable
o Unknown or prefer not to answer
37. Have the climate-specific provisions in this instrument ever been enforced?
o No (If relevant, explain)

38. Briefly note one to two exemplary cases of enforcement. If referencing new sources (i.e. not referenced in Question 3), provide a web-archived link to the source material.
39. Are there monitoring systems in place to oversee the implementation and/or enforcement of the policy tool?
∘ No
Yes
40. Describe the monitoring systems in place. Please reference the relevant section/subsection/paragraph of the policy tool where monitoring systems are set.
The relevant ministries as mentioned have an obligation to monitor the implementation of this
regulation.
41. Does the policy tool recommend or require periodic impact assessments?
No
∘ Recommended
<ul><li>Recommended</li><li>Required</li></ul>
o Required
Required
<ul> <li>Required</li> <li>43. Does the policy tool recommend or require periodic reviews?</li> <li>No</li> </ul>

reviews.
o 0-2 years
o 2-5 years
o 5-10 years
○ 10 or more years
<ul><li>Not specified</li></ul>
○ Other
45. Does the policy tool include mechanisms for enhancing policy or regulatory coordination with subnational governments (e.g. vertical coordination mechanisms such as appointing coordinating
agencies, forming working groups, etc.)?
∘ No
Yes
46. Describe the mechanisms for enhancing regulatory coordination with subnational governments. Reference the relevant section/subsection/paragraph of the policy tool where mechanisms for coordination with subnational governments are set.
The relevant ministries as mentioned have an obligation to cooperate in monitoring the implementation of this regulation.
47. Are there any government initiatives to enhance the capacity of targeted entities to implement or comply with the policy tool (e.g. industry working groups, outreach campaigns, education and training, etc.)?
∘ No
Yes

the policy tool. Reference the relevant section/subsection/paragraph of the policy tool where capacity-building initiatives are established. If referencing new sources (i.e. not referenced in Question 3), provide a web-archived link to the source material.
https://jdih.maritim.go.id/cfind/source/files/permenko/2022/2022pmmarves005_en.pdf
Domain-Specific Questions: Transition Planning Questions
Disclosure of Plans and Targets
132. Are targeted entities recommended or required to publicly disclose climate-related targets or transition plans?
No     No
• Recommended
o Required
Targets
135. Does the policy tool recommend or require targeted entities to have or develop climate-related targets?
∘ No
o Recommended
Required

136. Does the policy tool recommend or require entities to monitor progress in achieving their targets?

48. Describe initiatives for enhancing the capacity of targeted entities to implement or comply with

∘ No
o Recommended
Required
137. Describe and reference the section/subsection/paragraph of the policy tool relevant to monitoring progress in achieving targets.
Article 82 requires MoEF to monitor and evaluate the implementation of carbon pricing in national level, respective ministries in sectoral level, and governors in provinces and cities level.
138. Does the policy tool recommend or require targeted entities to publicly report on progress in achieving their targets?
No     No
o Recommended
○ Required

140. Which of the following targets, or data related to targets, does the policy tool recommend or require entities have or develop? Select all that apply.

	Recommended	Required	No
An absolute emissions	V		
reduction target			
An intensity-based			☑
emissions reduction			
target			
A net zero target			
Interim targets (e.g. 2030, 2050)			
Targets covering non- carbon GHG emissions			
A Scope 3 emissions target			
A target derived using a sectoral decarbonization approach			
A level of ambition for emissions reductions (e.g. 80% reduction)			
A baseline year from which progress is measured			
A target timeframe (e.g. by 2040)			
Targets for renewable energy procurement			
Targets for fossil fuel phase down/phase up			
Separate targets for GHG offsets and/or removals			
Targets or goals related to climate adaptation			
Targets or goals related to nature and biodiversity			
Other targets related to sustainability			

141. What is the recommended or required scope of emissions for absolute emissions reduction targets? Select all that apply.

☑ Scope 1 emissions

☑ Scope 2 emissions
☑ Scope 3 emissions, relevant or material
□ Scope 3 emissions, a specified proportion of coverage (Please describe)
□ Scope 3 emissions, all
□ Not specified
Transition Plans
164. Does the policy tool recommend or require targeted entities to have or develop a transition plan?
No
o Recommended
o Required

Monitoring, Oversight, a	nd Implementation		
176. Does the policy tool monitoring, oversight, an	•		y of the following with regard to
	Recommended	Required	No
Monitor progress in implementing their transition plan	☑		
Develop financial plans for the implementation of their transition plan			☑
Integrate climate- related matters into their financial accounting	☑		
Incorporate climate change considerations into their investment decision making and/or asset planning	☑		
Incorporate climate change considerations into their capital allocation and/or expenditure plans	☑		
Any other mechanisms for enhancing the achievement of targets and/or the implementation of transition plans			
177. Describe the obligat relevant section/subsection	• =	-	nsition plans, referencing the
Article 82 requires MoEF	to monitor and evalud	ite the implementation	of carbon pricing in national
level, respective ministrie	s in sectoral level, and	I governors in province	es and cities level.

179. Describe and reference the section/subsection/paragraph of the policy tool relevant to integrating climate-related matters into financial accounting.

As this regulation outlines that carbon pricing mechanisms are to be implemented, relevant actors may need to adjust their practices to ensure they do not get priced excessively.							
180. Describe the obligation to incorporate climate change considerations into investment decision making and asset planning, referencing the relevant section/subsection/paragraph of the policy tool.							
As this regulation outlines that carbon pricing mechanisms are to be implemented, relevant actors may need to adjust their practices to ensure they do not get priced excessively.							
•	•	change considerations in section/subsection/paragr	•				
<del>-</del>	• •	hanisms are to be implem					
may need to adjust their p	oractices to ensure they o	o not get priced excessive	<u>·ly.</u>				
_							
Engagement, Lobbying, o	and Governance						
• •	•	geted entities align any of ir targets and/or transitior	-				
	Recommended	Required	No				
Value chain			Ø				
engagement Investor engagement			<u> </u>				
Consumer			<b>☑</b>				
engagement							
Policy engagement							
Corporate governance structure for transition and verification							
Climate-related							
members							

diligence and/or stewardship to achieve their targets and/or implement their transition plans?
No     No
o Recommended
o Required

185. Does the policy tool recommend or require targeted entities to disclose how they have used due

194. Does the policy tool require the use of or make reference to any of the following standards, frameworks, or guidelines? Select all that apply.				
	Required	Referenced	Neither required nor referenced	
IFRS S1				
IFRS S2			<b>2</b>	
Task Force on Climate-related Financial Disclosures (TCFD)			☑ ✓	
CDP (formerly known as Climate Disclosure Project) Technical Note: Reporting on Climate Transition Plans				
International Integrated Reporting Framework			<b>☑</b>	
Global Reporting Initiative (GRI)			Ø	
Sustainability Accounting Standards Board (SASB)			Ø	
Science Based Targets initiative (SBTi)			V	
Science Based Targets initiative (SBTi) Net Zero Standard			Ø	
European Sustainability Reporting Standards (ESRS)			☑	
Other			V	

197. Note any additional important information about the contribution of the policy tool to net zero alignment not captured in the above questions. If referencing new sources (i.e. not referenced in Question 3), provide a web-archived link to the source material.

Policy Tool Name: Coordinating Ministry of Maritime Affairs and Investment Regulation ("CMoMAIR") No. 5 of 2022 on Steering Committee for Implementation of Carbon Economic Values

3. Source material link(s): https://web.archive.org/web/20240815105219/https://peraturan.bpk.go.id/Download/211495/pmmaves5_2022.pdf
4. Which of the following governance domains does this policy tool relate to? Select all that apply.
☐ Climate-related disclosure
☑ Transition planning
☐ Public procurement
6. Select the category which best describes the author/issuer of the policy tool.
☐ Head of state and/or government
☐ Independent regulatory or supervisory body
□ Legislature
□ Judiciary
☑ Ministry/Department/Agency
☐ Other (Please describe)
7. Status of the policy tool
Approved, in force
o Approved, not yet in force
o Other (Please describe)
9. Year of (planned) entry into force or year of publication
2022

10. Does the policy tool have an end date?
No
∘ Yes
12. Briefly describe the policy tool's goal and/or purpose:
For example: The policy tool requires publicly listed companies to comply with the
recommendations of the Task Force for Climate Related Financial Disclosure or to explain the absence of such disclosures.
This regulation was issued to implement Presidential Regulation No. 98 of 2021 and aimed to further
regulate the steering committee as a government body that provides directions related to policies to
achieve NDC targets and control GHG emissions for the sake of national development (Introduction
and Article 2 of this Regulation).
Moreover, this regulation also stipulates the organizational structure of the steering committee which involves 15 (fifteen) Indonesia's Ministries from various fields, such as the Minister of Coordinator Maritime and Investment, the Minister of Finance, the Minister of Home Affairs, and so on. This law also regulates the duties of each role in the steering committee organizational structure.
13. Name the authority(ies) responsible for overseeing implementation and/or enforcement. If not applicable, leave blank.
● 1. MINISTER FOR MARITIME AFFAIRS AND INVESTMENT OF THE REPUBLIC OF INDONESIA
o 2.
∘ 3.
o 4.
o 5.

15. To provide contextual information, rate the capacity of MINISTER FOR MARITIME AFFAIRS AND INVESTMENT OF THE REPUBLIC OF INDONESIA to undertake the policy tool's implementation

and/or enforcement.

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- o 0- No Capacity (Please explain)
- o 1- Low Capacity (Please explain)
- o 2- Medium Capacity (Please explain)
- 3- High Capacity (Please explain) <u>Based on Article 2</u>, steering committee as appointed by the Ministry has an authority to provide guidance on the carbon policy in achieving NDC targets and controlling GHG emissions for national development. Moreover, the steering committee has the function to conduct a hearing session and deciding regarding carbon pricing policy, provide considerations and inputs to the government related to carbon pricing policy, solve problems in the implementation of carbon pricing in cross-fields, develop national and international cooperation that covers cross-fields, control and evaluate cross-field policies.

o Prefer not to answer	
o Not Applicable	

25. Which entities are targeted through this policy tool? Select all that apply.

Note: With regard to sectoral actors, in cases where mandatory and voluntary obligations are mixed (e.g., mandatory for one sector, voluntary for another), select "mandatory" as there will be further opportunity to clarify.

	Mandatory	Voluntary	Not targeted
1. Publicly-traded			V
entities			
2. Private companies			✓
3. Financial institutions			abla
4. Small and medium-			<b>V</b>
sized enterprises			
5. State-owned			✓
companies			
6. Not-for-profit			abla
organizations			
7. Government			$\checkmark$
agencies and/or			
departments			
(supranational)			
8. Government	☑		
agencies and/or			
departments (national)			
9. Government			<b></b> ✓
agencies and/or			
departments (regional			
- e.g., state, province,			

region, metropolitan region)		
10. Government agencies and/or departments (local - e.g., county, district, municipality, city)		
11. Government agencies and/or departments (unspecified)		abla
12. Sectoral actors (e.g., healthcare, defense, utilities, education)		abla
13. Other		

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mandatory. Minimum number of employees (Enter min number of full-time employees - FTEs) Minimum revenue (Enter minimum revenue) Minimum assets (Enter minimum assets) Minimum contract value (Enter minimum contract value) Entity is headquartered in the jurisdiction Entities are subjected to disclosure or reporting requirements 28. Can entities for whom compliance with the policy tool is mandatory opt out of the obligation (e.g. comply or explain)? No o Yes 30. Does the policy tool exclusively apply to entities' domestic operations, or does it also apply to entities' operations beyond the jurisdiction? Operations within jurisdiction only o Operations beyond the jurisdiction Not applicable 32. What are the sanctions for non-compliance? Select all that apply and describe in the text field. ☐ Monetary fine ☐ Restriction on business activities ☐ Voiding or setting aside of contract ☐ Exclusion from government contracts ☐ Award of damages or compensation ☐ Penalty for senior managers ☐ Criminal penalties

✓ Not specified

27. Describe the threshold criteria to identify entities for whom or instances in which compliance is

□ Not applicable (e.g. in cases of voluntary tools)
□ Other
33. Relative to other compliance activities required of entities in this jurisdiction, is the cost of compliance:
o Below average
∘ Average
o Above average
Not applicable
o Unknown or prefer not to answer
35. To provide contextual information, give a general assessment of the extent to which regulated entities have made compliance a priority.
o Below average
∘ Average
Above average
Not applicable
o Unknown or prefer not to answer
37. Have the climate-specific provisions in this instrument ever been enforced?
• No (If relevant, explain) <u>As specified in the guideline, any further mention to external sources is not mandated.</u>
∘ Yes
39. Are there monitoring systems in place to oversee the implementation and/or enforcement of the policy tool?
No

o Yes
41. Does the policy tool recommend or require periodic impact assessments?
No     No
o Recommended
o Required
43. Does the policy tool recommend or require periodic reviews?
No     No
o Recommended
∘ Required
45. Does the policy tool include mechanisms for enhancing policy or regulatory coordination with subnational governments (e.g. vertical coordination mechanisms such as appointing coordinating agencies, forming working groups, etc.)?
o No
46. Describe the mechanisms for enhancing regulatory coordination with subnational governments. Reference the relevant section/subsection/paragraph of the policy tool where mechanisms for coordination with subnational governments are set.
Working Group is established to assist the implementation of the duty of the Steering Committee as required
47. Are there any government initiatives to enhance the capacity of targeted entities to implement or

comply with the policy tool (e.g. industry working groups, outreach campaigns, education and

training, etc.)?

No	)			
o Ye	S			

Domain-Specific Questions: Transition Planning Questions			
Disclosure of Plans and Targets			
132. Are targeted entities recommended or required to publicly disclose climate-related targets or transition plans?			
No     No			
∘ Recommended			
∘ Required			
Targets			
135. Does the policy tool recommend or require targeted entities to have or develop climate-related targets?			
No     No			
∘ Recommended			
o Required			
Transition Plans			
164. Does the policy tool recommend or require targeted entities to have or develop a transition plan?			
No			
o Recommended			
○ Required			

Monitoring	g, Oversight, and Implem	nentation	

176. Does the policy tool recommend or require entities undertake any of the following with regard to	:0
monitoring, oversight, and implementation? Select all that apply.	

	Recommended	Required	No
Monitor progress in		☑	
implementing their			
transition plan			
Develop financial			☑
plans for the			
implementation of			
their transition plan			
Integrate climate-			☑
related matters into			
their financial			
accounting			
Incorporate climate			☑
change considerations			
into their investment			
decision making			
and/or asset planning			
Incorporate climate			☑
change considerations			
into their capital			
allocation and/or			
expenditure plans			
Any other mechanisms			☑
for enhancing the			
achievement of			
targets and/or the			
implementation of			
transition plans			

177. Describe the obligation to monitor progress in implementing transition plans, referencing the relevant section/subsection/paragraph of the policy tool.

Based on Article 2, steering committee has an authority to provide guidance on the carbon policy in achieving NDC targets and controlling GHG emissions for national development. Moreover, the steering committee has the function to conduct a hearing session and deciding regarding carbon pricing policy, provide considerations and inputs to the government related to carbon pricing policy, solve problems in the implementation of carbon pricing in cross-fields, develop national and international cooperation that covers cross-fields, control and evaluate cross-field policies.

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Engagement, Lobbying, and Governance

184. Does the policy tool recommend or require targeted entities align any of the follow	ving
engagement and/or governance practices with their targets and/or transition plans?	

	Recommended	Required	No
Value chain			☑
engagement			
Investor engagement			
Consumer			
engagement			
Policy engagement			☑
and lobbying practices			
Corporate governance			$\square$
structure for transition			
and verification			
Climate-related			☑
financial incentives for			
employees and board			
members			
185. Does the policy tool recommend or require targeted entities to disclose how they have used due diligence and/or stewardship to achieve their targets and/or implement their transition plans?			
No     No			
∘ Recommended			
o Required			

Standards, Frameworks	, and Guidelines			
194. Does the policy tool	require the use of	f or make reference to any o	f the following standards,	
frameworks, or guideline	s? Select all that c	apply.		
	Required	Referenced	Neither required nor referenced	
IFRS S1			V	
IFRS S2			V	
Task Force on Climate-related Financial Disclosures (TCFD)				
CDP (formerly known as Climate Disclosure Project) Technical Note: Reporting on Climate Transition Plans			☑	
International Integrated Reporting Framework			☑	
Global Reporting Initiative (GRI)			V	
Sustainability Accounting Standards Board (SASB)			V	
Science Based Targets initiative (SBTi)			V	
Science Based Targets initiative (SBTi) Net Zero Standard				
European Sustainability Reporting Standards (ESRS)				
Other			V	
Additional Important Information				

197. Note any additional important information about the contribution of the policy tool to net zero alignment not captured in the above questions. If referencing new sources (i.e. not referenced in Question 3), provide a web-archived link to the source material.

Policy Tool Name: Ministry of Energy and Mining Resources ("MoEMR") Regulation No. 16 of 2022 on Carbon Pricing Procedures for the Power Plant Sub-sector

htt	Source material link(s): ps://web.archive.org/web/20240630095105/https://jdih.maritim.go.id/cfind/source/files/permenesd 2022/permen-esdm-nomor-16-tahun-2022.pdf
4.	Which of the following governance domains does this policy tool relate to? Select all that apply.
<b>V</b>	Climate-related disclosure
✓.	Transition planning
	Public procurement
5.	If relevant, briefly explain how the policy tool applies or is linked to multiple domains.
im rec En	is regulation provides the guidelines for business actors in the field of electricity production in the plementation of carbon trading regulations. In implementing carbon trading, one of the obligations quired by businesses that own and operate a power plant is to submit reports to the Ministry of ergy and Mining Resources ("MoEMR") regarding GHG emissions generated by the power plant for y power plant unit setting.
6.	Select the category which best describes the author/issuer of the policy tool.
	Head of state and/or government
	Independent regulatory or supervisory body
	Legislature
	Judiciary
<b>√</b>	Ministry/Department/Agency
	Other (Please describe)
7.	Status of the policy tool
	Approved, in force

<ul> <li>Approved, not yet in force</li> </ul>
o Other (Please describe)
9. Year of (planned) entry into force or year of publication
<u>2022</u>
10. Does the policy tool have an end date?
No     No
∘ Yes

12. Briefly describe the policy tool's goal and/or purpose:

For example: The policy tool requires publicly listed companies to comply with the recommendations of the Task Force for Climate Related Financial Disclosure or to explain the absence of such disclosures.

MoEMR 16/2022 provides the procedures for the implementation of Carbon pricing in the powerplant sector. This regulation stipulates among others, the requirement for power plant to perform power plant efficiency and to prioritize offset of GHG emissions, in order to achieve the NDC target in the energy sector.

In general, in conducting carbon trading, business actors must take due observance of the following: (i) the stipulation of Emission Ceiling Technical Approval (Penetapan Batas Atas Emisi or "PTBAE") for the energy sector and power plant subsector, (ii) providing a monitoring plan for GHG emissions from each of their power plant units; (iii) obtaining PT BAE PU stipulation by applying to MoEM; (iv) preparing carbon trading report and a report containing the data on GHG emissions produced by each power plant unit

These reports will be verified by the MoEM which may be verified by way of performing on site verification and/or request of other supporting documents. Based on such reports, the MoEM will declare whether the report conform with the data and activity of the power plant unit management.

The power plant GHG Emission report is submitted through a system (APPLE-Gatrik) no later than 31 January of the following year.

13. Name the authority(ies) responsible for overseeing implementation and/or enforcement. If not applicable, leave blank.
● 1. <u>Ministry of Energy and Mineral Resources</u>
o 2.
o 3.
o <b>4.</b>
o 5.
15. To provide contextual information, rate the capacity of Ministry of Energy and Mineral Resources to undertake the policy tool's implementation and/or enforcement.
o O- No Capacity (Please explain)
o 1- Low Capacity (Please explain)
o 2- Medium Capacity (Please explain)
• 3- High Capacity (Please explain) <u>Based on the regulation, the MoEM has an authority to as follow, among others:</u>
. determines the Technical Approval of Upper Limit for GHG Emissions of Power Plants (Persetujuan Teknis Batas Atas Emisi GR K Pembangkit Tenaga Listrik or "PTBAE") and its amendment.
• to receive the monitoring plan.
• to evaluate the GHG emissions report and can asking the business actor for supporting
<ul> <li>documents and conducting field verification.</li> <li>to give a sanction if there is any incompliance.</li> </ul>
o Prefer not to answer
o Not Applicable

25. Which entities are targeted through this policy tool? Select all that apply.

Note: With regard to sectoral actors, in cases where mandatory and voluntary obligations are mixed (e.g., mandatory for one sector, voluntary for another), select "mandatory" as there will be further opportunity to clarify.

	Mandatory	Voluntary	Not targeted
1. Publicly-traded	V		
entities			
2. Private companies	✓		
3. Financial institutions			
4. Small and medium-			
sized enterprises			
5. State-owned	☑		
companies			
6. Not-for-profit			<b>2</b>
organizations			
7. Government			<b>I</b>
agencies and/or			
departments			
(supranational)			
8. Government			$\square$
agencies and/or			
departments (national)			
9. Government			
agencies and/or			
departments (regional			
- e.g., state, province,			
region, metropolitan			
region) 10. Government			
agencies and/or			☑
departments (local -			
e.g., county, district,			
municipality, city)			
11. Government			<b>V</b>
agencies and/or			
departments			
(unspecified)			
12. Sectoral actors			<b>V</b>
(e.g., healthcare,			
defense, utilities,			
education)			
13. Other	<b>7</b>		
13 Other Text: Power pla		1	1

12. Sectoral actors			V	
(e.g., healthcare,				
defense, utilities,				
education)				
13. Other	<b>✓</b>			
3. Other Text: Power plant business entities				

mandatory. Minimum number of employees (Enter min number of full-time employees - FTEs) Minimum revenue (Enter minimum revenue) Minimum assets (Enter minimum assets) Minimum contract value (Enter minimum contract value) Entity is headquartered in the jurisdiction Entities are subjected to disclosure or reporting requirements 28. Can entities for whom compliance with the policy tool is mandatory opt out of the obligation (e.g. comply or explain)? No o Yes 30. Does the policy tool exclusively apply to entities' domestic operations, or does it also apply to entities' operations beyond the jurisdiction? Operations within jurisdiction only o Operations beyond the jurisdiction Not applicable 32. What are the sanctions for non-compliance? Select all that apply and describe in the text field. ☐ Monetary fine ☐ Restriction on business activities ☐ Voiding or setting aside of contract ☐ Exclusion from government contracts ☐ Award of damages or compensation ☐ Penalty for senior managers ☐ Criminal penalties □ Not specified

27. Describe the threshold criteria to identify entities for whom or instances in which compliance is

□ Not applicable (e.g. in cases of voluntary tools)
☑ Other written warnings from the MoEMR via the relevant Directorate General
33. Relative to other compliance activities required of entities in this jurisdiction, is the cost of compliance:
o Below average
∘ Average
Above average
o Not applicable
• Unknown or prefer not to answer
35. To provide contextual information, give a general assessment of the extent to which regulated entities have made compliance a priority.
o Below average
Average
o Above average
o Not applicable
o Unknown or prefer not to answer
36. Provide supplemental explanation of your priority assessment. If referencing new sources (i.e. not referenced in Question 3), provide a web-archived link to the source material.
37. Have the climate-specific provisions in this instrument ever been enforced?
No (If relevant, explain)
Yes

38. Briefly note one to two exemplary cases of enforcement. If referencing new sources (i.e. not referenced in Question 3), provide a web-archived link to the source material.
39. Are there monitoring systems in place to oversee the implementation and/or enforcement of the policy tool?
∘ No
Yes
40. Describe the monitoring systems in place. Please reference the relevant section/subsection/paragraph of the policy tool where monitoring systems are set.
Based on Article 23 paragraph 1 of this law, The Minister through the Director General shall provide
supervision on the implementation of NEK in the power generation subsector.
41. Does the policy tool recommend or require periodic impact assessments?
No
o Recommended
o Required
43. Does the policy tool recommend or require periodic reviews?
∘ No
o Recommended
Required

44. Select the option that best describes the frequency of the recommended or required periodic reviews.
● 0-2 years
o 2-5 years
o 5-10 years
o 10 or more years
<ul> <li>Not specified</li> </ul>
o Other
45. Does the policy tool include mechanisms for enhancing policy or regulatory coordination with
subnational governments (e.g. vertical coordination mechanisms such as appointing coordinating agencies, forming working groups, etc.)?
∘ No
46. Describe the mechanisms for enhancing regulatory coordination with subnational governments. Reference the relevant section/subsection/paragraph of the policy tool where mechanisms for coordination with subnational governments are set.
Based on Article 29 Paragraph 2, there is a coordination carried out by the Director General to the Secretary-General to submit an annual report on the results of the GHG Emissions Inventory of the power generation subsector
47. Are there any government initiatives to enhance the capacity of targeted entities to implement or
comply with the policy tool (e.g. industry working groups, outreach campaigns, education and training, etc.)?
○ No
Yes

48. Describe initiatives for enhancing the capacity of targeted entities to implement or comply with the policy tool. Reference the relevant section/subsection/paragraph of the policy tool where capacity-building initiatives are established. If referencing new sources (i.e. not referenced in Question 3), provide a web-archived link to the source material.

Based on Article 32 paragraph 1-2, The Minister through the Director General shall provide guidance through socialization, technical guidance, and/or other activities related to the implementation of carbon pricing.

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Domain-Specific Questions: Disclosure Questions				
What is being disclosed	?			
<b>.</b>				
information? Select all the		ilred to disclose any of	the following climate-related	
mormation. Select all the				
	Recommended	Required	Neither recommended nor required	
1. Greenhouse gas		<b>V</b>		
(GHG) emissions				
2. GHG emissions offsets or removals				
3. GHG emissions				
reduction targets				
4. Other climate-				
related targets				
5. Physical climate risk 6. Transition risk				
7. Transition plan				
Disclosure of Greenhous	se Gas (GHG) Emissio	ns		
		- 1		
54. Which GHG emission	s must be disclosed? \$	Select all that apply.		
☑ Carbon dioxide (CO <sub>2</sub> )				
☑ Methane (CH4)				
☑ Nitrous oxide (N₂O)				
☐ Hydrofluorocarbons (H	IFCs)			
□ Perfluorocarbons (PFC	s)			
☐ Sulphur hexafluoride (S	SF6)			
□ Nitrogen trifluoride (NF	-3)			
☑ Carbon dioxide equiva	lent (CO2e)			

55. Are entities recommended or required to disclose gross emissions?
o No
o Recommended
Required
56. Are entities recommended or required to disclose net emissions?
No     No
○ Recommended
o Required
57. What Scope of emissions must be disclosed? Select all that apply.
☑ Scope 1 emissions
☐ Scope 2 emissions
☐ Scope 3 emissions, relevant or material
☐ Scope 3 emissions, a specified proportion of coverage (Please describe)
☐ Scope 3 emissions, all
□ Not specified
58. Are entities recommended or required to disclose GHG emissions accounting methodologies or standards?
GHG emissions
59. Does the policy tool recommend or require the GHG inventory be third-party verified?
∘ No

o Recommended				
○ Required				
60. If pagagaga, provide	additional elevification to	the above responses above	utaroophouse age (CHC)	
emissions disclosure.	additional clarification to	the above responses abou	itgreennouse gas (ana)	
Other diagrams				
Other disclosures				
105. Are targeted entities information? Select all the	•	ed to disclose any other cli	mate-related	
	Required	Recommended	Neither recommended nor required	
1. Climate-related opportunities			<b>Ø</b>	
2. Remuneration based on achieving climate-related goals				
3. Taxonomies				
4. Capital allocation and/or expenditure plans (in the context of climate change)				
5. Due diligence				
6. Assumptions and Dependencies				
7. Data limitations of scenario analyses				
8. Financial implications of climate-related matters (e.g., integration of climate-related disclosures into financial accounting standards)				
9. Stewardship (e.g., whether stewardship				

codes are in place, how entities vote in shareholder meetings, etc.)		
10. ESG methodologies and criteria (in the case of service providers)		
11. Asset planning or ownership in the context of climate change		
12. Sectoral investment policies		
13. Climate-related lobbying and/or policy engagement		
14. Locked-in emissions or information on emissive assets with long lifespans		
15. Dirty asset divestiture		
16. Nature-related impacts		
17. Just transition indicators		

\_\_\_\_\_

	Required	Referenced	Neither required nor referenced
1. IFRS S1			V
2. IFRS S2			V
3. Task Force on Climate-related Financial Disclosures (TCFD)			
4. GHG Protocol Corporate Accounting and Reporting Standard			☑
5. GHG Protocol Corporate Value Chain (Scope 3) Accounting and Reporting Standard			☑
6. CDP (formerly known as Climate Disclosure Project) reporting framework			V
7. International Integrated Reporting Framework			
8. Global Reporting Initiative (GRI)			$\square$
9. Sustainability Accounting Standards Board (SASB)			☑
10. European Sustainability Reporting Standards (ESRS)			☑
11. Taskforce on Nature-related Financial Disclosures (TNFD)			
12. Partnership for Carbon Accounting Financials (PCAF)			V

Standards, Frameworks, and Guidelines

13. Glasgow Financial Alliance for Net Zero (GFANZ)			
14. Other		V	
<u>-</u>	ards, frameworks or guide e a web-archived link to e	=	
Paris Agreement to the U	nited Nations Framework	Convention on Climate C	<u>hange</u>
Additional Important Inf	ormation		
alignment not captured in	important information abo the above questions. If re b-archived link to the sou	eferencing new sources (i.	
Domain-Specific Question	ns: Transition Planning Qu	uestions	
Disclosure of Plans and	Targets		
132. Are targeted entities transition plans?	recommended or require	d to publicly disclose climo	ate-related targets or
No			
o Recommended			
o Required			

Targets			
135. Does the policy tool targets?	recommend or require to	argeted entities to have or a	develop climate-related
No			
o Recommended			
o Required			
Transition Plans			
164. Does the policy tool	recommend or require to	argeted entities to have or a	develop a transition plan?
∘ No			
o Recommended			
<ul><li>Required</li></ul>			
·			
105.5			
165. Does the policy tool plans? Select all that app	•	ny of the following element	s or criteria for transition
		Demined	Noith an management of all
	Recommended	Required	Neither recommended nor required
A timeframe for the transition plan (e.g. 10 year plan, 20 year plan, etc.)			Z
Key Performance Indicators (KPIs) for monitoring transition plan implementation			
Updates to the transition plan		V	
Third-party verification and/or			V

the transition plan Identified methodology			<b>Z</b>
for scenario analysis			
168. Select the option that transition plans.	t best describes the recor	mmended or required freq	uency of updates to
● 0-2 years			
o 2-5 years			
o 5-10 years			
$\circ$ 10 or more years			
o Not specified			
o Other			
		es to transition plans and	reference the relevant
section/subsection/paragi	raph of the policy tool.		
Based on Article 4, the PTBAE is implemented in 3(three) phases. Phase one, for the period 2023 to			
	and 2025 to 2027, and	shace three for the period	√ 2020 + <sup>∨</sup> 203U
2024; phase two, for the p	oeriod 2025 to 2027; and	phase three, for the period	d 2028 to 2030.
	oeriod 2025 to 2027; and	phase three, for the perio	d 2028 to 2030.
2024; phase two, for the p		phase three, for the perio	d 2028 to 2030.
		phase three, for the perio	d 2028 to 2030.
2024; phase two, for the p		phase three, for the perio	d 2028 to 2030.
2024; phase two, for the p	nd Implementation		
2024; phase two, for the p	nd Implementation	tities undertake any of the	
2024; phase two, for the particle of the parti	nd Implementation recommend or require ent	tities undertake any of the all that apply.	following with regard to
2024; phase two, for the particle of the parti	nd Implementation	tities undertake any of the	
2024; phase two, for the particle of the parti	nd Implementation recommend or require ent d implementation? Select	cities undertake any of the all that apply. Required	following with regard to
2024; phase two, for the particle of the parti	nd Implementation recommend or require ent d implementation? Select	cities undertake any of the all that apply. Required	following with regard to
2024; phase two, for the particle of the parti	recommend or require ent d implementation? Select Recommended	cities undertake any of the all that apply.  Required	following with regard to  No  ☑

Integrate climate-			V	
related matters into their financial				
accounting				
Incorporate climate			<b>V</b>	
change considerations				
into their investment				
decision making				
and/or asset planning Incorporate climate			<b>V</b>	
change considerations				
into their capital				
allocation and/or				
expenditure plans				
Any other mechanisms		abla		
for enhancing the				
achievement of				
targets and/or the implementation of				
transition plans				
182. Describe the obligations related to other governance mechanisms for enhancing the				
achievement of targets and/or implementation of transition plans, referencing the relevant				
section/subsection/paragraph of the policy tool.				
Under MoEMR 16/2022, businesses that owns a nower plant must submit a report to the MoEM				
Under MoEMR 16/2022, businesses that owns a power plant must submit a report to the MoEM				
regarding GHG emissions generated by the power plant for any power plant unit setting out the				
following:				
(a) Activity data of the power of the power plant unit; and				
(b) Business data of t	the power plant unit.			
The report will be verified by the MoEM which may be verified by way of performing on site				
verification and/or request of other supporting documents. Based on such report, the MoEM will				
<u>declare whether the report conform with the data and activity of the power plant unit management.</u>				
Engagement, Lobbying, and Governance				

184. Does the policy tool recommend or require targeted entities align any of the following engagement and/or governance practices with their targets and/or transition plans?

	Recommended	Required	No
Value chain			☑
engagement			
Investor engagement			<b>☑</b>
Consumer			☑
engagement			
Policy engagement			☑
and lobbying practices			
Corporate governance			☑
structure for transition			
and verification			
Climate-related			✓
financial incentives for			
employees and board			
members			
185. Does the policy tool	recommend or require tar	geted entities to disclose l	how they have used due
	ship to achieve their targe	=	
amgenes ana, et eterrar a	simp to domesto area targe		a anemon praner
<ul><li>No</li></ul>			
_			
<ul> <li>Recommended</li> </ul>			
o Doguirod			
○ Required			

Standards, Frameworks	, and Guidelines		
194 Does the policy tool	require the use of	or make reference to any o	f the following standards
frameworks, or guideline			i the following standards,
Trainerrents, or gardenine	- Coloct an traca	· · · ·	
	Required	Referenced	Neither required nor referenced
IFRS S1			<b>I</b>
IFRS S2			<b>I</b>
Task Force on Climate-related Financial Disclosures (TCFD)			
CDP (formerly known as Climate Disclosure Project) Technical Note: Reporting on Climate Transition Plans			☑
International Integrated Reporting Framework			☑
Global Reporting Initiative (GRI)			V
Sustainability Accounting Standards Board (SASB)			V
Science Based Targets initiative (SBTi)			V
Science Based Targets initiative (SBTi) Net Zero Standard			
European Sustainability Reporting Standards (ESRS)			
Other			V
Additional Important Inf	ormation		

197. Note any additional important information about the contribution of the policy tool to net zero alignment not captured in the above questions. If referencing new sources (i.e. not referenced in Question 3), provide a web-archived link to the source material.

## Policy Tool Name: Ministry of the Environment and Forestry ("MoEF") Regulation No. 7 of 2023 on Carbon Trading Procedures for the Forestry Sector

3. Source material link(s): https://web.archive.org/web/20240525173457/https://peraturan.bpk.go.id/Download/310937/PERMIN%20LHK_7_2023.pdf
4. Which of the following governance domains does this policy tool relate to? Select all that apply.
☑ Climate-related disclosure
☑ Transition planning
☐ Public procurement
5. If relevant, briefly explain how the policy tool applies or is linked to multiple domains.
This policy regulates and addresses climate change mitigation efforts and achieving NDC targets in the forestry sector, through policies that regulate carbon trading and carbon offset.
6. Select the category which best describes the author/issuer of the policy tool.
☐ Head of state and/or government
☐ Independent regulatory or supervisory body
□ Legislature
□ Judiciary
☑ Ministry/Department/Agency
☐ Other (Please describe)
7. Status of the policy tool
<ul><li>Approved, in force</li></ul>
o Approved, not yet in force
o Other (Please describe)

9. Year of (planned) entry into force or year of publication
<u>2023</u>
10. Does the policy tool have an end date?
No
∘ Yes
12. Briefly describe the policy tool's goal and/or purpose:
For example: The policy tool requires publicly listed companies to comply with the recommendations of the Task Force for Climate Related Financial Disclosure or to explain the absence of such disclosures.
This policy regulates policies that prioritize in addressing climate change mitigation efforts and achieving NDC target in the forestry sector, specifically through guidelines on carbon trading and carbon offset. This policy also regulates non-tax state revenue on carbon trading as well as the mechanism on reporting, evaluation and development of carbon trading in the forestry sector.
13. Name the authority(ies) responsible for overseeing implementation and/or enforcement. If not applicable, leave blank.
■ 1. Ministry of Environment and Forestry
■ 3. Governors
o 4.
o 5.
15. To provide contextual information, rate the capacity of Ministry of Environment and Forestry to undertake the policy tool's implementation and/or enforcement.
o 0- No Capacity (Please explain)

o 1- Low Capacity (Please explain)

located across districts.

o 3- High Capacity (Please explain)

- o 2- Medium Capacity (Please explain)
- 3- High Capacity (Please explain) <u>Based on Article 7 of this regulation, the Ministry holds the authority to give approvals for carbon trading activities in the forestry sector.</u>

Based on Article 12, the Ministry has an obligation to determine the Forestry sector Carbon Trading roadmap.

<u>Based on Article 15 paragraph (1), The Ministry determines the highest amount of excess NDC target</u> achievements that can be traded overseas for Carbon Trading.

achievements that can be traded overseas for Carbon Trading.
o Prefer not to answer
o Not Applicable
16. To provide contextual information, rate the capacity of Mayors of Indonesian Regencies to undertake the policy tool's implementation and/or enforcement.
o 0- No Capacity (Please explain)
o 1- Low Capacity (Please explain)
• 2- Medium Capacity (Please explain) <u>Based on Article 7 Paragraph (6) point b. Mayors in Indonesian Regencies hold the authority to give approvals for carbon trading activities in forestry sector for botanical forest park located in their district/city.</u>
o 3- High Capacity (Please explain)
o Prefer not to answer
o Not Applicable
17. To provide contextual information, rate the capacity of Governors to undertake the policy tool's implementation and/or enforcement.
o 0- No Capacity (Please explain)
o 1- Low Capacity (Please explain)
© 2- Medium Capacity (Please explain) <u>Based on Article 7 paragraph (6) point b, governor hold</u> authority to give approvals for carbon trading activities in forestry sectors for botanical forest parks

o Prefer not to answer	
o Not Applicable	

25. Which entities are targeted through this policy tool? Select all that apply.

Note: With regard to sectoral actors, in cases where mandatory and voluntary obligations are mixed (e.g., mandatory for one sector, voluntary for another), select "mandatory" as there will be further opportunity to clarify.

	Mandatory	Voluntary	Not targeted
1. Publicly-traded	<b>V</b>		
entities			
2. Private companies	<b>V</b>		
3. Financial institutions			
4. Small and medium-	<b>7</b>		
sized enterprises			
5. State-owned			$\square$
companies			
6. Not-for-profit			
organizations			
7. Government			
agencies and/or			
departments			
(supranational)			
8. Government			☑
agencies and/or			
departments (national)			
9. Government			$\blacksquare$
agencies and/or			
departments (regional			
- e.g., state, province,			
region, metropolitan			
region)			
10. Government			abla
agencies and/or			
departments (local - e.g., county, district,			
municipality, city)			
11. Government			<b>V</b>
agencies and/or			
departments			
(unspecified)			
12. Sectoral actors	<b>V</b>		
(e.g., healthcare,			
defense, utilities,			
education)			
13. Other			

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26. In cases where entities are targeted by sector, identify the sector to which the policy tool applies.

	Mandatory	Voluntary	Not applicable
All sectors			<b>V</b>
Agriculture, forestry, and fishing	V		
Mining and quarrying			<b>7</b>
Manufacturing			<b>7</b>
Electricity, gas, steam, and air conditioning supply			V
Water supply; sewerage; waste management and remediation activities			
Construction			<b>I</b>
Wholesale and retail trade: repair of motor vehicles and motorcycles			V
Transportation and storage			☑
Accommodation and food service activities			
Information and communication			V
Financial and insurance activities			☑
Real estate activities			V
Professional, scientific and technical activities			V
Administrative and support service activities			abla
Public administration and defense; compulsory social security			
Education			<b>V</b>
Human health and social work activities			✓
Arts, entertainment and recreation			V
Other service activities			<b>7</b>
Activities of households as employers; undifferentiated goods-and services- producing activities of			V

households for own use			
Activities of extraterritorial organizations and bodies			☑
Minimum number of emp Minimum revenue (Enter Minimum assets (Enter r Minimum contract value Entity is headquartered	oloyees (Enter min numbe minimum revenue) minimum assets) (Enter minimum contract		
28. Can entities for whom compliance with the policy tool is mandatory opt out of the obligation (e.g. comply or explain)?    No			
o Yes			
30. Does the policy tool exentities' operations beyon		s' domestic operations, or	does it also apply to
Operations within jurisa	diction only		
o Operations beyond the	jurisdiction		
Not applicable			
32. What are the sanction	ns for non-compliance? Se	elect all that apply and de	scribe in the text field.
☐ Monetary fine			
☐ Restriction on business	activities		
☐ Voiding or setting aside	e of contract		

□ Exclusion from government contracts
☐ Award of damages or compensation
☐ Penalty for senior managers
☐ Criminal penalties
□ Not specified
□ Not applicable (e.g. in cases of voluntary tools)
☑ Other Sanction for non-compliances are stated in Article 14 and Article 21, both of the sanction given is in the form of administrative sanction. Article 14 stating that administrative sanction may impose the Implementers of GHG Emissions Offset in Forest Area who do not conduct Climate Change Mitigation Action Plan Document and Climate Change Mitigation Action plans in forest utilization business planning documents. Moreover, Article 21 stipulates that the business actor who do not submit periodic business activity reports every month may subject to administrative sanctions. The types of administrative sanctions are not included in this regulation and appoint other regulations.
33. Relative to other compliance activities required of entities in this jurisdiction, is the cost of compliance:
o Below average
o Average
Above average
o Not applicable
● Unknown or prefer not to answer
35. To provide contextual information, give a general assessment of the extent to which regulated entities have made compliance a priority.
o Below average
o Average
o Above average
o Not applicable
● Unknown or prefer not to answer

37. Have the climate-specific provisions in this instrument ever been enforced?
• No (If relevant, explain) As specified in the guideline, any further mention to external sources is not mandated.
∘ Yes
39. Are there monitoring systems in place to oversee the implementation and/or enforcement of the policy tool?
○ No
● Yes
40. Describe the monitoring systems in place. Please reference the relevant section/subsection/paragraph of the policy tool where monitoring systems are set.
As mentioned, the MoEF and Governors/Mayors of local governments hold the obligation to oversee the implementation of this regulation through Article 7, 12, and 15.
41. Does the policy tool recommend or require periodic impact assessments?
No     No
○ Recommended
∘ Required
43. Does the policy tool recommend or require periodic reviews?
○ No
○ Recommended

44. Select the option that best describes the frequency of the recommended or required periodic reviews.
● 0-2 years
o 2-5 years
o 5-10 years
o 10 or more years
○ Not specified
○ Other
45. Does the policy tool include mechanisms for enhancing policy or regulatory coordination with subnational governments (e.g. vertical coordination mechanisms such as appointing coordinating agencies, forming working groups, etc.)?
∘ No
46. Describe the mechanisms for enhancing regulatory coordination with subnational governments. Reference the relevant section/subsection/paragraph of the policy tool where mechanisms for coordination with subnational governments are set.
As mentioned, the MoEF and Governors/Mayors of local governments hold the obligation to oversee the implementation of this regulation through Article 7, 12, and 15.
47. Are there any government initiatives to enhance the capacity of targeted entities to implement or comply with the policy tool (e.g. industry working groups, outreach campaigns, education and training, etc.)?
No     No
∘ Yes

Domain-Specific Questio	ns: Disclosure Questic	ons	
What is being disclosed	?		
52. Are targeted entities information? Select all the	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	uired to disclose any c	of the following climate-related
	Recommended	Required	Neither recommended nor required
1. Greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions			☑
2. GHG emissions offsets or removals	V		
3. GHG emissions reduction targets	V		
4. Other climate- related targets			$\square$
5. Physical climate risk			lacktriangle
6. Transition risk			✓
7. Transition plan			☑
Disclosure of Greenhous	e Gas (GHG) Offsets	or Removals	
62. Does the policy tool re	ecommend or require	offsetting purchases	be disclosed?
○ No			

• Recommended (Please describe and reference the relevant section/subsection/paragraph of the policy tool) <u>Based on Article 11</u>, the policy provides that the offset of GHG can be carried out among others: preparation and determination of the trade road map, determination of emission reduction reserves (buffers), determination of projected annual GHG emission production, determination of forestry sector emission reduction targets, and preparation of Climate Change Mitigation Action Plan Document and implementation report of change mitigation actions climate.

<ul> <li>Required (Please describe and reference the relevant section/subsection/paragraph of the policy tool)</li> </ul>
63. Does the policy tool recommend or require entities disclose whether offsets are verified?
∘ No
Recommended (Please describe and reference the relevant section/subsection/paragraph of the policy tool) article 11 of policy provides that any reports on the results of the implementation of mitigation actions climate change due to carbon offset will need to be verified by the MRV (Measurement, Reporting, and Verification) team established by the national registry system under MoEF ("SRN-PPI").
o Required (Please describe and reference the relevant section/subsection/paragraph of the policy tool)
64. Does the policy tool recommend or require any certification standards for the use of GHG offsetting or removals?
No     No
o Recommended (Please list the certification standards, describe their use, and reference the relevant section/subsection/paragraph of the policy tool)
o Required (Please describe and reference the relevant section/subsection/paragraph of the policy tool)
65. Does the policy tool include any other recommendations or requirements regarding the appropriate use of offsets?
No     No
o Recommended (Please describe and reference the relevant section/subsection/paragraph of the policy tool)
o Required (Please describe and reference the relevant section/subsection/paragraph of the policy tool)

Disclosure of Greenhouse Gas (GHG) Emissions Reduction Targets			
67. Which of the followin disclose? Select any of th		=	e policy tool request entities
	Recommended	Required	Neither recommended nor required
An absolute emissions reduction target			✓
An intensity-based emissions reduction target			
A net zero target			<b>☑</b>
Targets covering non- carbon GHG emissions			V
A Scope 3 emissions target			V
A target derived using a sectoral decarbonization approach			
Interim targets	<b>7</b>		
A target timeframe (e.g. by 2040)			V
A baseline year from which progress is measured			
A level of ambition for emissions reductions (e.g. 80% reduction)			☑
68. Does the policy tool re emissions reductions targ	·	entities to disclose the	ir progress in achieving their
o No			
<ul><li>Recommended</li></ul>			
o Required			

69. What is the recommended or required frequency of progress reports regarding the achievement

of emissions reductions targets?

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o Yearly
o Every two years
o Every three years
o Every four years
o Every five years
o Every ten years or more
o Other
No prescribed frequency
77. What is the recommended or required level of ambition for interim targets?
o Reduction between 1-25%
○ Reduction between 26-50%
o Reduction between 51-75%
Reduction of over 75%
o Other
None specified
78. What are the recommended or required years for interim targets?
o 2025-2030
o 2031-2040
o 2041-2050
o Other
o None specified

Other disclosures

105. Are targeted entities recommended or required to disclose any other climate-related information? Select all that apply.

	Required	Recommended	Neither recommended nor required
1. Climate-related opportunities			☑
2. Remuneration based on achieving climate-related goals			V
3. Taxonomies			☑
4. Capital allocation and/or expenditure plans (in the context of climate change)		☑	
5. Due diligence		<b>V</b>	
6. Assumptions and Dependencies			V
7. Data limitations of scenario analyses			<b>V</b>
8. Financial implications of climate-related matters (e.g., integration of climate-related disclosures into financial accounting standards)			
9. Stewardship (e.g., whether stewardship codes are in place, how entities vote in shareholder meetings, etc.)			☑
10. ESG methodologies and criteria (in the case of service providers)			
11. Asset planning or ownership in the context of climate change			☑
12. Sectoral investment policies			V
13. Climate-related lobbying and/or policy engagement			☑
14. Locked-in emissions or information on			☑

emissive assets with			
long lifespans			
15. Dirty asset			☑
divestiture			
16. Nature-related			<b>3</b>
impacts			
17. Just transition			☑
indicators			
allocation and/or expendi Stated in Article 14 and A	ture plans disclosures. article 21, Climate Change	n/paragraph of the policy t e Mitigation Action Plan D	·
Change Mitigation Action	plans in forest utilization	business planning docum	<u>nents, and periodic</u>
	-	business planning docum to be provided by busines	
	-		
business activity reports	-		
business activity reports a sector.	every month are required		s actors in the forestry
business activity reports of sector.  110. Describe and referent diligence disclosures.	every month are required	to be provided by busines	s actors in the forestry
business activity reports of sector.  110. Describe and referer diligence disclosures.  Stated in Article 14 and A	every month are required  nce the section/subsection	to be provided by busines  n/paragraph of the policy t  e Mitigation Action Plan D	cool relevant to due
business activity reports of sector.  110. Describe and referent diligence disclosures.  Stated in Article 14 and A Change Mitigation Action	every month are required  nce the section/subsection  article 21, Climate Change plans in forest utilization	to be provided by busines  n/paragraph of the policy t  e Mitigation Action Plan D  business planning docum	cool relevant to due
business activity reports of sector.  110. Describe and referer diligence disclosures.  Stated in Article 14 and A Change Mitigation Action business activity reports of sectors.	every month are required  nce the section/subsection  article 21, Climate Change plans in forest utilization	to be provided by busines  n/paragraph of the policy t  e Mitigation Action Plan D	cool relevant to due
business activity reports of sector.  110. Describe and referent diligence disclosures.  Stated in Article 14 and A Change Mitigation Action	every month are required  nce the section/subsection  article 21, Climate Change plans in forest utilization	to be provided by busines  n/paragraph of the policy t  e Mitigation Action Plan D  business planning docum	cool relevant to due
business activity reports of sector.  110. Describe and referer diligence disclosures.  Stated in Article 14 and A Change Mitigation Action business activity reports of sectors.	every month are required  nce the section/subsection  article 21, Climate Change plans in forest utilization	to be provided by busines  n/paragraph of the policy t  e Mitigation Action Plan D  business planning docum	cool relevant to due

	Required	Referenced	Neither required nor referenced
1. IFRS S1			V
2. IFRS S2			V
3. Task Force on Climate-related Financial Disclosures (TCFD)			
4. GHG Protocol Corporate Accounting and Reporting Standard			☑
5. GHG Protocol Corporate Value Chain (Scope 3) Accounting and Reporting Standard			
6. CDP (formerly known as Climate Disclosure Project) reporting framework			☑
7. International Integrated Reporting Framework			V
8. Global Reporting Initiative (GRI)			$\square$
9. Sustainability Accounting Standards Board (SASB)			☑
10. European Sustainability Reporting Standards (ESRS)			
11. Taskforce on Nature-related Financial Disclosures (TNFD)			
12. Partnership for Carbon Accounting Financials (PCAF)			Ø

Standards, Frameworks, and Guidelines

13. Glasgow Financial Alliance for Net Zero (GFANZ)		$\square$
14. Other		<b>V</b>

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Additional Important Information
128. Note any additional important information about the contribution of the policy tool to net zero alignment not captured in the above questions. If referencing new sources (i.e. not referenced in Question 3), provide a web-archived link to the source material.
Domain-Specific Questions: Transition Planning Questions
Disclosure of Plans and Targets
132. Are targeted entities recommended or required to publicly disclose climate-related targets or transition plans?
No     No
o Recommended
o Required
Targets
135. Does the policy tool recommend or require targeted entities to have or develop climate-related targets?
o No
○ Recommended
<ul><li>Required</li></ul>

136. Does the policy tool recommend or require entities to monitor progress in achieving their targets?
∘ No
o Recommended
Required
137. Describe and reference the section/subsection/paragraph of the policy tool relevant to monitoring progress in achieving targets.
Stated in Article 14 and Article 21, Climate Change Mitigation Action Plan Document, Climate Change Mitigation Action plans in forest utilization business planning documents, and periodic business activity reports every month are required to be provided by business actors in the forestry sector.
138. Does the policy tool recommend or require targeted entities to publicly report on progress in achieving their targets?
No
o Recommended
o Required

140. Which of the following targets, or data related to targets, does the policy tool recommend or require entities have or develop? Select all that apply.

	Recommended	Required	No
An absolute emissions			<b>☑</b>
reduction target			
An intensity-based			<b>☑</b>
emissions reduction			
target			
A net zero target			V
Interim targets (e.g. 2030, 2050)			
Targets covering non- carbon GHG emissions			
A Scope 3 emissions target			
A target derived using a sectoral decarbonization approach		✓	
A level of ambition for emissions reductions (e.g. 80% reduction)			☑
A baseline year from which progress is measured			✓
A target timeframe (e.g. by 2040)			Ø
Targets for renewable energy procurement			Ø
Targets for fossil fuel phase down/phase up			V
Separate targets for GHG offsets and/or removals			☑
Targets or goals related to climate adaptation			✓
Targets or goals related to nature and biodiversity			
Other targets related to sustainability			Ø

148. For which of the following sectors are entities recommended or required to develop targets derived using a sectoral decarbonization approach? Select all that apply.

□ Industry
☐ Transport Services
☐ Services/Commercial buildings
☑ Other Forestry
□ None specified
149. Does the policy tool recommend or require targets derived using a sectoral decarbonization approach be validated by a third-party?
No
o Recommended
o Required
160. Describe and reference the section/subsection/paragraph of the policy tool related to nature and biodiversity targets or goals.
Stated in Article 14 and Article 21, Climate Change Mitigation Action Plan Document, Climate
Change Mitigation Action plans in forest utilization business planning documents, and periodic business activity reports every month are required to be provided by business actors in the forestry sector.
Transition Plans
164. Does the policy tool recommend or require targeted entities to have or develop a transition plan?
<ul> <li>No</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Recommended</li> </ul>
• Required
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Monitoring, Oversight, and Implementation					

176. Does the policy tool recommend or require entities undertake any of the following with regard to monitoring, oversight, and implementation? Select all that apply.

	Recommended	Required	No
Monitor progress in implementing their transition plan		☑	
Develop financial plans for the implementation of their transition plan	V		
Integrate climate- related matters into their financial accounting	☑		
Incorporate climate change considerations into their investment decision making and/or asset planning			
Incorporate climate change considerations into their capital allocation and/or expenditure plans	V		
Any other mechanisms for enhancing the achievement of targets and/or the implementation of transition plans			✓

177. Describe the obligation to monitor progress in implementing transition plans, referencing the relevant section/subsection/paragraph of the policy tool.

Stated in Article 14 and Article 21, Climate Change Mitigation Action Plan Document, Climate
Change Mitigation Action plans in forest utilization business planning documents, and periodic
business activity reports every month are required to be provided by business actors in the forestry
sector.

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178. Describe the obligation to develop financial plans for the implementation of transition plans, referencing the section/subsection/paragraph of the policy tool.

Stated in Article 14 and Article 21, Climate Change Mitigation Action Plan Document, Climate Change Mitigation Action plans in forest utilization business planning documents, and periodic

business activity reports every month are required to be provided by business actors in the forestry
sector.
179. Describe and reference the section/subsection/paragraph of the policy tool relevant to integrating climate-related matters into financial accounting.
Stated in Article 14 and Article 21, Climate Change Mitigation Action Plan Document, Climate Change Mitigation Action plans in forest utilization business planning documents, and periodic business activity reports every month are required to be provided by business actors in the forestry sector.
180. Describe the obligation to incorporate climate change considerations into investment decision making and asset planning, referencing the relevant section/subsection/paragraph of the policy tool.
Stated in Article 14 and Article 21, Climate Change Mitigation Action Plan Document, Climate Change Mitigation Action plans in forest utilization business planning documents, and periodic business activity reports every month are required to be provided by business actors in the forestry sector.
181. Describe the obligation to incorporate climate change considerations into capital allocation and/or expenditure plans, referencing the relevant section/subsection/paragraph of the policy tool.
Stated in Article 14 and Article 21, Climate Change Mitigation Action Plan Document, Climate Change Mitigation Action plans in forest utilization business planning documents, and periodic business activity reports every month are required to be provided by business actors in the forestry sector.

Engagement, Lobbying, and Governance						
	184. Does the policy tool recommend or require targeted entities align any of the following engagement and/or governance practices with their targets and/or transition plans?					
	Recommended	Required	No			
Value chain engagement			V			
Investor engagement			V			
Consumer engagement						
Policy engagement and lobbying practices			V			
Corporate governance structure for transition and verification			☑			
Climate-related financial incentives for employees and board members			☑			
185. Does the policy tool recommend or require targeted entities to disclose how they have used due diligence and/or stewardship to achieve their targets and/or implement their transition plans?						
No						
○ Recommended						
o Required						

194. Does the policy tool require the use of or make reference to any of the following standards, frameworks, or guidelines? Select all that apply.				
	Required	Referenced	Neither required nor referenced	
IFRS S1				
IFRS S2			<b>☑</b>	
Task Force on Climate-related Financial Disclosures (TCFD)			☑ ☑	
CDP (formerly known as Climate Disclosure Project) Technical Note: Reporting on Climate Transition Plans				
International Integrated Reporting Framework			<b>☑</b>	
Global Reporting Initiative (GRI)			Ø	
Sustainability Accounting Standards Board (SASB)			Ø	
Science Based Targets initiative (SBTi)			V	
Science Based Targets initiative (SBTi) Net Zero Standard			Ø	
European Sustainability Reporting Standards (ESRS)				
Other			V	

197. Note any additional important information about the contribution of the policy tool to net zero alignment not captured in the above questions. If referencing new sources (i.e. not referenced in Question 3), provide a web-archived link to the source material.

## Policy Tool Name: Governmental Regulation No. 46 of 2017 on Environmental Economic Instruments

3. Source material link(s): https://web.archive.org/web/20240815110124/https://peraturan.bpk.go.id/Download/54917/PP%20 Nomor%2046%20Tahun%202017.pdf
1. Which of the following governance domains does this policy tool relate to? Select all that apply.
□ Climate-related disclosure
☑ Transition planning
☐ Public procurement
5. Select the category which best describes the author/issuer of the policy tool.
🛮 Head of state and/or government
☐ Independent regulatory or supervisory body
☑ Legislature
□ Judiciary
☐ Ministry/Department/Agency
□ Other (Please describe)
7. Status of the policy tool
Approved, in force
Approved, not yet in force
Other (Please describe)
9. Year of (planned) entry into force or year of publication
2017

10. Does the policy tool have an end date?
No     No
o Yes
12. Briefly describe the policy tool's goal and/or purpose:
For example: The policy tool requires publicly listed companies to comply with the recommendations of the Task Force for Climate Related Financial Disclosure or to explain the absence of such disclosures.
This regulation stipulates that in order to encourage the Central Government, Regional Government, or relevant parties to act towards the preservation of environmental functions, the economic instruments of environmental protection is adopted.
Such economic instruments include: development planning and economic activity; environmental funding; incentives and/or disincentives as a form of reward or punishment. One of the initiatives relating to such development planning and economic activity includes a mechanism through interregional compensation for environmental services. This compensation will also cover activities that involve carbon absorption and storage.
13. Name the authority(ies) responsible for overseeing implementation and/or enforcement. If not applicable, leave blank.
● 1. Indonesia Government (Central and Local Government)
○ 3.
o 4.
o 5.
15. To provide contextual information, rate the capacity of Indonesia Government (Central and Local Government) to undertake the policy tool's implementation and/or enforcement.
o O- No Capacity (Please explain)
o 1- Low Capacity (Please explain)

- o 2- Medium Capacity (Please explain)
- 3- High Capacity (Please explain) <u>Based on Article 5 paragraph (1), the government has an</u> obligation to implement development of planning instruments, as well as economic activities to internalize environmental aspects into the planning and implementation of development and economic activities.

Based on Article 10, the government has an obligation to provide inter-regional compensation for environmental services.

Based on Article 12 paragraph (2), the government has an obligation to conduct verification and validation of Environmental Service Providers.

Based on Article 26 paragraph (1), The government is obliged to set up a Fund for Pollution and/or
<u>Damage Mitigation and Environmental Restoration.</u>
o Prefer not to answer
o Not Applicable
16. To provide contextual information, rate the capacity of Ministry of Environment and Forestry to undertake the policy tool's implementation and/or enforcement.
o O- No Capacity (Please explain)
o 1- Low Capacity (Please explain)
• 2- Medium Capacity (Please explain) <u>Based on Article 6 paragraph (4)</u> , the ministry is obliged to provide sectoral statistical data and information for the preparation of the Balance Sheet of natural resources and the environment to agencies that have government duties in the field of statistics.
Based on Article 22 paragraph (2), the ministry has an authority to appoint a government bank for the placement of environmental restoration guarantee funds.
o 3- High Capacity (Please explain)
o Prefer not to answer
o Not Applicable

25. Which entities are targeted through this policy tool? Select all that apply.

Note: With regard to sectoral actors, in cases where mandatory and voluntary obligations are mixed (e.g., mandatory for one sector, voluntary for another), select "mandatory" as there will be further opportunity to clarify.

	Mandatory	Voluntary	Not targeted
1. Publicly-traded			<b>V</b>
entities			
2. Private companies			<b>∠</b>
3. Financial institutions			<b>V</b>
4. Small and medium-			<b>7</b>
sized enterprises			
5. State-owned			
companies			
6. Not-for-profit			✓
organizations			
7. Government			<b>I</b>
agencies and/or			
departments			
(supranational)			
8. Government	☑		
agencies and/or			
departments (national)			
9. Government	$\square$		
agencies and/or			
departments (regional			
- e.g., state, province,			
region, metropolitan			
region) 10. Government			
agencies and/or			
departments (local -			
e.g., county, district,			
municipality, city)			
11. Government			<b>V</b>
agencies and/or			
departments			
(unspecified)			
12. Sectoral actors			<b>7</b>
(e.g., healthcare,			
defense, utilities,			
education)			
13. Other			

\_\_\_\_\_

mandatory. Minimum number of employees (Enter min number of full-time employees - FTEs) Minimum revenue (Enter minimum revenue) Minimum assets (Enter minimum assets) Minimum contract value (Enter minimum contract value) Entity is headquartered in the jurisdiction Entities are subjected to disclosure or reporting requirements 28. Can entities for whom compliance with the policy tool is mandatory opt out of the obligation (e.g. comply or explain)? No o Yes 30. Does the policy tool exclusively apply to entities' domestic operations, or does it also apply to entities' operations beyond the jurisdiction? Operations within jurisdiction only o Operations beyond the jurisdiction Not applicable 32. What are the sanctions for non-compliance? Select all that apply and describe in the text field. ☐ Monetary fine ☐ Restriction on business activities ☐ Voiding or setting aside of contract ☐ Exclusion from government contracts ☐ Award of damages or compensation ☐ Penalty for senior managers ☐ Criminal penalties

□ Not specified

27. Describe the threshold criteria to identify entities for whom or instances in which compliance is

☑ Not applicable (e.g. in cases of voluntary tools)
□ Other
33. Relative to other compliance activities required of entities in this jurisdiction, is the cost of compliance:
o Below average
o Average
o Above average
Not applicable
o Unknown or prefer not to answer
35. To provide contextual information, give a general assessment of the extent to which regulated entities have made compliance a priority.
o Below average
o Average
o Above average
Not applicable
o Unknown or prefer not to answer
37. Have the climate-specific provisions in this instrument ever been enforced?
<ul> <li>No (If relevant, explain) As specified in the guideline, any further mention to external sources is not mandated.</li> </ul>
∘ Yes
39. Are there monitoring systems in place to oversee the implementation and/or enforcement of the policy tool?
o No

Yes
40. Describe the monitoring systems in place. Please reference the relevant section/subsection/paragraph of the policy tool where monitoring systems are set.
As specified in Article 5, 12, and 26, the local governments shall work with the central government to assist in the implementation of this regulation.
41. Does the policy tool recommend or require periodic impact assessments?
No     No
∘ Recommended
o Required
43. Does the policy tool recommend or require periodic reviews?
<ul> <li>No</li> </ul>
o Recommended
o Required
· 
45. Does the policy tool include mechanisms for enhancing policy or regulatory coordination with subnational governments (e.g. vertical coordination mechanisms such as appointing coordinating agencies, forming working groups, etc.)?
∘ No

46. Describe the mechanisms for enhancing regulatory coordination with subnational governments. Reference the relevant section/subsection/paragraph of the policy tool where mechanisms for coordination with subnational governments are set.

Based on Article 5 paragraph (1), the government has an obligation to implement development planning instruments and economic activities to internalize environmental aspects into the planning and implementation of development and economic activities.

Based on Article 10, the government has an obligation to provide inter-regional compensation for environmental services.

Based on Article 12 paragraph (2), the government has an obligation to conduct verification and validation of Environmental Service Providers.

Based on Article 26 paragraph (1), The government is obliged to set up a Fund for Pollution and/or
<u>Damage Mitigation and Environmental Restoration.</u>
47. Are there any government initiatives to enhance the capacity of targeted entities to implement or comply with the policy tool (e.g. industry working groups, outreach campaigns, education and training, etc.)?
No     No
o Yes
Domain-Specific Questions: Transition Planning Questions
Disclosure of Plans and Targets
132. Are targeted entities recommended or required to publicly disclose climate-related targets or
transition plans?
No     No
o Recommended
o Required
Targets

135. Does the policy tool recommend or require targeted entities to have or develop climate-related targets?
No     No
∘ Recommended
o Required
Transition Plans
164. Does the policy tool recommend or require targeted entities to have or develop a transition plan?
∘ No
∘ Required

165.	Does the policy	tool recommend	or require any	of the following	elements or	criteria fo	r transition
plan	s? Select all that	t apply.					

	Recommended	Required	Neither recommended nor required
A timeframe for the transition plan (e.g. 10 year plan, 20 year plan, etc.)			☑ ✓
Key Performance Indicators (KPIs) for monitoring transition plan implementation			
Updates to the transition plan		V	
Third-party verification and/or audited accuracy of the transition plan			V
Identified methodology for scenario analysis			<b></b> ✓
transition plans.  o 0-2 years		1	ed frequency of updates to
o 2-5 years			
o 5-10 years			
$\circ$ 10 or more years			
Not specified			
o Other			
169. Describe the recomm		lates to transition plai	ns and reference the relevant
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		tion is through a transitional
period where the government	nent (local and central)	will slowly manage o	and create new instruments.

	T			
	Recommended	Required	No	
Monitor progress in implementing their transition plan				
Develop financial plans for the implementation of their transition plan		Ø		
Integrate climate- related matters into their financial accounting	V			
Incorporate climate change considerations into their investment decision making and/or asset planning				
Incorporate climate change considerations into their capital allocation and/or expenditure plans		☑		
Any other mechanisms for enhancing the achievement of targets and/or the implementation of transition plans			☑	

Monitoring, Oversight, and Implementation

177. Describe the obligation to monitor progress in implementing transition plans, referencing the relevant section/subsection/paragraph of the policy tool.

- Based on Article 5 paragraph (1), the government has an obligation to implement development planning instruments and economic activities to internalize environmental aspects into the planning and implementation of development and economic activities.
- Based on Article 10, the government has an obligation to provide inter-regional compensation for environmental services.
- Based on Article 12 paragraph (2), the government has an obligation to conduct verification and validation of Environmental Service Providers.

Based on Article 26 paragraph (1), The government is obliged to set up a Fund for Pollution
and/or Damage Mitigation and Environmental Restoration.
178. Describe the obligation to develop financial plans for the implementation of transition plans, referencing the section/subsection/paragraph of the policy tool.
<ul> <li>Based on Article 5 paragraph (1), the government has an obligation to implement development planning instruments and economic activities to internalize environmental aspects into the planning and implementation of development and economic activities.</li> <li>Based on Article 10, the government has an obligation to provide inter-regional compensation for environmental services.</li> <li>Based on Article 12 paragraph (2), the government has an obligation to conduct verification and validation of Environmental Service Providers.</li> <li>Based on Article 26 paragraph (1), The government is obliged to set up a Fund for Pollution and/or Damage Mitigation and Environmental Restoration.</li> </ul>
179. Describe and reference the section/subsection/paragraph of the policy tool relevant to integrating climate-related matters into financial accounting.
• Based on Article 5 paragraph (1), the government has an obligation to implement
development planning instruments and economic activities to internalize environmental aspects into
<ul> <li>the planning and implementation of development and economic activities.</li> <li>Based on Article 10, the government has an obligation to provide inter-regional</li> </ul>
compensation for environmental services.
Based on Article 12 paragraph (2), the government has an obligation to conduct verification
and validation of Environmental Service Providers.
• Based on Article 26 paragraph (1), The government is obliged to set up a Fund for Pollution
and/or Damage Mitigation and Environmental Restoration.
180. Describe the obligation to incorporate climate change considerations into investment decision making and asset planning, referencing the relevant section/subsection/paragraph of the policy tool.

- making and asset planning, referencing the relevant section/subsection/paragraph of the policy tool.
   Based on Article 5 paragraph (1), the government has an obligation to implement
- Based on Article 5 paragraph (1), the government has an obligation to implement development planning instruments and economic activities to internalize environmental aspects into the planning and implementation of development and economic activities.
- Based on Article 10, the government has an obligation to provide inter-regional compensation for environmental services.
- Based on Article 12 paragraph (2), the government has an obligation to conduct verification

and validation of Environmental Service Providers.
• Based on Article 26 paragraph (1), The government is obliged to set up a Fund for Pollution
and/or Damage Mitigation and Environmental Restoration.
181. Describe the obligation to incorporate climate change considerations into capital allocation
and/or expenditure plans, referencing the relevant section/subsection/paragraph of the policy tool.
<ul> <li>Based on Article 5 paragraph (1), the government has an obligation to implement</li> </ul>
development planning instruments and economic activities to internalize environmental aspects into
the planning and implementation of development and economic activities.
<ul> <li>Based on Article 10, the government has an obligation to provide inter-regional</li> </ul>
compensation for environmental services.
• Based on Article 12 paragraph (2), the government has an obligation to conduct verification
and validation of Environmental Service Providers.
• Based on Article 26 paragraph (1), The government is obliged to set up a Fund for Pollution
and/or Damage Mitigation and Environmental Restoration.

Engagement, Lobbying, and Governance				
184. Does the policy tool engagement and/or gove	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	=	_	
	Recommended	Required	No	
Value chain engagement			V	
Investor engagement			☑	
Consumer engagement			V	
Policy engagement and lobbying practices			V	
Corporate governance structure for transition and verification			V	
Climate-related financial incentives for employees and board members			☑	
185. Does the policy tool diligence and/or steward	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	=	isclose how they have used due nt their transition plans?	
No     No				
○ Recommended				
○ Required				

194. Does the policy tool require the use of or make reference to any of the following standards, frameworks, or guidelines? Select all that apply.				
	Required	Referenced	Neither required nor referenced	
IFRS S1				
IFRS S2			<b>☑</b>	
Task Force on Climate-related Financial Disclosures (TCFD)			☑ ✓	
CDP (formerly known as Climate Disclosure Project) Technical Note: Reporting on Climate Transition Plans				
International Integrated Reporting Framework			<b>☑</b>	
Global Reporting Initiative (GRI)			Ø	
Sustainability Accounting Standards Board (SASB)			Ø	
Science Based Targets initiative (SBTi)			V	
Science Based Targets initiative (SBTi) Net Zero Standard			Ø	
European Sustainability Reporting Standards (ESRS)				
Other			V	

197. Note any additional important information about the contribution of the policy tool to net zero alignment not captured in the above questions. If referencing new sources (i.e. not referenced in Question 3), provide a web-archived link to the source material.

## Policy Tool Name: Law No. 7 of 2021 on Tax Harmonization

3. Source material link(s): https://web.archive.org/web/20240815110323/https://peraturan.bpk.go.id/Download/178620/UU%20Nomor%207%20Tahun%202021.pdf
4. Which of the following governance domains does this policy tool relate to? Select all that apply.
☐ Climate-related disclosure
☑ Transition planning
☐ Public procurement
6. Select the category which best describes the author/issuer of the policy tool.
☑ Head of state and/or government
☐ Independent regulatory or supervisory body
☑ Legislature
☐ Ministry/Department/Agency
☐ Other (Please describe)
7. Status of the policy tool
Approved, in force
• Approved, not yet in force
o Other (Please describe)
9. Year of (planned) entry into force or year of publication
<u>2021</u>
10. Does the policy tool have an end date?

No     No
∘ Yes
12. Briefly describe the policy tool's goal and/or purpose:
For example: The policy tool requires publicly listed companies to comply with the recommendations of the Task Force for Climate Related Financial Disclosure or to explain the absence of such disclosures.
This regulation introduces the plan on the implementation of a Carbon Tax. This initiative is one of the efforts to reduce carbon emissions that have negative effects on the Environment. The basic application is the imposition of Carbon Tax when purchasing goods containing carbon or are utilized in activities producing carbon emissions.
Furthermore, taxpayers may potentially be offered tax incentives for investments in environmentally sustainable practices and technologies, which could influence participation in the emissions trading market. Further details and implementation of this are to be regulated in separate regulations.
13. Name the authority(ies) responsible for overseeing implementation and/or enforcement. If not applicable, leave blank.
■ 1. Government of Indonesia
○ 2.
○ 3.
o 4.
○ 5.
15. To provide contextual information, rate the capacity of Government of Indonesia to undertake the policy tool's implementation and/or enforcement.
o O- No Capacity (Please explain)
o 1- Low Capacity (Please explain)
o 2- Medium Capacity (Please explain)

• 3- High Capacity (Please explain) This law shall act as a guideline and further implementation is
then effected by other regulations upon delegation to other members of the Government.
o Prefer not to answer
o Not Applicable

25. Which entities are targeted through this policy tool? Select all that apply.

Note: With regard to sectoral actors, in cases where mandatory and voluntary obligations are mixed (e.g., mandatory for one sector, voluntary for another), select "mandatory" as there will be further opportunity to clarify.

	Mandatory	Voluntary	Not targeted
1. Publicly-traded			✓
entities			
2. Private companies			<b>V</b>
3. Financial institutions			<b>V</b>
4. Small and medium-			<b>✓</b>
sized enterprises			
5. State-owned			<b>V</b>
companies			
6. Not-for-profit			<b>I</b>
organizations			
7. Government			<b></b>
agencies and/or			
departments			
(supranational)			
8. Government			
agencies and/or			
departments (national)			
9. Government			
agencies and/or			
departments (regional			
- e.g., state, province,			
region, metropolitan			
region)			
10. Government			
agencies and/or departments (local -			
e.g., county, district,			
municipality, city)			
11. Government			
agencies and/or			
departments			
(unspecified)			
12. Sectoral actors			<b>✓</b>
(e.g., healthcare,			
defense, utilities,			
education)			
13. Other			
13. Other			

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mandatory. Minimum number of employees (Enter min number of full-time employees - FTEs) Minimum revenue (Enter minimum revenue) Minimum assets (Enter minimum assets) Minimum contract value (Enter minimum contract value) Entity is headquartered in the jurisdiction Entities are subjected to disclosure or reporting requirements 28. Can entities for whom compliance with the policy tool is mandatory opt out of the obligation (e.g. comply or explain)? No o Yes 30. Does the policy tool exclusively apply to entities' domestic operations, or does it also apply to entities' operations beyond the jurisdiction? Operations within jurisdiction only o Operations beyond the jurisdiction Not applicable 32. What are the sanctions for non-compliance? Select all that apply and describe in the text field. ☐ Monetary fine ☐ Restriction on business activities ☐ Voiding or setting aside of contract ☐ Exclusion from government contracts ☐ Award of damages or compensation ☐ Penalty for senior managers ☐ Criminal penalties

✓ Not specified

27. Describe the threshold criteria to identify entities for whom or instances in which compliance is

□ Not applicable (e.g. in cases of voluntary tools)
□ Other
33. Relative to other compliance activities required of entities in this jurisdiction, is the cost of compliance:
o Below average
o Average
o Above average
Not applicable
o Unknown or prefer not to answer
35. To provide contextual information, give a general assessment of the extent to which regulated entities have made compliance a priority.
o Below average
o Average
Above average
Not applicable
o Unknown or prefer not to answer
37. Have the climate-specific provisions in this instrument ever been enforced?
• No (If relevant, explain) As specified in the guideline, any further mention to external sources is not mandated.
∘ Yes
39. Are there monitoring systems in place to oversee the implementation and/or enforcement of the policy tool?
∘ No

Yes
40. Describe the monitoring systems in place. Please reference the relevant section/subsection/paragraph of the policy tool where monitoring systems are set.
The government of Indonesia is tasked to ensure this legislation effects the creation of other implementing regulations.
41. Does the policy tool recommend or require periodic impact assessments?
No     No
o Recommended
o Required
43. Does the policy tool recommend or require periodic reviews?
No     No
∘ Recommended
o Required
45. Does the policy tool include mechanisms for enhancing policy or regulatory coordination with subnational governments (e.g. vertical coordination mechanisms such as appointing coordinating agencies, forming working groups, etc.)?
No     No
o Yes
47. Are there any government initiatives to enhance the capacity of targeted entities to implement or comply with the policy tool (e.g. industry working groups, outreach campaigns, education and training, etc.)?

No

o Yes			

Domain-Specific Questions: Transition Planning Questions				
Disclosure of Plans and Targets				
132. Are targeted entities recommended or required to publicly disclose climate-related targets or transition plans?				
No     No				
∘ Recommended				
∘ Required				
Targets				
135. Does the policy tool recommend or require targeted entities to have or develop climate-related targets?				
No     No				
∘ Recommended				
o Required				
Transition Plans				
164. Does the policy tool recommend or require targeted entities to have or develop a transition plan?				
No				
o Recommended				
○ Required				

Monitoring	g, Oversight, and Implem	nentation	

176. Does the policy tool recommend or require entities undertake any of the following with regard to monitoring, oversight, and implementation? Select all that apply.

	Recommended	Required	No
Monitor progress in implementing their transition plan			☑
Develop financial plans for the implementation of their transition plan			✓
Integrate climate- related matters into their financial accounting			
Incorporate climate change considerations into their investment decision making and/or asset planning			
Incorporate climate change considerations into their capital allocation and/or expenditure plans			☑
Any other mechanisms for enhancing the achievement of targets and/or the implementation of transition plans	✓		

182. Describe the obligations related to other governance mechanisms for enhancing the achievement of targets and/or implementation of transition plans, referencing the relevant section/subsection/paragraph of the policy tool.

This regulation provides several Articles (specifically in Section 6) by providing a plan on the implementation of a Carbon Tax imposed upon carbon emissions that have negative effects on the Environment. The basic application is the imposition of Carbon Tax when purchasing goods containing carbon or are utilized in activities producing carbon emissions.

Furthermore, taxpayers may potentially be offered tax incentives for investments in environmentally
sustainable practices and technologies, which could influence participation in the emissions trading
market. Further details and implementation of this are to be regulated in separate regulations.

Engagement, Lobbying, and Governance			
184. Does the policy tool	recommend or require to	argeted entities align any o	f the following
engagement and/or gove	rnance practices with th	neir targets and/or transitio	n plans?
	Recommended	Required	No
Value chain			✓
engagement			
Investor engagement			<b>V</b>
Consumer		☑	
engagement			
Policy engagement and lobbying practices			
Corporate governance			<b>✓</b>
structure for transition			
and verification			
Climate-related			<b>V</b>
financial incentives for			
employees and board			
members			
185. Does the policy tool recommend or require targeted entities to disclose how they have used due diligence and/or stewardship to achieve their targets and/or implement their transition plans?			
No			
○ Recommended			
o Required			
188. Describe the obligation referencing the relevant s		and/or transition plans with graph of the policy tool.	consumer engagement,
Taxpavers may potential	v be offered tax incentiv	ves for investments in envir	onmentally sustainable
<u>Taxpayers may potentially be offered tax incentives for investments in environmentally sustainable practices and technologies.</u>			

Standards, Frameworks	, and Guidelines		
194 Does the policy tool	require the use of	or make reference to any o	f the following standards
frameworks, or guideline		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	i the following standards,
Trainerrents, or gardenne	- Coloct an traca	· · · ·	
	Required	Referenced	Neither required nor referenced
IFRS S1			<b>I</b>
IFRS S2			<b>I</b>
Task Force on Climate-related Financial Disclosures (TCFD)			
CDP (formerly known as Climate Disclosure Project) Technical Note: Reporting on Climate Transition Plans			☑
International Integrated Reporting Framework			☑
Global Reporting Initiative (GRI)			V
Sustainability Accounting Standards Board (SASB)			V
Science Based Targets initiative (SBTi)			V
Science Based Targets initiative (SBTi) Net Zero Standard			
European Sustainability Reporting Standards (ESRS)			
Other			V
Additional Important Inf	ormation		

197. Note any additional important information about the contribution of the policy tool to net zero alignment not captured in the above questions. If referencing new sources (i.e. not referenced in Question 3), provide a web-archived link to the source material.

## Policy Tool Name: Minister of Environment and Forestry ("MoEF") Regulation No. P.14/MENLHK/SETJEN/KUM.1/3/2017 on Procedures for Inventory and Determination of Functions in the Peat Ecosystem

3. Source material link(s): https://web.archive.org/web/20240817152252/https://jdih.menlhk.go.id/new2/home/portfolioDetails/4/2017/4
4. Which of the following governance domains does this policy tool relate to? Select all that apply.
☑ Climate-related disclosure
☑ Transition planning
☐ Public procurement
5. If relevant, briefly explain how the policy tool applies or is linked to multiple domains.
6. Select the category which best describes the author/issuer of the policy tool.
☐ Head of state and/or government
☐ Independent regulatory or supervisory body
□ Legislature
☑ Ministry/Department/Agency
☐ Other (Please describe)
7. Status of the policy tool
Approved, in force
o Approved, not yet in force
o Other (Please describe)

9. Year of (planned) entry into force or year of publication
<u>2017</u>
10. Does the policy tool have an end date?
No
∘ Yes
12. Briefly describe the policy tool's goal and/or purpose:
For example: The policy tool requires publicly listed companies to comply with the recommendations of the Task Force for Climate Related Financial Disclosure or to explain the absence of such disclosures.
The peat ecosystem is identified in this regulation by the Ministry as a key resource responsible for carbon storage and of producing GHG emissions if not properly overseen. Therefore, this regulation aims to set out guidelines by the Ministry for monitoring and reporting in the forestry sector regarding peat ecosystems, as one of the roles of the Ministry is to manage the national inventory of the peat ecosystem(s).
13. Name the authority(ies) responsible for overseeing implementation and/or enforcement. If not applicable, leave blank.
● 1. <u>Ministry of Environment and Forestry</u>
○ 2.
○ 3.
o 4.
o 5.

15. To provide contextual information, rate the capacity of Ministry of Environment and Forestry to undertake the policy tool's implementation and/or enforcement.			
o O- No Capacity (Please explain)			
o 1- Low Capacity (Please	e explain)		
o 2- Medium Capacity (Pl	ease explain)		
		s responsible for the imple g specific directions to pro	
o Prefer not to answer			
o Not Applicable			
Note: With regard to	sectoral actors, in cases r one sector, voluntary fo	tool? Select all that apply. where mandatory and vol r another), select "mandat	untary obligations are
	Mandatory	Voluntary	Not targeted
1. Publicly-traded entities			
2. Private companies			
3. Financial institutions			
4. Small and medium- sized enterprises			
5. State-owned companies			
6. Not-for-profit organizations			
7. Government agencies and/or			

(supranational)
8. Government

agencies and/or

9. Government

region)

agencies and/or departments (regional - e.g., state, province, region, metropolitan

10. Government

agencies and/or

departments (national)

**√** 

departments (local - e.g., county, district, municipality, city)		
11. Government agencies and/or departments (unspecified)		
12. Sectoral actors (e.g., healthcare, defense, utilities, education)		
13. Other		

\_\_\_\_\_

mandatory. Minimum number of employees (Enter min number of full-time employees - FTEs) Minimum revenue (Enter minimum revenue) Minimum assets (Enter minimum assets) Minimum contract value (Enter minimum contract value) Entity is headquartered in the jurisdiction Entities are subjected to disclosure or reporting requirements 28. Can entities for whom compliance with the policy tool is mandatory opt out of the obligation (e.g. comply or explain)? No o Yes 30. Does the policy tool exclusively apply to entities' domestic operations, or does it also apply to entities' operations beyond the jurisdiction? Operations within jurisdiction only o Operations beyond the jurisdiction Not applicable 32. What are the sanctions for non-compliance? Select all that apply and describe in the text field. ☐ Monetary fine ☐ Restriction on business activities ☐ Voiding or setting aside of contract ☐ Exclusion from government contracts ☐ Award of damages or compensation ☐ Penalty for senior managers ☐ Criminal penalties

✓ Not specified

27. Describe the threshold criteria to identify entities for whom or instances in which compliance is

□ Not applicable (e.g. in cases of voluntary tools)
□ Other
33. Relative to other compliance activities required of entities in this jurisdiction, is the cost of compliance:
o Below average
∘ Average
Above average
o Not applicable
<ul><li>Unknown or prefer not to answer</li></ul>
35. To provide contextual information, give a general assessment of the extent to which regulated entities have made compliance a priority.
o Below average
∘ Average
o Above average
o Not applicable
<ul><li>Unknown or prefer not to answer</li></ul>
37. Have the climate-specific provisions in this instrument ever been enforced?
• No (If relevant, explain) <u>As specified in the guideline, any further mention to external sources is not mandated.</u>
∘ Yes
39. Are there monitoring systems in place to oversee the implementation and/or enforcement of the policy tool?
∘ No

Yes
40. Describe the monitoring systems in place. Please reference the relevant section/subsection/paragraph of the policy tool where monitoring systems are set.
Based on Article 21, the MoEF and local governments are to carry out guidance and supervision on the implementation of protection functions and cultivation functions in the Peat Ecosystem carried ou by work units managed by the government, society, and those responsible for businesses and/or activities.
41. Does the policy tool recommend or require periodic impact assessments?
● No
o Recommended
o Required
43. Does the policy tool recommend or require periodic reviews?
No     No
○ Recommended
o Required
45. Does the policy tool include mechanisms for enhancing policy or regulatory coordination with
subnational governments (e.g. vertical coordination mechanisms such as appointing coordinating agencies, forming working groups, etc.)?
∘ No
● Yes

46. Describe the mechanisms for enhancing regulatory coordination with subnational governments. Reference the relevant section/subsection/paragraph of the policy tool where mechanisms for coordination with subnational governments are set.
Based on Article 21, the MoEF and local governments are to coordinate on the implementation of protection functions and cultivation functions in the Peat Ecosystem.
47. Are there any government initiatives to enhance the capacity of targeted entities to implement or comply with the policy tool (e.g. industry working groups, outreach campaigns, education and training, etc.)?
No     No
∘ Yes

Domain-Specific Questions: Disclosure Questions			
What is being disclosed	?		
52. Are targeted entities information? Select all the	•	iired to disclose any of	the following climate-related
information: Select all th			
	Recommended	Required	Neither recommended nor required
1. Greenhouse gas		<b>☑</b>	
(GHG) emissions  2. GHG emissions		<b></b>	
offsets or removals		V	
3. GHG emissions		<b>V</b>	
reduction targets			
4. Other climate-			✓
related targets			
5. Physical climate risk 6. Transition risk			<u> </u>
7. Transition plan			<ul><li>✓</li><li>✓</li></ul>
Disclosure of Greenhous	se Gas (GHG) Emissio	ns	
	(C. 1.C)		
54. Which GHG emission	s must be disclosed? S	Select all that apply.	
☑ Carbon dioxide (CO2)			
□ Methane (CH4)			
□ Nitrous oxide (N2O)			
☐ Hydrofluorocarbons (H	IFCs)		
□ Perfluorocarbons (PFC	s)		
☐ Sulphur hexafluoride (	SF6)		
□ Nitrogen trifluoride (NF	<del>-</del> 3)		
☑ Carbon dioxide equiva	lent (CO2e)		

55. Are entities recommended or required to disclose gross emissions?
∘ No
Recommended
∘ Required
56. Are entities recommended or required to disclose net emissions?
○ No
Recommended
o Required
57. What Scope of emissions must be disclosed? Select all that apply.
☐ Scope 1 emissions
☐ Scope 2 emissions
☐ Scope 3 emissions, relevant or material
□ Scope 3 emissions, a specified proportion of coverage (Please describe)
☐ Scope 3 emissions, all
☑ Not specified
58. Are entities recommended or required to discloseGHG emissions accounting methodologies or standards?
GHG emissions
59. Does the policy tool recommend or require the GHG inventory be third-party verified?
No

o Recommended
o Required
60. If necessary, provide additional clarification to the above responses aboutgreenhouse gas (GHG) emissions disclosure.
Disclosure of Greenhouse Gas (GHG) Offsets or Removals
62. Does the policy tool recommend or require offsetting purchases be disclosed?
No     No
o Recommended (Please describe and reference the relevant section/subsection/paragraph of the policy tool)
o Required (Please describe and reference the relevant section/subsection/paragraph of the policy tool)
63. Does the policy tool recommend or require entities disclose whether offsets are verified?
No
<ul> <li>Recommended (Please describe and reference the relevant section/subsection/paragraph of the policy tool)</li> </ul>
o Required (Please describe and reference the relevant section/subsection/paragraph of the policy tool)
64. Does the policy tool recommend or require any certification standards for the use of GHG offsetting or removals?
No     No

section/subsection/paragraph of the policy tool)
o Required (Please describe and reference the relevant section/subsection/paragraph of the policy tool)
65. Does the policy tool include any other recommendations or requirements regarding the appropriate use of offsets?
No     No
o Recommended (Please describe and reference the relevant section/subsection/paragraph of the policy tool)
o Required (Please describe and reference the relevant section/subsection/paragraph of the policy tool)
Disclosure of Greenhouse Gas (GHG) Emissions Reduction Targets

67. Which of the following targets, or data related to targets, does the policy tool request entities	es:
disclose? Select any of the following which apply:	

	Recommended	Required	Neither recommended nor required
An absolute emissions reduction target			V
An intensity-based emissions reduction target			$\square$
A net zero target			<b>Z</b>
Targets covering non- carbon GHG emissions			V
A Scope 3 emissions target			V
A target derived using a sectoral decarbonization approach			
Interim targets			<b>Z</b>
A target timeframe (e.g. by 2040)			V
A baseline year from which progress is measured			V
A level of ambition for emissions reductions (e.g. 80% reduction)			<b>I</b>

68. Does the policy tool recommend or require entities to disclose their progress in achieving the	ir
emissions reductions targets?	

● No
o Recommended
○ Required

105. Are targeted entities information? Select all the		required to disclose any othe	er climate-related
	Required	Recommended	Neither recommended nor required
Climate-related opportunities		V	
2. Remuneration based on achieving climate-related goals			V
3. Taxonomies			<b>☑</b>
4. Capital allocation and/or expenditure plans (in the context of climate change)			V
5. Due diligence			<b>☑</b>
6. Assumptions and Dependencies			Z.
7. Data limitations of scenario analyses			
8. Financial implications of climate-related matters (e.g., integration of climate-related disclosures into financial accounting standards)			✓
9. Stewardship (e.g., whether stewardship codes are in place, how entities vote in shareholder meetings, etc.)			
10. ESG methodologies and criteria (in the case of service providers)			☑
11. Asset planning or ownership in the context of climate change			V
12. Sectoral investment policies			Ø

Other disclosures

13. Climate-related			<b>V</b>		
lobbying and/or policy engagement					
14. Locked-in			<u> </u>		
emissions or			Ŀ		
information on					
emissive assets with					
long lifespans					
15. Dirty asset					
divestiture					
16. Nature-related		☑			
impacts					
17. Just transition					
indicators					
106. Is third-party verification of climate-related opportunities recommended or required?					
No					
o Recommended					
o Required					

122. Describe and reference the section/subsection/paragraph of the policy tool relevant to disclosure of nature-related impacts.

\*\*Article 5: Peat Ecosystem Inventory and Boundary Delineation\*\*

- 1. \*\*National Inventory Organization\*\*: The government, through the Director General, is responsible for conducting a national inventory of peat ecosystems.
- 2. \*\*Inventory Process\*\*: The inventory uses various data sources, including:
- Indicative maps of national peat ecosystem distribution (per Government Regulation No. 71/2014 and its amendment No. 57/2016).
- National peatland maps at a 1:250,000 scale from the Agricultural Land Resources Center (BBSDLP).
- Hydrological maps showing river networks and elevation contours at a 1:250,000 scale.
- Land cover maps from medium-resolution remote sensing imagery.
- 30-meter resolution digital elevation models (DEM) from medium-resolution satellite imagery.
- Landform maps derived from land system maps (RePPProT).
- Watershed maps of river basins.
- Other relevant and valid geospatial mapping sources.

- 3. \*\*Boundary Delineation\*\*: After completing the inventory, Peat Hydrological Unit boundaries are determined by:
- Considering boundary areas around peatlands near two major rivers.
- Analyzing land surface height patterns using 30-meter resolution data.
- Assessing watershed boundaries.
- 4. \*\*Alternative Delineation\*\*: If the primary characteristics are not available, boundary delineation will use land system data.
- 5. \*\*Assessment and Approval of Maps\*\*:
- An assessment of mapping rules is conducted by the Director General responsible for forestry planning and environmental management.
- The final map document, which serves as the basis for organizing peat ecosystem functions, requires joint approval from the Director General and the Minister before being established as the official Peat Hydrological Unit map.

\_\_\_\_\_\_

	Required	Referenced	Neither required nor referenced
1. IFRS S1			✓
2. IFRS S2			<u> </u>
3. Task Force on Climate-related Financial Disclosures (TCFD)			<b>☑</b>
4. GHG Protocol Corporate Accounting and Reporting Standard			✓
5. GHG Protocol Corporate Value Chain (Scope 3) Accounting and Reporting Standard			☑
6. CDP (formerly known as Climate Disclosure Project) reporting framework			Ø
7. International Integrated Reporting Framework			V
8. Global Reporting Initiative (GRI)			$\square$
9. Sustainability Accounting Standards Board (SASB)			
10. European Sustainability Reporting Standards (ESRS)			
11. Taskforce on Nature-related Financial Disclosures (TNFD)			☑
12. Partnership for Carbon Accounting Financials (PCAF)			Ø

Standards, Frameworks, and Guidelines

13. Glasgow Financial Alliance for Net Zero (GFANZ)		$\square$
14. Other		<b>V</b>

\_\_\_\_\_

Additional Important Information
128. Note any additional important information about the contribution of the policy tool to net zero alignment not captured in the above questions. If referencing new sources (i.e. not referenced in Question 3), provide a web-archived link to the source material.
Domain-Specific Questions: Transition Planning Questions
Disclosure of Plans and Targets
132. Are targeted entities recommended or required to publicly disclose climate-related targets or transition plans?
● No
o Recommended
o Required
Targets
135. Does the policy tool recommend or require targeted entities to have or develop climate-related targets?
● No
o Recommended
○ Required

Transition Plans			
164. Does the policy tool	recommend or require to	argeted entities to have or a	levelop a transition plan?
No			
∘ Recommended			
∘ Required			
o nequired			
Monitoring, Oversight, a	nd Implementation		
176. Does the policy tool	recommend or require e	ntities undertake any of the	following with regard to
176. Does the policy tool monitoring, oversight, and	•		following with regard to
	d implementation? Selec	t all that apply.	
monitoring, oversight, and	Recommended	t all that apply.	No
monitoring, oversight, and Monitor progress in	d implementation? Selec	t all that apply.	
monitoring, oversight, and Monitor progress in implementing their	Recommended	t all that apply.	No
Monitor progress in implementing their transition plan	Recommended	Required	No 🗆
Monitor progress in implementing their transition plan Develop financial	Recommended	t all that apply.	No
Monitor progress in implementing their transition plan  Develop financial plans for the	Recommended	Required	No 🗆
Monitor progress in implementing their transition plan  Develop financial plans for the implementation of	Recommended	Required	No 🗆
Monitor progress in implementing their transition plan  Develop financial plans for the implementation of their transition plan	Recommended	Required  □	No  □
Monitor progress in implementing their transition plan Develop financial plans for the implementation of their transition plan Integrate climate-	Recommended	Required	No 🗆
Monitor progress in implementing their transition plan Develop financial plans for the implementation of their transition plan Integrate climaterelated matters into	Recommended	Required  □	No  □
Monitor progress in implementing their transition plan Develop financial plans for the implementation of their transition plan Integrate climaterelated matters into their financial	Recommended	Required  □	No  □
Monitor progress in implementing their transition plan Develop financial plans for the implementation of their transition plan Integrate climaterelated matters into their financial accounting	Recommended	Required  □	No  □  ✓
Monitor progress in implementing their transition plan Develop financial plans for the implementation of their transition plan Integrate climaterelated matters into their financial accounting Incorporate climate	Recommended	Required  □	No  □
Monitor progress in implementing their transition plan Develop financial plans for the implementation of their transition plan Integrate climaterelated matters into their financial accounting Incorporate climate change considerations	Recommended	Required  □	No  □  ✓
Monitor progress in implementing their transition plan Develop financial plans for the implementation of their transition plan Integrate climaterelated matters into their financial accounting Incorporate climate change considerations into their investment	Recommended	Required  □	No  □  ✓
Monitor progress in implementing their transition plan Develop financial plans for the implementation of their transition plan Integrate climaterelated matters into their financial accounting Incorporate climate change considerations into their investment decision making	Recommended	Required  □	No  □  ✓
Monitor progress in implementing their transition plan Develop financial plans for the implementation of their transition plan Integrate climate-related matters into their financial accounting Incorporate climate change considerations into their investment decision making and/or asset planning	Recommended	Required  □  □	No  □  ✓
Monitor progress in implementing their transition plan Develop financial plans for the implementation of their transition plan Integrate climaterelated matters into their financial accounting Incorporate climate change considerations into their investment decision making and/or asset planning Incorporate climate	Recommended	Required  □	No  □  ✓
Monitor progress in implementing their transition plan Develop financial plans for the implementation of their transition plan Integrate climate-related matters into their financial accounting Incorporate climate change considerations into their investment decision making and/or asset planning Incorporate climate change considerations	Recommended	Required  □  □	No  □  ✓
Monitor progress in implementing their transition plan Develop financial plans for the implementation of their transition plan Integrate climaterelated matters into their financial accounting Incorporate climate change considerations into their investment decision making and/or asset planning Incorporate climate change considerations into their capital	Recommended	Required  □  □	No  □  ✓
Monitor progress in implementing their transition plan  Develop financial plans for the implementation of their transition plan  Integrate climate-related matters into their financial accounting  Incorporate climate change considerations into their investment decision making and/or asset planning  Incorporate climate change considerations into their capital allocation and/or	Recommended	Required  □  □	No  □  ✓
Monitor progress in implementing their transition plan Develop financial plans for the implementation of their transition plan Integrate climaterelated matters into their financial accounting Incorporate climate change considerations into their investment decision making and/or asset planning Incorporate climate change considerations into their capital	Recommended	Required  □  □	No  □  ✓

achievement of targets and/or the implementation of transition plans			
177. Describe the obligati relevant section/subsection			olans, referencing the
As specified in our previous management of peatland	•	s responsible for graphing	and overseeing the

Engagement, Lobbying, and Governance			
184. Does the policy tool engagement and/or gove	•	•	,
	Recommended	Required	No
Value chain engagement			V
Investor engagement			V
Consumer engagement			$\square$
Policy engagement and lobbying practices			V
Corporate governance structure for transition and verification			☑
Climate-related financial incentives for employees and board members			☑
185. Does the policy tool diligence and/or steward	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	=	lisclose how they have used due ent their transition plans?
No			
o Recommended			
o Required			

Standards, Frameworks	, and Guidelines		
194 Does the policy tool	require the use of	or make reference to any o	f the following standards
frameworks, or guideline	-		i the following standards,
Trainerrents, or gardenne	- Coloct an traca	· · · ·	
	Required	Referenced	Neither required nor referenced
IFRS S1			<b>I</b>
IFRS S2			<b>I</b>
Task Force on Climate-related Financial Disclosures (TCFD)			
CDP (formerly known as Climate Disclosure Project) Technical Note: Reporting on Climate Transition Plans			☑
International Integrated Reporting Framework			☑
Global Reporting Initiative (GRI)			V
Sustainability Accounting Standards Board (SASB)			V
Science Based Targets initiative (SBTi)			V
Science Based Targets initiative (SBTi) Net Zero Standard			
European Sustainability Reporting Standards (ESRS)			
Other			V
Additional Important Inf	ormation		

197. Note any additional important information about the contribution of the policy tool to net zero alignment not captured in the above questions. If referencing new sources (i.e. not referenced in Question 3), provide a web-archived link to the source material.

Policy Tool Name: Ministry of Environment and Forestry ("MoEF") Regulation No. P.71/MENLHK/SETJEN/KUM.1/12/2017 Implementation of the National Registry System (SRN) for Controlling Climate Change

or the reduction registry system (Srivy for Controlling Climate Change
3. Source material link(s): https://web.archive.org/web/20240520194653/https://jdih.maritim.go.id/cfind/source/files/permen-lhk/permenlhk-nomor-p.71-tahun-2017.pdf
4. Which of the following governance domains does this policy tool relate to? Select all that apply.
☑ Climate-related disclosure
☑ Transition planning
☐ Public procurement
5. If relevant, briefly explain how the policy tool applies or is linked to multiple domains.
This regulation introduced the National Registry System (SRN) for climate control goals to achieve NDC targets. The SRN system is a web based data and information management, providing key information in relation to actions and resources for climate change adaptation and mitigation in Indonesia.
6. Select the category which best describes the author/issuer of the policy tool.
☐ Head of state and/or government
☐ Independent regulatory or supervisory body
□ Legislature
□ Judiciary
☑ Ministry/Department/Agency
□ Other (Please describe)
7. Status of the policy tool
Approved, in force
Approved, not yet in force

o Other (Please describe)
9. Year of (planned) entry into force or year of publication
2017
10. Does the policy tool have an end date?
No     No
∘ Yes
12. Briefly describe the policy tool's goal and/or purpose:
For example: The policy tool requires publicly listed companies to comply with the recommendations of the Task Force for Climate Related Financial Disclosure or to explain the absence of such disclosures.
This regulation sets forth that the SRN operates to avoid double counting and to implement the
<u>principles under the Paris Agreement.</u>
The SRN has the main function to act as government recognition for the contribution of carbon economic value to achieve the NDC targets; as a data and information system for mitigation actions and implementation of carbon pricing; to avoid double counting of mitigation actions; and to help trace carbon unit transfers and utilization. SRN facilitates registration for all sorts of climate change mitigation and action, including REDD+ initiatives. Any and all Indonesian entities, including the Ministry and their appointed parties as well as relevant business actors that interact with GHG emissions, are welcome to use the system and to submit data through making an account and submitting technical data for review by the Ministry.
13. Name the authority(ies) responsible for overseeing implementation and/or enforcement. If not applicable, leave blank.
■ 1. Ministry of Environment and Forestry
o 2.
∘ 3.

○ 4.				
∘ 5.				
15. To provide contextual undertake the policy tool's	•	pacity of Ministry of Enviro enforcement.	nment and Forestry to	
o 0- No Capacity (Please	explain)			
o 1- Low Capacity (Pleas	e explain)			
o 2- Medium Capacity (Pl	ease explain)			
• 3- High Capacity (Please this regulation as well as		oversees the management 1.	and implementation of	
o Prefer not to answer				
<ul> <li>Not Applicable</li> </ul>				
25. Which entities are targeted through this policy tool? Select all that apply.				
Note: With regard to sectoral actors in cases where mandatory and voluntary obligations are				
Note: With regard to sectoral actors, in cases where mandatory and voluntary obligations are mixed (e.g., mandatory for one sector, voluntary for another), select "mandatory" as there will be				
further opportunity to clai	•	i dilottier), select ilidildat	ory as there will be	
Tartifer opportunity to clai			,	
	Mandatory	Voluntary	Not targeted	
1. Publicly-traded entities				
2. Private companies		<b>I</b>		
3. Financial institutions				
4. Small and medium-				
sized enterprises				
5. State-owned companies		V		

**√** 

6. Not-for-profit

agencies and/or departments (supranational)

8. Government agencies and/or departments (national)

organizations
7. Government

**√** 

9. Government agencies and/or departments (regional - e.g., state, province, region, metropolitan region)		☑
10. Government agencies and/or departments (local - e.g., county, district, municipality, city)		☑
11. Government agencies and/or departments (unspecified)		
12. Sectoral actors (e.g., healthcare, defense, utilities, education)	☑	
13. Other		

\_\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

26. In cases where entities are targeted by sector, identify the sector to which the policy tool applies.

	Mandatory	Voluntary	Not applicable
All sectors		V	
Agriculture, forestry, and fishing			
Mining and quarrying			
Manufacturing			
Electricity, gas, steam, and air conditioning supply			
Water supply; sewerage; waste management and remediation activities			
Construction			
Wholesale and retail trade: repair of motor vehicles and motorcycles			
Transportation and storage			
Accommodation and food service activities			
Information and communication			
Financial and insurance activities			
Real estate activities			
Professional, scientific and technical activities			
Administrative and support service activities			
Public administration and defense; compulsory social security			
Education			
Human health and social work activities			
Arts, entertainment and recreation			
Other service activities			
Activities of households as employers; undifferentiated goods-and services- producing activities of			

households for own			
use Activities of			
extraterritorial			
organizations and			
bodies			
27 Describe the threshold	d critoria to identify entitie	es for whom or instances i	n which compliance is
mandatory.	a criteria to identity entitie	es for whom or instances i	ii wilich compliance is
		er of full-time employees -	FTEs)
Minimum revenue (Enter	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Minimum assets (Enter r	(Enter minimum contract	· value)	
Entity is headquartered	,	. valuej	
	disclosure or reporting re	equirements	
	compliance with the pol	icy tool is mandatory opt c	out of the obligation (e.g.
comply or explain)?			
No			
∘ Yes			
		s' domestic operations, or	does it also apply to
entities' operations beyon	d the jurisdiction?		
<ul><li>Operations within juriso</li></ul>	diction only		
<ul><li>Operations within juriso</li><li>Operations beyond the</li></ul>	-		
o Operations beyond the	-		
	-		
o Operations beyond the	-		
o Operations beyond the	-		
<ul><li>Operations beyond the</li><li>Not applicable</li></ul>	jurisdiction	elect all that apply and de	scribe in the text field.
<ul><li>Operations beyond the</li><li>Not applicable</li></ul>	jurisdiction	elect all that apply and de	scribe in the text field.
<ul><li>Operations beyond the</li><li>Not applicable</li><li>32. What are the sanction</li></ul>	jurisdiction	elect all that apply and de	scribe in the text field.

□ Exclusion from government contracts
☐ Award of damages or compensation
☐ Penalty for senior managers
☐ Criminal penalties
□ Not specified
☑ Not applicable (e.g. in cases of voluntary tools)
□ Other
33. Relative to other compliance activities required of entities in this jurisdiction, is the cost of compliance:
o Below average
o Average
o Above average
o Not applicable
<ul><li>Unknown or prefer not to answer</li></ul>
35. To provide contextual information, give a general assessment of the extent to which regulated entities have made compliance a priority.
o Below average
o Average
o Above average
o Not applicable
• Unknown or prefer not to answer
37. Have the climate-specific provisions in this instrument ever been enforced?
No (If relevant, explain)
o Yes

39. Are there monitoring systems in place to oversee the implementation and/or enforcement of the policy tool?
No     No
o Yes
41. Does the policy tool recommend or require periodic impact assessments?
No     No
∘ Recommended
o Required
43. Does the policy tool recommend or require periodic reviews?
No
○ Recommended
o Required
45. Does the policy tool include mechanisms for enhancing policy or regulatory coordination with subnational governments (e.g. vertical coordination mechanisms such as appointing coordinating agencies, forming working groups, etc.)?
No     No
o Yes
47. Are there any government initiatives to enhance the capacity of targeted entities to implement or comply with the policy tool (e.g. industry working groups, outreach campaigns, education and training, etc.)?
No     No

0	Ye	S																																				
			 	 	 	 	 	-	 	 -	 -	 	-	 	 -	-	-	 -	-	 	-	 -	 	 -	 -	 -	 -	 -	 	-	 -	 	 -	 	 	-	 	-
			 	 	 _																																	

Domain-Specific Questio	ns: Disclosure Questic	ons	
What is being disclosed	?		
52. Are targeted entities information? Select all the	•	iired to disclose any of	the following climate-related
	Recommended	Required	Neither recommended nor required
1. Greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions	Ø		
2. GHG emissions offsets or removals	☑		
3. GHG emissions reduction targets			V
4. Other climate-related targets			Z
5. Physical climate risk			V
6. Transition risk 7. Transition plan			<ul><li>✓</li><li>✓</li></ul>
Disclosure of Greenhous	e Gas (GHG) Emissio	ns	
54. Which GHG emission	s must be disclosed? S	Select all that apply.	
☑ Carbon dioxide (CO2)			
☑ Methane (CH4)			
☑ Nitrous oxide (N₂O)			
☑ Hydrofluorocarbons (⊢	IFCs)		
☑ Perfluorocarbons (PFC	s)		
☑ Sulphur hexafluoride (S	SF6)		
☑ Nitrogen trifluoride (NF	<del>-</del> 3)		
☑ Carbon dioxide equiva	lent (CO2e)		

55. Are entities recommended or required to disclose gross emissions?
No     No
∘ Recommended
∘ Required
56. Are entities recommended or required to disclose net emissions?
No
○ Recommended
○ Required
57. What Scope of emissions must be disclosed? Select all that apply.
☐ Scope 1 emissions
☐ Scope 2 emissions
☐ Scope 3 emissions, relevant or material
□ Scope 3 emissions, a specified proportion of coverage (Please describe)
□ Scope 3 emissions, all
☑ Not specified
58. Are entities recommended or required to discloseGHG emissions accounting methodologies or standards?
GHG emissions
59. Does the policy tool recommend or require the GHG inventory be third-party verified?
∘ No

<ul> <li>Recommended</li> </ul>
o Required
60. If necessary, provide additional clarification to the above responses aboutgreenhouse gas (GHG) emissions disclosure.
Any and all submissions by business actors and other parties shall need to be verified by the Ministry through review.
Disclosure of Greenhouse Gas (GHG) Offsets or Removals
62. Does the policy tool recommend or require offsetting purchases be disclosed?
No
o Recommended (Please describe and reference the relevant section/subsection/paragraph of the policy tool)
o Required (Please describe and reference the relevant section/subsection/paragraph of the policy tool)
63. Does the policy tool recommend or require entities disclose whether offsets are verified?
No
o Recommended (Please describe and reference the relevant section/subsection/paragraph of the policy tool)
o Required (Please describe and reference the relevant section/subsection/paragraph of the policy tool)
64. Does the policy tool recommend or require any certification standards for the use of GHG
offsetting or removals?
No

section/subsection/paragraph of the policy tool)	evan'
o Required (Please describe and reference the relevant section/subsection/paragraph of the potool)	licy
65. Does the policy tool include any other recommendations or requirements regarding the appropriate use of offsets?	
No     No	
$\circ$ Recommended (Please describe and reference the relevant section/subsection/paragraph of policy tool)	the
o Required (Please describe and reference the relevant section/subsection/paragraph of the potool)	licy

	Required	Recommended	Neither recommended
			nor required
1. Climate-related			
opportunities  2. Remuneration			
based on achieving			
climate-related goals  3. Taxonomies			
			✓
4. Capital allocation			
and/or expenditure plans (in the context of			
climate change)			
5. Due diligence			
6. Assumptions and			
Dependencies			A.
7. Data limitations of			<b>✓</b>
scenario analyses			
8. Financial			
implications of			
climate-related			
matters (e.g.,			
integration of climate-			
related disclosures			
into financial			
accounting standards)			
9. Stewardship (e.g.,			V
whether stewardship			
codes are in place,			
how entities vote in			
shareholder meetings,			
etc.)			
10. ESG			✓
methodologies and			
criteria (in the case of service providers)			
11. Asset planning or			[7]
ownership in the			
context of climate			
change			
12. Sectoral			$\square$
	. —		

Other disclosures

investment policies

13. Climate-related lobbying and/or policy engagement		
14. Locked-in emissions or information on emissive assets with long lifespans		☑
15. Dirty asset divestiture		Ø
16. Nature-related impacts	V	
17. Just transition indicators		✓

-----

110. Describe and reference the section/subsection/paragraph of the policy tool relevant to due diligence disclosures.

## Based on Article 4

- (1) Types of actions that can be registered in the SRN system involve:
- a. adaptation action;
- b. mitigation actions;
- c. JAM action; And
- d. other related activities.
- (2) Adaptation actions as referred to in the letter
- a covers the fields:
- a. food security;
- b. energy independence;
- c. water resistance;
- d. health;
- e. urban and rural settlements;
- f. infrastructure:
- g. coast and small islands; And
- h. ecosystem resilience
- (3) Mitigation Action as referred to in
- b covers the fields:
- a. energy;
- b. land use, land and forest use change (land
- use, land use change, and forestry;
- c. agriculture;
- d. industrial process and product used (IPPU); And
- e. waste sector.

122. Describe and reference the section/subsection/paragraph of the policy tool relevant to disclosure of nature-related impacts.	ıre
Based on Article 4  (1) Types of actions that can be registered in the SRN system involve: a. adaptation action; b. mitigation actions; c. JAM action; And d. other related activities.	
(2) Adaptation actions as referred to in the letter a covers the fields:  a. food security; b. energy independence: c. water resistance; d. health; e. urban and rural settlements; f. infrastructure; g. coast and small islands; And h. ecosystem resilience	
(3) Mitigation Action as referred to in b covers the fields: a. energy; b. land use, land and forest use change (land use, land use change, and forestry; c. agriculture; d. industrial process and product used (IPPU); And e. waste sector.	
Standards, Frameworks, and Guidelines	

125. Does the policy tool require the use of or make reference to any of the following standards, frameworks, or guidelines? Select all that apply.

	Required	Referenced	Neither required nor referenced
1. IFRS S1			✓
2. IFRS S2			<b>V</b>
3. Task Force on Climate-related Financial Disclosures (TCFD)			☑
4. GHG Protocol Corporate Accounting and Reporting Standard			V
5. GHG Protocol Corporate Value Chain (Scope 3) Accounting and Reporting Standard			☑
6. CDP (formerly known as Climate Disclosure Project) reporting framework			V
7. International Integrated Reporting Framework			☑
8. Global Reporting Initiative (GRI)			☑
9. Sustainability Accounting Standards Board (SASB)			☑
10. European Sustainability Reporting Standards (ESRS)			☑
11. Taskforce on Nature-related Financial Disclosures (TNFD)			
12. Partnership for Carbon Accounting Financials (PCAF)			V
13. Glasgow Financial Alliance for Net Zero (GFANZ)			V
14. Other			<b>V</b>

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

Additional Important Information
128. Note any additional important information about the contribution of the policy tool to net zero alignment not captured in the above questions. If referencing new sources (i.e. not referenced in Question 3), provide a web-archived link to the source material.
Domain-Specific Questions: Transition Planning Questions
Disclosure of Plans and Targets
132. Are targeted entities recommended or required to publicly disclose climate-related targets or transition plans?
No
o Recommended
o Required
Targets
135. Does the policy tool recommend or require targeted entities to have or develop climate-related targets?
No     No
o Recommended
o Required
Transition Plans

164. Does the policy tool recommend or require targeted entities to have or develop a transition plan?
No
o Recommended
o Required
Monitoring, Oversight, and Implementation

176. Does the policy tool recommend or require entities undertake any of the following with regard to monitoring, oversight, and implementation? Select all that apply.

	Recommended	Required	No
Monitor progress in implementing their transition plan			Ø
Develop financial plans for the implementation of their transition plan			
Integrate climate- related matters into their financial accounting			
Incorporate climate change considerations into their investment decision making and/or asset planning			
Incorporate climate change considerations into their capital allocation and/or expenditure plans			
Any other mechanisms for enhancing the achievement of targets and/or the implementation of transition plans			✓

\_\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

Engagement, Lobbying, and Governance			
recommend or require tar	geted entities align any of	the following	
·		<del>-</del>	
Recommended	Required	No	
		Ø	
		<b>V</b>	
		<b>V</b>	
		<b>☑</b>	
		V	
185. Does the policy tool recommend or require targeted entities to disclose how they have used due diligence and/or stewardship to achieve their targets and/or implement their transition plans?			
No			
o Recommended			
○ Required			
Standards, Frameworks, and Guidelines			
	recommend or require tar rnance practices with the  Recommended	recommend or require targeted entities align any of rnance practices with their targets and/or transition  Recommended Required	

194. Does the policy tool require the use of or make reference to any of the following standards, frameworks, or guidelines? Select all that apply.

	Required	Referenced	Neither required nor
			referenced
IFRS S1			✓
IFRS S2			abla
Task Force on Climate-related Financial Disclosures (TCFD)			☑
CDP (formerly known as Climate Disclosure Project) Technical Note: Reporting on Climate Transition Plans			☑
International Integrated Reporting Framework			
Global Reporting Initiative (GRI)			
Sustainability Accounting Standards Board (SASB)			<b>V</b>
Science Based Targets initiative (SBTi)			V
Science Based Targets initiative (SBTi) Net Zero Standard			V
European Sustainability Reporting Standards (ESRS)			
Other			<b>√</b>
Additional Important Inf	ormation		

197. Note any additional important information about the contribution of the policy tool to net zero alignment not captured in the above questions. If referencing new sources (i.e. not referenced in Question 3), provide a web-archived link to the source material.

## Policy Tool Name: Presidential Regulation No. 18 of 2020 on National Mid-Term Development Plan 2020–2024 (PR 18/2020)

3. Source material link(s): https://web.archive.org/web/20240815112435/https://peraturan.bpk.go.id/Download/122195/Perpres%20Nomor%2018%20Tahun%202020.pdf
4. Which of the following governance domains does this policy tool relate to? Select all that apply.
□ Climate-related disclosure
☑ Transition planning
□ Public procurement
6. Select the category which best describes the author/issuer of the policy tool.
☑ Head of state and/or government
□ Independent regulatory or supervisory body
□ Legislature
□ Judiciary
□ Ministry/Department/Agency
□ Other (Please describe)
7. Chadan afala a alla da al
7. Status of the policy tool
Approved, in force     Approved, not yet in force
Other (Please describe)
(Fredse describe)
9. Year of (planned) entry into force or year of publication
<u>2020</u>

10. Does the policy tool have an end date?
No     No
∘ Yes
12. Briefly describe the policy tool's goal and/or purpose:
For example: The policy tool requires publicly listed companies to comply with the recommendations of the Task Force for Climate Related Financial Disclosure or to explain the absence of such disclosures.
This regulation outlines Indonesia's GHG emissions targets in several key sectors, including forestry, peat land, agriculture, energy, transportation, industry and waste management, specifically in Appendix I of this regulation.
The government plans to reach a renewable energy share of 23% by 2025, a goal also outlined in Indonesia's Nationally Determined Contribution (NDC). To achieve energy efficiency, the government plans to increase the efficiency of energy and electric power utilization by conducting the following: (i developing their energy service companies; (ii) expanding, rehabilitating and increasing the capacity of the transmission and distribution system; (iii) developing information management and data control systems; (iv) developing and utilizing smart grid technology; and (v) utilizing high-efficiency and low-emission or HELE technology.
13. Name the authority(ies) responsible for overseeing implementation and/or enforcement. If not applicable, leave blank.
■ 1. Government of Indonesia
∘ 2.
∘ 3.
o <b>4</b> .
o 5.
15. To provide contextual information, rate the capacity of Government of Indonesia to undertake the policy tool's implementation and/or enforcement.

o 0- No Capacity (Please explain)

- $\circ$  1- Low Capacity (Please explain)
- o 2- Medium Capacity (Please explain)
- 3- High Capacity (Please explain) This law shall act as a guideline and the further implementation is then effected by other regulations upon delegation to other members of the Government.

o Prefer not to answer	
o Not Applicable	

25. Which entities are targeted through this policy tool? Select all that apply.

Note: With regard to sectoral actors, in cases where mandatory and voluntary obligations are mixed (e.g., mandatory for one sector, voluntary for another), select "mandatory" as there will be further opportunity to clarify.

	Mandatory	Voluntary	Not targeted
1. Publicly-traded			V
entities			
2. Private companies			<b>2</b>
3. Financial institutions			☑
4. Small and medium-			<b>☑</b>
sized enterprises			
5. State-owned			☑
companies			
6. Not-for-profit			☑
organizations			
7. Government	☑		
agencies and/or			
departments			
(supranational)			
8. Government	✓		
agencies and/or			
departments (national)			
9. Government	☑		
agencies and/or			
departments (regional			
- e.g., state, province,			
region, metropolitan			
region)			
10. Government	☑		
agencies and/or			
departments (local -			
e.g., county, district,			
municipality, city)			
11. Government			
agencies and/or			
departments			
(unspecified)			
12. Sectoral actors			$\square$
(e.g., healthcare,			
defense, utilities,			
education)			
13. Other			abla

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mandatory. Minimum number of employees (Enter min number of full-time employees - FTEs) Minimum revenue (Enter minimum revenue) Minimum assets (Enter minimum assets) Minimum contract value (Enter minimum contract value) Entity is headquartered in the jurisdiction Entities are subjected to disclosure or reporting requirements 28. Can entities for whom compliance with the policy tool is mandatory opt out of the obligation (e.g. comply or explain)? No o Yes 30. Does the policy tool exclusively apply to entities' domestic operations, or does it also apply to entities' operations beyond the jurisdiction? Operations within jurisdiction only o Operations beyond the jurisdiction Not applicable 32. What are the sanctions for non-compliance? Select all that apply and describe in the text field. ☐ Monetary fine ☐ Restriction on business activities ☐ Voiding or setting aside of contract ☐ Exclusion from government contracts ☐ Award of damages or compensation ☐ Penalty for senior managers ☐ Criminal penalties

✓ Not specified

27. Describe the threshold criteria to identify entities for whom or instances in which compliance is

□ Not applicable (e.g. in cases of voluntary tools)
□ Other
33. Relative to other compliance activities required of entities in this jurisdiction, is the cost of compliance:
o Below average
∘ Average
Above average
o Not applicable
● Unknown or prefer not to answer
35. To provide contextual information, give a general assessment of the extent to which regulated entities have made compliance a priority.
o Below average
∘ Average
Above average
o Not applicable
● Unknown or prefer not to answer
37. Have the climate-specific provisions in this instrument ever been enforced?
o No (If relevant, explain)
Yes

38. Briefly note one to two exemplary cases of enforcement. If referencing new sources (i.e. not referenced in Question 3), provide a web-archived link to the source material.

39. Are there monitoring systems in place to oversee the implementation and/or enforcement of the policy tool?
∘ No
40. Describe the monitoring systems in place. Please reference the relevant section/subsection/paragraph of the policy tool where monitoring systems are set.
Based on Article 4, the Minister conducts monitoring and evaluation of the implementation of the
National Mid-Term Development Plan.
41. Does the policy tool recommend or require periodic impact assessments?
No     No
○ Recommended
○ Required
43. Does the policy tool recommend or require periodic reviews?
No     No
○ Recommended
○ Required
45. Does the policy tool include mechanisms for enhancing policy or regulatory coordination with subnational governments (e.g. vertical coordination mechanisms such as appointing coordinating agencies, forming working groups, etc.)?
○ No

46. Describe the mechanisms for enhancing regulatory coordination with subnational governments. Reference the relevant section/subsection/paragraph of the policy tool where mechanisms for coordination with subnational governments are set.
In several articles of this law, one of which is Article 3, the ministry coordinates with local governments for the success implementation of the plan. Additionally, in drafting the Strategic Plan of
the Ministry/Agency, coordination is also conducted with the Ministry/Agency to further consult and coordinate with the minister.
47. Are there any government initiatives to enhance the capacity of targeted entities to implement or comply with the policy tool (e.g. industry working groups, outreach campaigns, education and training, etc.)?
No  No
o Yes
Domain-Specific Questions: Transition Planning Questions
Disclosure of Plans and Targets
132. Are targeted entities recommended or required to publicly disclose climate-related targets or transition plans?
No
○ Recommended
o Required
Targets

135. Does the policy tool recommend or require targeted entities to have or develop climate-related targets?
No     No
o Recommended
o Required
Transition Plans
164. Does the policy tool recommend or require targeted entities to have or develop a transition plan?
No
o Recommended
o Required
Monitoring, Oversight, and Implementation

176. Does the policy tool recommend or require entities undertake any of the following with regard to	:0
monitoring, oversight, and implementation? Select all that apply.	

	Recommended	Required	No	
Monitor progress in		☑		
implementing their				
transition plan				
Develop financial			☑	
plans for the				
implementation of				
their transition plan				
Integrate climate-			☑	
related matters into				
their financial				
accounting				
Incorporate climate			☑	
change considerations				
into their investment				
decision making				
and/or asset planning				
Incorporate climate			☑	
change considerations				
into their capital				
allocation and/or				
expenditure plans				
Any other mechanisms			<b>I</b>	
for enhancing the				
achievement of				
targets and/or the	ļ			
implementation of				
transition plans				
177. Describe the obligation to monitor progress in implementing transition plans, referencing the relevant section/subsection/paragraph of the policy tool.				
reievurit section/subsection	ni, paragraph or the policy	tool.		
The minister conducts mo	onitoring and evaluation o	f the implementation of th	<u>e National Medium-T</u> erm	
Development Plan, Monito	oring is carried out periodi	ically, and evaluation is co	onducted at mid-term	
•	e Plan implementation (Ar	•		
and in the initial year of the		ticie ij		
Engagement, Lobbying, and Governance				

184. Does the policy tool recommend or require targeted entities align any of the follow	ving
engagement and/or governance practices with their targets and/or transition plans?	

	Recommended	Required	No	
Value chain			V	
engagement				
Investor engagement			☑	
Consumer			✓	
engagement				
Policy engagement			☑	
and lobbying practices				
Corporate governance			☑	
structure for transition				
and verification				
Climate-related			<b>I</b>	
financial incentives for				
employees and board				
members				
185. Does the policy tool recommend or require targeted entities to disclose how they have used due diligence and/or stewardship to achieve their targets and/or implement their transition plans?				
No				
o Recommended				
o Required				
Standards, Frameworks, and Guidelines				

194. Does the policy tool require the use of or make reference to any of the following standards, frameworks, or guidelines? Select all that apply.

	Required	Referenced	Neither required nor referenced
IFRS S1			referenced
IFRS S2			<b>☑</b>
Task Force on Climate-related Financial Disclosures (TCFD)			
CDP (formerly known as Climate Disclosure Project) Technical Note: Reporting on Climate Transition Plans			
International Integrated Reporting Framework			abla
Global Reporting Initiative (GRI)			☑
Sustainability Accounting Standards Board (SASB)			
Science Based Targets initiative (SBTi)			V
Science Based Targets initiative (SBTi) Net Zero Standard			V
European Sustainability Reporting Standards (ESRS)			
Other			<b>V</b>
Additional Important Information			

197. Note any additional important information about the contribution of the policy tool to net zero alignment not captured in the above questions. If referencing new sources (i.e. not referenced in Question 3), provide a web-archived link to the source material.

Policy Tool Name: Ministry of Environment and Forestry ("MoEF") Decree No. 168/2020 on Indonesia's Forestry and Other Land Uses (FOLU) Net-Sink 2030 for Managing Climate Change

8. Source material link(s): https://web.archive.org/web/20240815112727/https://phl.menlhk.go.id/media/publikasi/1649382643 Rencana%200perasional%20FOLU%20Net%20Sink%202030.pdf
Which of the following governance domains does this policy tool relate to? Select all that apply.
Climate-related disclosure
1 Transition planning
Public procurement
5. Select the category which best describes the author/issuer of the policy tool.
] Head of state and/or government
Independent regulatory or supervisory body
] Legislature
Ministry/Department/Agency
Other (Please describe)
'. Status of the policy tool
Approved, in force
Approved, not yet in force
Other (Please describe)
Year of (planned) entry into force or year of publication
<u>.020</u>

10. Do	es the policy tool have an end date?
No	
o Yes	
o res	
12. Bri	efly describe the policy tool's goal and/or purpose:
	example: The policy tool requires publicly listed companies to comply with the mendations of the Task Force for Climate Related Financial Disclosure or to explain the
absend	ce of such disclosures.
mitiga: conditi	Net Sink 2030 as mandated under this regulation is a condition that is to be achieved through tion actions to reduce greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions from the forestry and land sectors with ons where the absorption rate is higher than the emission rate in 2030. This policy was born as
	of Indonesia's commitment in reducing GHG emissions and controlling climate change and its
<u>impact</u>	<u>S.                                    </u>
There	are at least 15 mitigation action activities for Indonesia's FOLU Net Sink 2030, namely:
1.	Reducing the rate of deforestation of mineral lands.
2.	Reducing the rate of deforestation of peatlands and mangroves.
3.	Reducing the rate of degradation of mineral land forests.
4.	Reducing the rate of degradation of peatland and mangrove forests.
5.	Development of plantation forests.
6.	Sustainable forest management.
7.	Rehabilitation with rotation.
8.	Non-rotational rehabilitation.
9.	Peat restoration and improvement of peat water management.
10.	Mangrove rehabilitation and afforestation in ex-mining areas.
11.	Conservation of biodiversity.
12.	Social forestry.
13.	Introduction to ecosystem replication, green open spaces, and riparian eco-systems.
14.	Development and consolidation of customary forests.
<u>15.</u>	Supervision and law enforcement in supporting the protection and security of forest areas

13. Name the authority(ies) responsible for overseeing implementation and/or enforcement. If not applicable, leave blank.

<ul> <li>1. Ministry of Environment and Forestry</li> </ul>
o 2.
∘ 3.
o 4.
o 5.
15. To provide contextual information, rate the capacity of Ministry of Environment and Forestry to undertake the policy tool's implementation and/or enforcement.
o O- No Capacity (Please explain)
o 1- Low Capacity (Please explain)
o 2- Medium Capacity (Please explain)
• 3- High Capacity (Please explain) This law shall act as a guideline and the further implementation is then effected by other regulations by the Ministry.
o Prefer not to answer
o Not Applicable

25. Which entities are targeted through this policy tool? Select all that apply.

Note: With regard to sectoral actors, in cases where mandatory and voluntary obligations are mixed (e.g., mandatory for one sector, voluntary for another), select "mandatory" as there will be further opportunity to clarify.

	Mandatory	Voluntary	Not targeted
1. Publicly-traded			<b>\rightarrow</b>
entities			
2. Private companies			<b>2</b>
3. Financial institutions			<b>I</b>
4. Small and medium-			
sized enterprises			
5. State-owned			✓
companies			
6. Not-for-profit			<b>Z</b>
organizations			
7. Government			<b>Z</b>
agencies and/or			
departments			
(supranational)			
8. Government			<b>2</b>
agencies and/or			
departments (national)			
9. Government			
agencies and/or			
departments (regional			
- e.g., state, province,			
region, metropolitan			
region)			_
10. Government			<b>2</b>
agencies and/or			
departments (local -			
e.g., county, district,			
municipality, city) 11. Government			[7]
agencies and/or			$\square$
departments			
(unspecified)			
12. Sectoral actors			<b>✓</b>
(e.g., healthcare,		<b> </b>	<u> </u>
defense, utilities,			
education)			
13. Other	<b>✓</b>		
	r <u>►</u> f Environment and Foresti		<u> </u>

departments (local -			
e.g., county, district,			
municipality, city)			
11. Government			
agencies and/or			
departments			
(unspecified)			
12. Sectoral actors			✓
(e.g., healthcare,			
defense, utilities,			
education)			
13. Other			
13. Other Text: Ministry of	f Environment and Forestr	<u>,</u>	

27. Describe the threshold criteria to identify entities for whom or instances in which compliance is mandatory. Minimum number of employees (Enter min number of full-time employees - FTEs) Minimum revenue (Enter minimum revenue) Minimum assets (Enter minimum assets) Minimum contract value (Enter minimum contract value) Entity is headquartered in the jurisdiction Entities are subjected to disclosure or reporting requirements 28. Can entities for whom compliance with the policy tool is mandatory opt out of the obligation (e.g. comply or explain)? No o Yes 30. Does the policy tool exclusively apply to entities' domestic operations, or does it also apply to entities' operations beyond the jurisdiction? Operations within jurisdiction only o Operations beyond the jurisdiction Not applicable 32. What are the sanctions for non-compliance? Select all that apply and describe in the text field. ☐ Monetary fine ☐ Restriction on business activities ☐ Voiding or setting aside of contract ☐ Exclusion from government contracts ☐ Award of damages or compensation ☐ Penalty for senior managers ☐ Criminal penalties

✓ Not specified

□ Not applicable (e.g. in cases of voluntary tools)
□ Other
33. Relative to other compliance activities required of entities in this jurisdiction, is the cost of compliance:
o Below average
○ Average
Above average
o Not applicable
• Unknown or prefer not to answer
35. To provide contextual information, give a general assessment of the extent to which regulated entities have made compliance a priority.
o Below average
○ Average
o Above average
o Not applicable
<ul><li>Unknown or prefer not to answer</li></ul>
37. Have the climate-specific provisions in this instrument ever been enforced?
o No (If relevant, explain)

38. Briefly note one to two exemplary cases of enforcement. If referencing new sources (i.e. not referenced in Question 3), provide a web-archived link to the source material.

39. Are there monitoring systems in place to oversee the implementation and/or enforcement of the policy tool?
No     No
o Yes
41. Does the policy tool recommend or require periodic impact assessments?
No     No
∘ Recommended
o Required
43. Does the policy tool recommend or require periodic reviews?
No
○ Recommended
o Required
45. Does the policy tool include mechanisms for enhancing policy or regulatory coordination with subnational governments (e.g. vertical coordination mechanisms such as appointing coordinating agencies, forming working groups, etc.)?
No     No
o Yes
47. Are there any government initiatives to enhance the capacity of targeted entities to implement or comply with the policy tool (e.g. industry working groups, outreach campaigns, education and training, etc.)?
No     No

∘ Yes			

Domain-Specific Questions: Transition Planning Questions
Disclosure of Plans and Targets
132. Are targeted entities recommended or required to publicly disclose climate-related targets or transition plans?
No     No
∘ Recommended
∘ Required
Targets
135. Does the policy tool recommend or require targeted entities to have or develop climate-related targets?
No     No
∘ Recommended
o Required
Transition Plans
164. Does the policy tool recommend or require targeted entities to have or develop a transition plan?
No
o Recommended
○ Required

Monitoring	g, Oversight, and Imp	lementation		

176. Does the policy tool recommend or require entities undertake any of the following with regard to monitoring, oversight, and implementation? Select all that apply.

	December	Di	NI-
	Recommended	Required	No
Monitor progress in			☑
implementing their			
transition plan			
Develop financial			<b>Z</b>
plans for the			
implementation of			
their transition plan			
Integrate climate-			☑
related matters into			
their financial			
accounting			
Incorporate climate			<b>Z</b>
change considerations			
into their investment			
decision making			
and/or asset planning			
Incorporate climate			<b>Z</b>
change considerations			
into their capital			
allocation and/or			
expenditure plans			
Any other mechanisms			☑
for enhancing the			
achievement of			
targets and/or the			
implementation of			
transition plans			

\_\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

Engagement, Lobbying, and Governance				
184. Does the policy tool engagement and/or gove	•	•	,	
	Recommended	Required	No	
Value chain engagement			V	
Investor engagement			V	
Consumer engagement			$\square$	
Policy engagement and lobbying practices			V	
Corporate governance structure for transition and verification			☑	
Climate-related financial incentives for employees and board members			☑	
185. Does the policy tool diligence and/or steward	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	=	lisclose how they have used due ent their transition plans?	
No				
o Recommended				
o Required				

Standards, Frameworks	, and Guidelines		
194. Does the policy tool frameworks, or guidelines	· ·	or make reference to any o pply.	f the following standards,
	Required	Referenced	Neither required nor referenced
IFRS S1			<b>☑</b>
IFRS S2			<b>Z</b>
Task Force on Climate-related Financial Disclosures (TCFD)			✓
CDP (formerly known as Climate Disclosure Project) Technical Note: Reporting on Climate Transition Plans			
International Integrated Reporting Framework			
Global Reporting Initiative (GRI)			V
Sustainability Accounting Standards Board (SASB)			☑
Science Based Targets initiative (SBTi)			V
Science Based Targets initiative (SBTi) Net Zero Standard			☑
European Sustainability Reporting Standards (ESRS)			☑
Other			
Additional Important Inf	ormation		<u> </u>

197. Note any additional important information about the contribution of the policy tool to net zero alignment not captured in the above questions. If referencing new sources (i.e. not referenced in Question 3), provide a web-archived link to the source material.

Policy Tool Name: Presidential Instruction No. 7 of 2022 on The Use of Battery Electric Vehicle as Operational Service Vehicles and/or Individual Service Vehicles for Central and Regional Government Agencies

3. Source material link(s): https://web.archive.org/web/20240815104411/https://peraturan.bpk.go.id/Download/219899/Inpres %20Nomor%207%20Tahun%202022.pdf
4. Which of the following governance domains does this policy tool relate to? Select all that apply.
☐ Climate-related disclosure
☐ Transition planning
☑ Public procurement
6. Select the category which best describes the author/issuer of the policy tool.
☑ Head of state and/or government
☐ Independent regulatory or supervisory body
□ Legislature
□ Judiciary
☐ Ministry/Department/Agency
☐ Other (Please describe)
7. Status of the policy tool
Approved, in force
o Approved, not yet in force
o Other (Please describe)
9. Year of (planned) entry into force or year of publication
<u>2022</u>

10. Does the policy tool have an end date?
No     No
∘ Yes
12. Briefly describe the policy tool's goal and/or purpose:
For example: The policy tool requires publicly listed companies to comply with the recommendations of the Task Force for Climate Related Financial Disclosure or to explain the absence of such disclosures.
The instruction is issued to accelerate the implementation of a presidentially mandated program to utilize battery electric vehicles (BEVs) as operational service vehicles and/or individual vehicles for central and regional government agencies. As electric vehicles can reduce carbon emissions, the President gave instructions for government officials to support this program and use electric vehicles for their activities in operational day-to-day services/activities.
This instruction aims to give orders to the targeted agencies to support the acceleration program of BEV use, by drafting and stipulating regulations and/or policies to support the acceleration program, prepare and set the budgets, and increase the use of BEVs as operational service vehicles and/or individual service vehicles. This instruction gives different orders to the targeted agencies according to the capabilities and authority of each Ministry. For example, the Coordinating Minister for Maritime Affairs and Investment is instructed to coordinate on this instruction and report to the President periodically, and is instructed to solve problems related to this presidential instruction.
13. Name the authority(ies) responsible for overseeing implementation and/or enforcement. If not applicable, leave blank.
o 2.
∘ 3.
o 4.
○ 5.
∪ <b>5.</b>

15. To provide contextual policy tool's implementati			of Indonesia to undertake the
o 0- No Capacity (Please	explain)		
o 1- Low Capacity (Pleas	e explain)		
o 2- Medium Capacity (Pl			
• 3- High Capacity (Plea	• •		
	ation of the prograr	mme to use battery electr	the necessary steps in order to ic vehicle in their respective
o Prefer not to answer			
<ul> <li>Not Applicable</li> </ul>			
<del>-</del>	sectoral actors, in c	cases where mandatory o	and voluntary obligations are nandatory" as there will be
	Mandatory	Voluntary	Not targeted
1. Publicly-traded entities			
2. Private companies			
3. Financial institutions			
4. Small and medium- sized enterprises			
5. State-owned companies			
6. Not-for-profit organizations			
7. Government			<b>☑</b>

**√** 

**√** 

agencies and/or departments (supranational) 8. Government

agencies and/or departments (national)

9. Government

agencies and/or

departments (regional - e.g., state, province, region, metropolitan region)		
10. Government agencies and/or departments (local - e.g., county, district, municipality, city)		
11. Government agencies and/or departments (unspecified)		
12. Sectoral actors (e.g., healthcare, defense, utilities, education)		
13. Other		

\_\_\_\_\_\_

mandatory. Minimum number of employees (Enter min number of full-time employees - FTEs) Minimum revenue (Enter minimum revenue) Minimum assets (Enter minimum assets) Minimum contract value (Enter minimum contract value) Entity is headquartered in the jurisdiction Entities are subjected to disclosure or reporting requirements 28. Can entities for whom compliance with the policy tool is mandatory opt out of the obligation (e.g. comply or explain)? No o Yes 30. Does the policy tool exclusively apply to entities' domestic operations, or does it also apply to entities' operations beyond the jurisdiction? Operations within jurisdiction only o Operations beyond the jurisdiction Not applicable 32. What are the sanctions for non-compliance? Select all that apply and describe in the text field. ☐ Monetary fine ☐ Restriction on business activities ☐ Voiding or setting aside of contract ☐ Exclusion from government contracts ☐ Award of damages or compensation ☐ Penalty for senior managers ☐ Criminal penalties

✓ Not specified

27. Describe the threshold criteria to identify entities for whom or instances in which compliance is

□ Not applicable (e.g. in cases of voluntary tools)
□ Other
33. Relative to other compliance activities required of entities in this jurisdiction, is the cost of compliance:
o Below average
o Average
Above average
o Not applicable
<ul><li>Unknown or prefer not to answer</li></ul>
35. To provide contextual information, give a general assessment of the extent to which regulated entities have made compliance a priority.
o Below average
o Average
Above average
o Not applicable
● Unknown or prefer not to answer
37. Have the climate-specific provisions in this instrument ever been enforced?
No (If relevant, explain)
○ Yes
39. Are there monitoring systems in place to oversee the implementation and/or enforcement of the policy tool?
o No

40. Describe the monitoring systems in place. Please reference the relevant section/subsection/paragraph of the policy tool where monitoring systems are set.
As a mandate from the President, all government entities must comply.
41. Does the policy tool recommend or require periodic impact assessments?
No
o Recommended
o Required
43. Does the policy tool recommend or require periodic reviews?
No     No
∘ Recommended
∘ Required
45. Does the policy tool include mechanisms for enhancing policy or regulatory coordination with subnational governments (e.g. vertical coordination mechanisms such as appointing coordinating agencies, forming working groups, etc.)?
∘ No
Yes

46. Describe the mechanisms for enhancing regulatory coordination with subnational governments. Reference the relevant section/subsection/paragraph of the policy tool where mechanisms for coordination with subnational governments are set.

As a mandate from the President, all government entities must comply.

47. Are there any government initiatives to enhance the capacity of targeted entities to implement or comply with the policy tool (e.g. industry working groups, outreach campaigns, education and training, etc.)?
No     No
o Yes
Additional Important Information
Additional important information
197. Note any additional important information about the contribution of the policy tool to net zero alignment not captured in the above questions. If referencing new sources (i.e. not referenced in Question 3), provide a web-archived link to the source material.
<u>None</u>
<u>None</u>
Domain-Specific Questions: Public Procurement Questions
200. Does the policy tool allow, recommend, or require the alignment of public procurement spending
with national and/or subnational climate targets?
∘ No
Allowed and/or recommended
<ul><li>Required</li></ul>

201. Describe the obligation to align public procurement spending with national and/or subnational climate targets, referencing the relevant section/subsection/paragraph of the policy tool.

All mentioned ministries in this regulation shall contribute to achieving this goal, as mentioned per article the responsibilities of each ministry.

202. Does the police	cv tool set tar	aets in relation t	o climate-alianed	procurement?	Select all tha	t apply	٠.

	Allowed/recommended	Required	Not applicable
A minimum percentage of tenders/contracts which must include climate-related criteria			☑
A minimum number of climate-related criteria to be ncluded in ourchases/tenders			☑
A minimum value of procurement spend which must include climate-related criteria			☑
A maximum amount of greenhouse gas emissions associated with tenders/contracts (i.e. a carbon ceiling/envelope)			
Targets for the reduction of fossil fuel energy consumption associated with tenders/contracts			⊠
Targets for the procurement of products which have a third-party sustainability certification/ ecolabel/voluntary sustainability standard		☑	
Other (Please describe and reference the section/subsection/paragraph of the policy tool relevant to other climate-aligned procurement targets)			

procurement targets)	i	
Other Text:		

Procurement Cycle				
204 5 11 11 1 1	1			
			et requirements related to	
climate change mitigation	n at the procurement	planning stage? Select	all that apply.	
	Allowed/	Required	Not applicable	
	recommended	,		
Procuring entities			☑	
consider climate				
change mitigation				
and/or GHG emissions				
reductions goals when				
defining their				
procurement needs				
Procuring entities have				
a strategy, plan, or				
policy regarding the				
alignment of				
procurement practices				
with climate objectives				
Procuring entities set				
aside a portion of their				
procurement budgets				
for climate-aligned				
procurement				
Procuring entities			✓	
include emissions from				
procurement in their				
carbon budget				
Procuring entities			✓	
follow guidance on				
calculating				
procurement-related emissions				
Procuring entities				
inform and/or consult				
with market actors in				
advance of publishing				
the formal call for				
and formal call for				

tenders, in relation to climate considerations (i.e. pre-procurement

consultation, engagement, or dialogue)

Other allowances,

recommendations or requirements related

**√** 

to climate change				
mitigation or GHG emissions at the				
procurement planning				
stage				
210. What is the applicable required to set aside for c		-	owed, recommended, or	
Please note if percent	ages vary according to se	ector and/or activity.		
○ 1-10%				
○ 11-20%				
○ 21-30%				
○ 31-40%				
o 41-50%				
o 50% or more				
o Other				
<ul><li>Not specified</li></ul>				
Life-cycle or Whole-life C	Costing			
217. Does the policy tool i	recommend or require the	use of life-cycle costing c	or whole-life costing to	
capture climate-related impacts (e.g. energy or fuel consumption, monetized emissions or other environmental costs, end-of-life costs, etc.)?				
No				
o Allow and/or recommen	nd			
o Require				

Tendering or Solicitation Stage

222. Does the policy tool make allowances, recommendations or set requirements at the tendering or solicitation stage? Select all that apply.

	Allowed/recommended	Required	Not applicable
Exclusion or debarment grounds based on compliance with climate obligations			☑
Qualification or selection criteria related to climate change			☑
Including climate or environmental considerations when calculating value for money, including through the use of life- cycle or whole-life costing			
Technical specifications (e.g. setting minimum levels of energy efficiency or maximum product carbon emissions)			
Contract award criteria or value for money evaluation frameworks (e.g. minimum scores/performance levels under climate- related criteria, preferences for climate or sustainable products)			
Other procurement stage allowances, recommendations or requirements			☑
Technical specifications			

243. To which of the following do the technical specifications relate? Select all that apply.
☐ Energy efficiency
□ Product carbon emissions
□ Carbon disclosure or reporting requirements
☐ An absolute or intensity-based emissions cap
☐ Percentage of energy from renewable sources
☐ Percentage of recycled materials (e.g. paper, concrete)
☑ Use of low or zero-carbon energy/fuel technology (e.g. electric vehicles, heat pumps, solar panels)
□ Production methods (e.g. organic food or textiles, cold-mix asphalt, deforestation-free products)
□ End-of-life requirements (e.g. reuse, recycling, anaerobic digestion)
□ Availability of life-cycle assessment (LCA) data
☐ Third-party certification/ecolabels
□ Supply chain considerations
□ Other (Please describe)
Contract Performance
249. Does the policy tool make allowances, recommendations or set requirements at the contract performance stage (e.g. contract clauses, key performance indicators or conditions which must be included to monitor and report on emissions or other metrics)?
No
Allowed and/or recommended
o Required
o Required

252. Does the policy tool include allowances, recommendations or requirements to monitor and/or report upon climate-aligned procurement?
∘ No
Allowed and/or recommended
Required
253. Does the policy tool specify the entity responsible for monitoring and reporting?
∘ No
• Yes (Describe and reference the relevant section/subsection/paragraph of the policy tool) <u>All</u> government entities must report on their procurements for these Electric Vehicles and must demonstrate these actions.
254. Are targeted entities recommended or required to monitor and/or report any of the following data? Select all that apply.
☑ Adoption of a climate-aligned and/or environmentally sustainable procurement plan or policy
$\hfill \square$ Staff training related to climate-aligned and/or environmentally sustainable procurement
☐ Number of tenders/contracts which include climate-related criteria
☐ Value of tenders/contracts which include climate-related criteria
☐ Content of climate-related criteria
☐ Level of ambition of climate-related criteria
☐ Reasons for not including climate-related criteria in tenders
☐ Market response to climate-related criteria (e.g. number of tenders rejected, average or lowest/highest score awarded, feedback received)
□ Outcome of tenders in which climate-related criteria are applied (e.g. impact on award decision, costs, or other factors)
☐ Audits of contractors' compliance with climate-related criteria during contract performance
☐ Climate impact or outcomes of tenders/contracts
□ Other

258. Is it allowed, recommended or required that monitoring and reporting data be published?
No     No
o Allowed and/or recommended
∘ Required
Standards, Frameworks, and Guidelines

262. Does the policy tool require the use of or make reference to any of the following standards, frameworks, or guidelines? Select all that apply.

	Required	Referenced	Neither required nor referenced
1. Paris Agreement	<b>V</b>		
2. The jurisdiction's Nationally Determined Contribution (NDC)	Ø		
3. IFRS S1			V
4. IFRS S2			<b>☑</b>
5. Task Force on Climate- related Financial Disclosures (TCFD)			☑
6. GHG Protocol Corporate Accounting and Reporting Standard			V
7. GHG Protocol Corporate Value Chain (Scope 3) Accounting and Reporting Standard			<b>V</b>
8. CDP (formerly known as Climate Disclosure Project) reporting framework			
9. Science Based Targets initiative (SBTi)			☑
10. Science Based Targets initiative (SBTi) Net Zero Standard			
11. United Nations Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs)			
12. ISO 20400 Sustainable Procurement			V
13. EU Green Public Procurement criteria and guidance			
14. UNEP Sustainable Public Procurement Implementation Guidelines			
15. OECD MAPS - Supplementary Module on Sustainable Public Procurement			<b>V</b>
16. Asian Development Bank Guidelines for Sustainable Procurement			
17. African Development Bank Sustainable Public Procurement Guidance Note			✓

18. Inter-American			abla
Development Bank Green			
Procurement Guidelines			
19. EDBR Project			<b>☑</b>
Requirements/Environmental			
and Social Action Plan			
20. World Bank			<b>V</b>
Environmental and Social			
Framework			
21. Other			<b>✓</b>
Additional Important Information			

265. Note any additional important information about the contribution of the policy tool to net zero alignment not captured in the above questions. If referencing new sources (i.e. not referenced in Question 3), provide a web-archived link to the source material.